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2/9/1 DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT Fulltext (c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv. 00576968 METHODS AND COMPOUNDS FOR INHIBITING β -AMYLOID PEPTIDE RELEASE AND/OR METHODES ET COMPOSES DESTINES A INHIBER LA LIBERATION ET/OU LA SYNTHESE DU ITS SYNTHESIS PEPTIDE β -AMYLOIDE Patent Applicant/Assignee: ATHENA NEUROSCIENCES INC, ATHENA NEUROSCIENCES, INC., 800 Gateway Boulevard, South San Francisco, CA 94080 , US ELI LILLY & COMPANY, ELI LILLY & COMPANY, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN 46285 , US Inventor(s): AUDIA James E, AUDIA, James, E., 6449 Lakeside Woods Circle, Indianapolis, IN 46278 , US BRITTON Thomas C, BRITTON, Thomas, C., 4700 Royal Oak Lane, Carmel, IN DROSTE James J, DROSTE, James, J., 7430 Wood Stream Drive, Indianapolis, 46033 , US IN 46254 , US FOLMER Beverly K, FOLMER, Beverly, K., 26 Currant Drive, Newark, DE 19702 , US HUFFMAN George W, HUFFMAN, George, W. , 12 Maple Crest Drive, Carmel, IN 46032 , US JOHN Varghese, JOHN, Varghese, 1722 18th Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94122 LATIMER Lee H, LATIMER, Lee, H., 56 Sheridan Road, Oakland, CA 94618, , US MABRY Thomas E, MABRY, Thomas, E., 8104 Hi-Vu Drive, Indianapolis, IN 46227 , US NISSEN Jeffrey S, NISSEN, Jeffrey, S., 4348 Oil Creek Drive, Indianapolis, IN 46268 , US PORTER Warren J, PORTER, Warren, J., 8037 Lieber Road, Indianapolis, IN 46260 , US REEL Jon K, REEL, Jon, K. , 14701 Alsong Court, Carmel, IN 46032 , US THORSETT Eugene D, THORSETT, Eugene, D. , 571 Buena Vista Street, Moss Beach, CA 94038 , US TUNG Jay S, TUNG, Jay, S., 2224 Semeria Avenue, Belmont, CA 94002, US WU Jing, WU, Jing , Apartment 502, 10 De Sabla Road, San Mateo, CA 94402 EID Clark Norman, EID, Clark, Norman, 53 Dundee Drive, Cheshire, CT 06410 , US SCOTT William Leonard, SCOTT, William, Leonard, 144 Buckingham Drive, Indianapolis, IN 46208 , US Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date): WO 9822494 A2 19980528 Patent: WO 97US20804 19971121 (PCT/WO US9720804) Application: Priority Application: US 96755442 19961122; US 97808528 19970228; US 97807528 19970228; US 97807427 19970228 Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN Main International Patent Class: C07K-005/00; International Patent Class: C07K-005/06; C07K-237/22; Publication Language: English

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English Abstract

Disclosed are compounds which inhibit β -amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis, and, accordingly, have utility in treating Alzheimer's disease. Also disclosed pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound which inhibits β -amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis as well as methods for treating Alzheimer's disease both prophylactically and therapeutically with such pharmaceutical compositions.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne des composes qui servent a inhiber la liberation et/ou la synthese du peptide β -amyloide et qui peuvent, de ce fait, etre utilises dans le traitement de la maladie d'Alzheimer. L'invention concerne egalement des compositions pharmaceutiques qui comprennent un compose inhibant la liberation et/ou la synthese du peptide β -amyloide, ainsi que des methodes de traitement preventif ou therapeutique de la maladie d'Alzheimer dans lesquelles on utilise lesdites compositions pharmaceutiques.

Detailed Description

METHODS AND COMPOUNDS FOR INHIBITING P-AMYLOID PEPTIDE RELEASE AND/OR ITS SYNTHESIS CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS This application claims the benefit of the following U.S. Provisional Applications:

1. U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/-,-, which was converted pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)(2)(ii) from U.S. Patent Application No. 08/755,442, filed November 22, 1996; 2. U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/-,-, which was converted pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)(2)(ii) from U.S. Patent Application No. 08/808,528, filed February 28, 1997; 3. U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/-,-, which was converted pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)(2)(ii) from U.S. Patent Application No. 08/807,528, filed February 28, 1997; and 4. U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/-,-, which was converted pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b)(2)(ii) from U.S. Patent Application No. 08/807,427, filed February 28, 1997.

Each of these applications are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to methods which inhibit cellular P-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis, and, accordingly, have utility in treating Alzheimer's disease. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising such compounds as well as methods for inhibiting release of 0-amyloid peptide.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to methods which inhibit cellular 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis, and, accordingly, have utility in treating Alzheimer's disease. This invention also relates to pharmaceutical compositions comprising such compounds as well as methods for inhibiting release of 0-amyloid peptide.

References

The following publications, patents and patent applications are cited in this application as superscript numbers:

Glenner, et al., "Alzheimer's Disease: Initial Report of the Purification and Characterization of a Novel Cerebrovascular Amyloid Protein",

- Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., 120:885 890(1984).
- Glenner, et al., "Polypeptide Marker for Alzheimer's Disease and its Use for Diagnosis", U.S. Patent No. 4,666,829 issued May 19, 1987.
- 3 Selkoe, "The Molecular Pathology of Alzheimer's Disease", Neuron, 6:487-498 (1991).
- 4 Goate, et al., "Segregation of a Missense Mutation in the Amyloid Precursor Protein Gene with Familial Alzheimer's Disease", Nature, 349:704-706 (1990).
- Chartier-Harlan, et al., "Early-Onset Alzheimer's Disease Caused by Mutations at Codon 717 of the O-Amyloid Precursor Proteing Gene", Nature, 353:844-846 (1989).
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- 7 Mullan, et al., "A Pathogenic Mutation for Probable Alzheimer's Disease in the APP Gene at the N-Terminus of O-Amyloid, Nature Genet., 1:345-347 (1992).
- Schenk, et al., "Methods and Compositions for the Detection of Soluble O-Amyloid Peptide", International Patent Application Publication No. WO 94110569, published 11 May 1994.
- 9 Selkoe, "Amyloid Protein and Alzheimer's Disease", Scientific American, pp. 2-8, November, 1991.
- Losse, et al., Tetrahedron, 27:1423-1434 (1971).
- Citron, et al., "Mutation of the O-Amyloid Precursor Protein in Familial Alzheimer's Disease Increases O-Protein Production, Nature, 360:672-674 (1992).
- 12 Hansen, et al., "Reexamination and Further Development of a Precise and Rapid Dye Method for Measuring Cell Growth/Cell Kill", J. Immun. Meth., 119:203-210 (1989).
- 13 P. Seubert, Nature (1992) 359:325~327 14 Johnson-Wood et al., PNAS USA (1997) 94:1550-1555 Tetrahedron Letters, 34(48), 7685 (1993))
- All of the above publications, patents and patent applications are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference in its entirety.

State of the Art

Alzheimer's Disease (AD) is a degenerative brain disorder characterized clinically by progressive loss of memory, cognition, reasoning, judgment and emotional stability that gradually leads to profound mental deterioration and ultimately death. AD is a very common cause of progressive mental failure (dementia) in aged humans and is believed to represent the fourth most common medical cause of death in the United States. AD has been observed in races and ethnic groups worldwide and presents a major present and future public health problem. * The disease is currently estimated to affect about two to three million individuals in the United States alone. AD is at present incurable. No treatment that effectively prevents AD or reverses its symptoms and course is currently known.

The brains of individuals with AD exhibit characteristic lesions termed

senile (or amyloid) plaques, amyloid angiopathy (amyloid deposits in blood vessels) and neurofibrillary tangles. Large numbers of these lesions, particularly amyloid plaques and neurofibrillary tangles, are generally found in several areas of the human brain important for memory and cognitive function in patients with AD. Smaller numbers of these lesions in a more restrictive anatomical distribution are also found in the brains of most aged humans who do not have clinical AD. Amyloid plaques and amyloid angiopathy also characterize the brains of individuals with Trisomy 21 (Down's Syndrome) and Hereditary Cerebral Hemorrhage with Arnyloidosis of the Dutch Type (HCHWA-D). At present, a definitive diagnosis of AD usually requires observing the aforementioned lesions in the brain tissue of patients who have died with the disease or, rarely, in small biopsied samples of brain tissue taken during an invasive neurosurgical procedure.

The principal chemical constituent of the amyloid plaques and vascular amyloid deposits (amyloid angiopathy) characteristic of AD and the other disorders mentioned above is an approximately 4.2 kilodalton (kD) protein of about 39-43 amino acids designated the 0-amyloid peptide (OAP) or sometimes AO, AOP or O/A4. O-Amyloid peptide was first purified and a partial amino acid sequence was provided by Glenner, et a].' The isolation procedure and the sequence data for the first 28 amino acids are described in U.S. Patent No. 4,666,8292.

Molecular biological and protein chemical analyses have shown that the 0-amyloid peptide is a small fragment of a much larger precursor protein (APP), that is normally produced by cells in many tissues of various animals,

-- 5 - including humans. Knowledge of the structure of the gene encoding the APP has demonstrated that 0-amyloid peptide arises as a peptide fragment that is cleaved from APP by protease enzyme(s). The precise biochemical mechanism by which the 0-amyloid peptide fragment is cleaved from APP and subsequently deposited as amyloid plaques in the cerebral tissue and in the walls of the cerebral and meningeal blood vessels is currently unknown.

Several lines of evidence indicate that progressive cerebral deposition of 0-amyloid peptide plays a seminal role in the pathogenesis of AD and can precede cognitive symptoms by years or decades. See, for example, Selkoe.

The most important line of evidence is the discovery that missense DNA mutations at amino acid 717 of the 770-amino acid isoform of APP can be found in affected members but not unaffected members of several families with a genetically determined (familial) form of AD (Goate, et al.'; Chartier Harlan, et al.'; and Murrell, et al.') and is referred to as the Swedish variant. A double mutation changing lysine 591-methionine596 to asparagine591-leucine'96 (with reference to the 695 isoform) found in a Swedish family was reported in 1992 (Mullan, et al.). Genetic linkage analyses have demonstrated that these mutations, as well as certain other mutations in the APP gene, are the specific molecular cause of AD in the affected members of such families. In addition, a mutation at amino acid 693 of the 770-amino acid isoform of APP has been identified as the cause of the 0-amyloid peptide deposition disease, HCHWA-D, and a change from alanine to glycine at amino acid 692 appears to cause phenotype that resembles AD is some patients but HCHWA-D in others. The discovery of these and other mutations in APP in genetically based cases of AD prove that alteration of APP and subsequent deposition of its 0-amyloid peptide fragment can cause AD.

Despite the progress which has been made in understanding the underlying mechanisms of AD and other 0-amyloid peptide related diseases, there remains a need to develop methods and compositions for treatment of the disease(s). Ideally, the treatment methods would advantageously be based

on drugs which are capable of inhibiting 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis in vivo.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention is directed to the discovery of a class of compounds which inhibit 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis and, therefore, are useful in the prevention of AD in patients susceptable to AD and/or in the treatment of patients with AD in order to inhibit further deterioration in their condition. The class of compounds having the described properties are defined by formula I below:

xv X11 0 R4 R5 RIZ N ~~ I ~/-y J--~ I n X

0 R2 R3 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R' together with R' can be fused to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl group; each R 4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted alkynyl; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R 4 forms a cycloalkyl group of from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(0)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl, (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not include ci-haloalkyl, a-diazoalkyl, a OC(0)alkyl, or a-OC(0)aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing I to 2 additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -NHSO2-R' where R' is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, (k) -NR9NR"R" where R' is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R" is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR'[C(0)0], R" where z is zero or one, R9 and Wo are as defined above; X can also be -CRWY' where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(0)R7, -SSR 7, -SSC(0)R7 where R7 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro; X" is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and X" together form an oxo group, Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to 1 or 2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that: A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R' is hydrogen, X'

and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OH or -C(O)OCH3; C. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, W is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R 3 is not methyl; D. when R' is iso-propyl, R' is -CH2C(O)MH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -C(O)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R' the nitrogen atom attached to R 3, and R 4 do not form 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl; F. when R' is phenyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then W is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is

-CH(OH)CH3, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not $-C(O)\,NH2$ or -CH2OH; H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH2OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then \overline{W} is not benzyl or ethyl; 1. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is methyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOH4); J. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phertylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO or -CH2OH; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinonyl), R2 'S methyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 'S benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl derived from D-alanine, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(0) NH benzyl; M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH20H; N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is 4-phenylphenyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHC(CH3)3; and 0. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, W is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHCH(CH3)0.

-- 10- Preferably, the compounds of this invention are derived from L-amino acids and, accordingly, are represented by formula IA: X1 X11 0 R4 R5 V, RIZ N n X IA 0 z I R2 R3

Accordingly, in one of its method aspects, this invention is directed to method for inhibiting 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis in a cell which method comprises administering to such a cell an amount of a compound or a mixture of compounds of formula I above effective in inhibiting the cellular release and/or synthesis of 0-amyloid peptide.

Because the in vii,o generation of 0-amyloid peptide is associated with the pathogenesis of AD", the compounds of formula I can also be employed in conjunction with a pharmaceutical composition to prophylactically and/or therapeutically prevent and/or treat AD. Accordingly, in another of its method aspects, this Invention is directed to a prophylactic method for preventing the onset of AD in a patient at risk for developing AD which method comprises adn'llnistcring to said patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically inert carrier and an effective arnount of a compound or mixture of compounds of formula I above.

In yet another of its method aspects, this invention is directed to a therapeutic method for treating a patient with AD in order to inhibit further deterioration in the condition of that patient which method comprises

-- 11 - administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically inert carrier and an effective amount of a compound or mixture of compounds of formula I above.

Compounds suitable for use in the claimed methods include, by way of example only, the following:

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate methy ester

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-histidine methyl ester N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2 aminohexanamide

 $\label{eq:N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide $N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2 aminohexanamide $N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L $N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(4-pyridyl)me$

phenylalaninamide N-(3-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L phenylalaninamide

 $\label{eq:n-decomposition} $$N-(4-pyridyl) = N'-[N-(3,5-diffuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2$$ aminohexanamide $$N-[N-(3,5-diffuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate tert butyl ester $N-[N-(pent-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $$N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $$N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $$N-(dec-4-enoyll)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester $$N-(dec-4-enoyll)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-$

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[3-(N,N dimethylamino)propoxylphenylalanine methyl ester

-- 12- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[(tert butyloxycarbonyl)methoxylphenylalanine methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4 (carboxymethoxy)phenylalanine methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2 morpholinoethoxy)phenylalanine methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-6-(N,N dimethylamino)hexanoate methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2 pyridyl)propionate methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(3 pyridyl)propionate methyl ester

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester 1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate methyl ester

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N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methoxyethyl)-N'-(3-methox
morpholinoethoxy)phenylalaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-methoxypropionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionamide
-- 13 - N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4)
y1)propionate methyl ester 2-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-
1,2,3,4 tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate methyl ester
N-(3-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(1)
 naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
 naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2
 thienyl)propionate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine benzyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine 3-bromo
 propyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
 3 iodopropyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine
 tert-butyl ester
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
 pyridyl)acetamide N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-
 alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3 pyridyl)acetamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(teti-butoxycarbonyl)-L
  lysine methyl ester
 methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-4
  phenylbutanoate N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine
  2-phenylethyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine
  3-phenylpropyl ester
  -- 14- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4
  pyridyl)acetamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl
  ester
  N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
  N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
  N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl)-L-valinamide
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate
  ethyl ester N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
  N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
  N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
  N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
  N-methyl-N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
   N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
   N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
   aminohexanamide
   N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3, 5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
   aminohexanamide
   N'-[N-(3,5-diffuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
   methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester 45
-<del>-</del> 15 -
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester
N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohex-l-enylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-l-aminocyclopropane-l
carboxylate methyl ester N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5
 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
 N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine benzyl ester
 N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine ethyl ester
 N-hydroxy-N'-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-threoninamide
 N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3-(3
 hydroxyphenyl)propionate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine ethyl ester
 N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
 N-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl
  ester N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylalaninyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester 45
  -- 16- 1-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-indoline-(S)-2-carboxylate
  ethyl ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
  N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanina midelyl-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanina midelyl-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanina midelyl-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenyll-n'-[N-(isovaleryl)-[N-(isovaleryl)-[N-(isovaleryl)-[N-(isovalery
  N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
  N, N-di-n-propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
  alaninamide N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
  N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
  \verb"N'-[N-(N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide"]
  alaninamide
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
  N' \sim [N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
  N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alaninamide
   N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
   phenylalaninamide
   N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
   alaninamide
   N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninyll-L
   alaninamide
   N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
   phenylalaninamide
   N-benzyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
    alaninamide
  -N-(3,5-difluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
    N-(3-nitrobenzy1)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L 45
    alaninamide
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N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5\sim difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophan methyl ester
N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninyl]-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-(2-phenylethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll~L-tryptophanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3
cyclohexylpropionate methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
 amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-serine ethyl ester
N-[(R)-a-methylbenzyll-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
 alaninamide
 N-[(S)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 alaninamide
 N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 alaninamide 45
 N-(4-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 alaninamide
 N-(4-\text{trifluoromethylbenzyl})-N'-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-L-alaninyll
 -- 18 -
 L-alaninamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate
 ethyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
 tert-butyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-L-\text{alaninyll-}2-\text{amino-}2-\text{methylpropionate}]
 methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate
 ethyl ester
 N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 phenylglycinamide N-[N-(isovaleryl)-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetyll-L-alanine
 ethyl ester
 N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
 alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide N-(2-pyridyl methyl) -N'- [N- (3,5
  -difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] -L phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
  N-[N-(2-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
  N-[N-(4-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4
  fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
  fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3
phthalimidopropionate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine neopentyl 45
ester
-- lq- N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinyl]morpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
 ester 4-[N-(N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-tert
 butoxybutyryl] morpholine
 4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucinyllmorpholine
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
 N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucine
 N-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-threoninyl]-L-valine ethyl
 ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
 ester 	ext{N-}(	ext{N-}(3-	ext{nitrophenylacetyl})-	ext{L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester}
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
 N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 alaninamide
 N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
  alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
 N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide\\
  45 N-neopentyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
 N-\text{tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[}N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
  alaninamide
  N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L\\
  alaninamide
  3-[N-(N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyllthiazolidine
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
  ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
  ester N-(R)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
  alaninamide
  1-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyl]pyrrolidine
  N-(S)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
  alaninamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl
  ester N-2-fluoroethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
   alaninamide
  N-[(S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2-yi]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
   alaninamide
  N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
   aminobutyramide
   N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
   aminopentanamide
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3)
   fluorophenyl) acetate methyl ester
   N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
   thienyl)acetamide
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) \sim L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(5)
   chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester 45
    N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen 2)
    yl)acetate ethyl ester
    --21 -
    N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3,2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-(benzothiophen-2-
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vl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzothiophen-5-benzo
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienyl) acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienyl)acetate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienyl)acetic acid
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(1H-tetrazol-5)
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(6-methoxy-2)
naphthyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
 trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7)]
tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3])
 blthiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol)
 4-y1)acetate methyl ester
 (3S, 4S) - N - [N - (3, 5 - difluorophenylacetyl) - L - alaninyll - 4 - amino - 3 - hydroxy
 5-phenylpentanoate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate
 methyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
 tert-butyl ester 45
 N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino 2
  (4-phenylphenyl)acetamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycine
  tert-Butyl Ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine ten-butyl
 ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycine
 methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine
  methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
  ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
  ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
  methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)glycinyll-L-phenylglycine
  methyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
  ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alanine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl
  ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-glycine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl ester
  N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl ester 45
  N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine
   --23 - N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-N-methylalanine methyl ester
   N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
   N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
   N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
   phenylglycinamide
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-hydroxyproline ethyl
   ester N- [N-(3,5 -di fluorophenylacetyl) -L-alaninyll -L-ly sine methyl
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ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-glutamide
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester
N-[(S)-3-hydroxy-6-methylhept-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenyleth-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-a-fluoroacetyl)-L-alaniny]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[(1R,2S)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]
L-alaninamide N-[(lR,2S)-l-hydroxy-1,2-diphenyleth-2-yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(ls, 2R)-l-hydroxy-l-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3, 5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide
N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] glycinamide
N-[(S)-a-hydroxy-a-phenyl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L 45
alaninamide N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-
1,2-diphenylethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide N-[(S)-
1-hydroxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[u-hydroxy-a'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-iso-propyll-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[a-hydroxy-a'-pyrid-2-yl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[u-hydroxy-ct'-pyrid-4-yl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[(S)- I
-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[oe-methoxy-prop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide N-[oe-methoxy-prop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]
1-hydroxy-3-methyl-but-2-yll-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2
 yl)acetate methyl ester N-[ 1
 -hydroxy-prop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)~L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-methoxy-1-phenyleth-1-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
 alaninamide
 N-[(S)-l-methoxy-2-phenyl-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
 alaninamide
 N-[(S)-l-acetoxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
 N-[(S)-1-(tert-butylcarbonyloxy)-hex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
 L-alaninamide N-[2-hydroxy- 1
 -(thien-2-yl)ethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide 45
 N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-l-phenylprop-1-yl]-N'-(3,5)
 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(thien-2-yl)glycinyl]-L-phenylalanine
 tert-butyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycinol
 \hbox{N-[N-(cyclopropaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinoI}
 N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinoI
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-phenylglycinyll-D,L phenylglycinamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-valinyll-D,L-phenylglycinamide
 N-[N-(2-thienylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
 N-[N-(n-caprotyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
 N-(N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norleucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
 ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norvalinyl]-L-phenylglycine
 methyl ester
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ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-cyclohexylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-(S)-2-\text{amino-}2-(\text{thien-}3-\text{yl})\,\text{acetyll-L}
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester 45
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine tert
butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycine ten-butyl
ester
N-[N-(tert-butylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-ten-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4)
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(thien-2
yl)qlycinamide
N-\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2)}\\
yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(thien-3
yl)glycinamide
N-\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2)} \\
yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide 45
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(5
 chlorothien-2-yl)glycinamide
 N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-4
 (phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
 (phenoxy) phenylglycinamide
 N-(S)-(-)-ci-methylbenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
 D, L-phenylglycinamide
 N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
 (phenyl) phenylglycinamide
 N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
 (ethyl)phenylglycinamide
 N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
 (phenyl) phenylglycinamide
 N-\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-2}
 (benzyl) phenylglycinamide
 N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
 bromophenylglycinamide
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-tert-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl

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N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(cyclohexyl)phenylglycinamide N-tert-
\texttt{butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(4)}
ethylphenyl)phenylglycinamide
N-\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl]-D,L-4-(\text{tert-butyl-N'-[N-
butyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-3-(4
chlorophenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
 (phenyl) phenylgiycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-a-hydroxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce,u-difluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyll L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[(S)-1-oxo-1-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
 alaninamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
 butyl ester [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
 phenylglycinyllmorpholine
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-(2 methoxy)phenylglycine
 methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
 butoxycarbonyl(hydroxyl amine) ester
 N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
 phenylglycinamide
 N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
 phenylglycinamide
 N-methoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
 phenylglycinamide [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinyllazetidine
 N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-cyclopropanemethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-2-methylprop-2-enyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-(pyrid-3-yl) methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
  phenylglycinamide PCT[US97/20804
  N-(pyrid-4-yl) methyl-N--[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-furfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinamide
  N-cyclopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
  phenylglycinamide N- I
  -benzylpiperidin-4-yl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
  D, L-phenylglycinamide
  N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L
   phenylglycinamide
  N-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
   alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
   N-2-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L
   phenylglycinamide
   N-4-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,
   phenylglycinamide N- 1
   -ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(395-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
   alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
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N-tert-butoxy-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butyl(hydroxylamine) ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine hydrazide
N-(I-ethoxyethen-1-yl)-[N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycine hydrazide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-4-(phenyl) butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L 45
phenylglycinamide N-3-(
4-iodophenoxy)propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
 L-phertylglycinamide
N-6-(amino)hexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
 phenylglycinamide Hydrochloride
 N-1-(phthalimido)pent-2-yl-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluo
 difluorophenyl)glycine methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-norleucine
 N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine iso
 propyl ester N-(isopropyl) N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
 phenylglycinamide N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
 tert-butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
 tert-butyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine iso-butyl
 ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycine methyl
 ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(3-ot-phenyl)proline
 methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-azetidine
 methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl1-2-amino-3-(5
  chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4)
  yl)propionate tert-butyl ester
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide tert
  butyl ester 45
  N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide
  --31 - N-[N-(3,4-dichlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-bromophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide\\
  N-[N-(3-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide\\
  N-[N-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(4-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-\text{trifluoromethylphenylacetyl})-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(1-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
  N-[N-(2-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
   N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine
   N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
   N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
   furanyl)acetamide
   N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
   N'-[N-(3,4-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
   N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanin-N
   methylsulfonamide
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N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
glycinamide 45
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
--32 -
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N"-methyl-N"-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
glycinamide
N"-4-fluorobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(4-fluoro)phenylglycine
neopentyl ester
N-[N-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3)
yl)glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
butyl ester N-[N-(
3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)serinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
N-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-L-(0-\text{benzyl})\,\text{threoninyll-$L$-phenylglycine}
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-threoninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-serinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N"-4-methylphenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
 phenylglycinamide
 N"-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
 phenylglycinamide
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenyl glycinamide
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methionyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide 45
 -- 33 --
 N-[(R)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
 phenylglycinamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylbutan- 1
 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide Nj
 1-phenyl-2-oxo-propan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
 N-[ I -phenyl-2-oxo-pentan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
 alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan- I
 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl) L alaninamide
 Nj l -phenyl-2-oxo-butan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L
 alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-4-methylpentan- 1
 -yl]-N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl) L-alaninamide
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-a-hydroxyphenylalanine
 methyl ester N''-[4-((2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyl)-NHC(O)-)butyl] N'-[N-(3,5)-(3,5)]
 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
 N-[(S)-l-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyi-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl)
 acetyl)-L-alaninamide
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine
 tert-butyl ester
 N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-phenylphenylglycine
  tert-butyl ester
  [N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(2,3-benzo[blproline) methyl
  ester N"-tert-butyl-N,-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-n
  butylphenylglycinamide
  N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
  (phenylacetenyl) phenylglycinamide
  N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycinthioamide
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N-[1,3-diphenyl-2-oxo-propan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-2-cyclopentylethan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-hexan- 1
-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide Nj 1
-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylpentan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L
alaninamide
N"-n-hexyl-6-biotinamidyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phertylglycinthioarnide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyll-L-methionine
N'-[N-(2-tert-BOC-amino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester
N"-tert-butyl N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-2
fluorophenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)~L-alaninyll-D,L-2-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[(S)-l-phenyl-2-oxo-3-phenylpropan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-L-2-phenylglycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[2-hydroxy-1-(S)phenyleth-1-y1]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
N-[2-hydroxyeth-1-yl]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L 45
phenylglycinamide
-- 35 -
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-acetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-2-phenylglycine
 tert-butyl ester
 [N-(2,5-dichlorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl estei
 [N-(3,5-difluorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
 [N-(3,4-dichlorothiophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl
 ester
 [N-(3-aminoproprionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
 [N-(3-ten-butoxycarbonylamino)propionyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
 tert-butyl ester
 The pharmaceutical compositions described above comprise a
 pharmaceutically inert carrier and a compound of the formula I above.
 In formula 1 above, X" is preferably hydrogen and X' is preferably
 hydrogen or fluoro.
 In formula I above, Z is preferably a covalent bond linking R' to
 -cxlx"-.
 In formula 1 above, preferred R' unsubstituted aryl groups include, for
 example, phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-naphthyl, and the like.
 Preferred R' substituted aryl groups include, for example, monosubsti
 tuted phenyls (preferably 3 or 5 substituents); disubstituted phenyls
 (preferably 3,5 substituents); and trisubstituted phenyls (preferably
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Preferably, the substituted phenyl groups do not include more than 3 substituents.

3,4,5 substituents).

Examples of substituted phenyls include, for instance, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 3-methoxy phenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3-thiomethoxyphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-hydroxy phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4 difluorophenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, 3,4-dibromophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4 methylene-dioxyphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 2,4 dichlorophenyl, and 2,5-difluorophenyl.

Preferred R' alkaryl groups include, by way of example, benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, 3-phenyl-n-propyl, and the like.

Preferred R' alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups include, by way of example, iso-propyl, n-propyl, n butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, -CH2CH=CH2, -CH2CH=CH4(CH2) 4CH3, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohex-l-enyl, -CH2 cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclobutyl, -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2-cyclopentyl, -CH2CH2 cyclopropyl, -CH2CH2-cyclobutyl, -CH2CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopentyl, aminomethyl, N-tert-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl, and the like.

Preferred R' heteroaryls and substituted heteroaryls include, by way of example, pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl, pyrid-4-yl, fluoropyridyls (including 5 fluoropyrid-3-yl), chloropyridyls (including 5-chloropyrid-3-yl), thien 2-yl, thien-3-yl, benzothiazol-4-yl, 2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl, furan-2-yl, benzofuran 2-yl, thionaphthen-2-yl, 2-chlorothiophen-5-yl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 2 (thiophenyl)thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxythionaphthen-2-yl, 3-phenyl-1,2,4 thiooxadiazol-5-yl, 2-phenyloxazol-4-yl, and the like.

Preferably R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.

Particularly preferred R' substituents include, by way of example, methyl, ethyl, n propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,5 difluoro phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, benzyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cycloheptyl, thien-2-yl, thien-3-yl, -CH2CH2SCH3, -CH2OCH2O,

-CH(CH3)OCH20, -CH(OH)CH3, -CH20H and the like. As noted below, R 2 (as well as R) is preferably the side chain of an L-amino acid.

Preferably, R 3 is hydrogen, methyl or together with R 4 and the nitrogen to which R 3 is attached forms pyrrolidin-2-yl, 2,3-dihydroindol-2-yl, piperidin 2-yl, 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-2-yl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl, and the like.

Preferred R 4 substituents include, for example, hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, iso-butyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, allyl, iso-but-2-enyl, 3-methylpentyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclohexyl,

-CH2-indol-3-yl, phenyl, p-(phenyl)phenyl, m-(phenyl)phenyl o fluorophenyl, m-fluorophenyl, p-fluorophenyl, p-bromophenyl, m-methoxyphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, phenethyl, benzyl, m-hydroxybenzyl, p-hydroxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, m-trifluoromethylphenyl, p-(CH3)2NCH2CH2CH2O-benzyl, p-(CH3)3COC(O)CH2O-benzyl, p-phenylphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, p-(HOOCCH2O)-benzyl, 2-aminopyrid-6-yl, 4-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O) benzyl, -CH2CH2C(O)NH2, -CH2-'midazol-4-yl, -CH2-(3-tetrahydrofuranyl),

-CH2-thien-2-yl, -CH2-thiazol-4-yl, -CH2(1-methyl)cyclopropyl, -CH, thien-3-yl, thien-3-yl, thien-2-yl, -CH2-C(0)0-t-butyl, -CH2-C(CH3)3, CH2CH(CH2CH3)2, 2-methylcyclopentyl, -cyclohex-2-enyl, -CH[CH(CH3)2]COOCH3, -(CH2)2SCH3,

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-CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -CH2C(CH3)=CH2, -CH2CH=CHCH3 (cis and trans),
-CH20H, -CH(OH)CH3, -CH(O-t-butyl)CH3, -CH20CH3, -(CH2)4NH-Boc,
-(CH2)41~-H2, -(CH2)4N(CH3)2, -CH2-pyridyl (e.g., 2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl
and 4-pyridyl), pyridyl (2-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl and 4-pyridyl),
-CH2-naphthyl (e.g., 1-naphthyl and 2-naphthyl), -CH2-(N-morpholino),
p-(N-morpholino CH2CH20)-benzyI, benzo[blthiophen-2-yl,
benzo[blthiophen-3-yl, 5 chlorobenzo[blthiophen-2-yl, .
4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl,
-- 38 - benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, tetrazol-5-yl,
5-chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-5-yl,
6-methoxynaphth-2-yl, -CH2-N-phthalimidyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl, and
thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2-yl, 5-bromothien-2-yl, 4-bromothien-2-yl,
5-chlorothien-2-yl, 3 phenoxyphenyl, 2-phenoxyphenyl, 4-ethylphenyl,
2-benzylphenyl, (4-ethylphenyl)phenyl, 4 terv butylphenyl,
4-n-butylphenyl, o-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl, furan-2-yl, 4
phenylacetylenylphenyl and the like.
Preferably, R' is hydrogen. However, in another embodiment, R 4 and R'
are fused to form a cycloalkyl group including, for example, cyclopropyl,
cyclobutyl, and the like.
One preferred X substituent is -C(O)Y. Preferably Y is hydroxy, alkoxy or
substituted alkoxy such as methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso propoxy,
n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, tert-butoxy, neo-pentoxy, benzyloxy, 2
phenylethoxy, 3 phenyl-n-propoxy, Modo-n-propoxy, 4-bromo-n-butoxy,
~ONHC (O) OC (CH3~,
-ONEC(CH1 and the like. Another preferred Y group is -N-R'R" where R' and
W' are as defined above. Such preferred Y groups include, by way of
example, amino (-NH2), -NH(iso-butyl), -NH(sec-butyl), N-methylamino, N,
N dimethylamino, N-benzylamino, N-morpholino, azetidino,
N-thiomorpholino, N-piperidinyl, N-hexamethyleneimino,
N-heptamethylene-imino, N pyrrolidinyl,
-NH-methallyl, -NHCH2-(furan-2-yl), -NHCH2-cyclopropyl, -NH(ten-butyl),
-NH(p-methylphenyl), -NHOCH3, -NHCH2(p-fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2OCH3,
-NH-cyclopentyl, -NH-cyclohexyl, -NHCH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2C(CHI,
 -NHCH2-(pyrid-2-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-3-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-4-yl),
N-thiazolindinyl, -N(CH2CH2CH3)2, -N[CH2CH(CH3)212, -NHOH,
 -NH(p-NO2-0), -NHCH2(p-NO2-0), -NHCH2(m-NO2-0), -N(CH3)OCH3,
 -N(CH3)CH2-0, -NHCH2-(3,5-di-fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2F, -NHCHAp CH30-0),
 -NHCH2(m-CH30-0), -NHCH2(p-CF3-0), -N(CH3)CH2CH2OCH3,
 -NHCH2CH2~P, -NHCH(CH3W -NHCH2-(p-F-0), -N(CH3)C"2CH2N(CH3)2,
 -NI-ICH2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl), -NHCH2(p-trifluoromethylphenyl),
 -NHCH2C(CH3)=CH2, -NH-[(p-benzyl)pyrid-4-yl], -NH+2,6-dimethyl)pyrid-4
 yl], -NH-(2-methylcyclohexyl), -NH-(4-methylcyclohexyl),
 -N11-[N-ethoxycarbonyl]-piperidin-4-yl, -NHOC(CH3)3, -NHCH2CH2CH2CH2-0,
 -C(O)NH(CH2)30-(p-CH3)0, -C(O)NH(CH2)6NH2, -MH-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl),
 -N(CH3)0, -NH(CH)4NHC(O)-(2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyl, -NH(CH2)6
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(biotinamidyl), and the like.
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Another preferred Y group is an alkyl group such as methyl, ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, iso-butyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, -CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2-pyridy-2-yl, -CH2-pyridy-3-yl, -CH2-Pyridy-4-yl, -CH2-fur-2-yl, and the like; a substituted alkyl group such as benzyl; a cycloalkyl group such as cyclopentyl; and an aryl group such as phenyl. Still another preferred Y group is -NHSO2-R where R is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic. Such groups are exemplified by NH-S02-CH3 Preferred Y' groups include a substituted alkyl group such as -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH(OH)O, -CH(OH)CH2C(O)OCH3, -C(OH)(CH3)2, -CH2OCH3, -CH2OC(O)OCH3, -CH2OC(O)C(CH3)3, and the like. Preferred compounds for use in the methods of this invention include those set forth in the tables below: R4 R5 0 /0 00 m N~x R' 0 R2 R3 U) ' R' 1 R 2 1 R 3 R 1 Rs 1 X m t-butyl -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NR, thien-2-yl -CH, H 4 H -C(O)N-H, :I] -- r m n-butyl -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH, cyclop ntyl -CF1, H 4 H -C(0)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H -CH, CH, CHCH3 H -C(O)OCH3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H -CH,-imidazol-4-yl H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 -CHCHCHCH3 H -C(0)NHCH,-~ SO 3,5-di-F+-Cill-(CR)3CH, H-C(O)NHCHCHN(CH3), -F+ -CH H -(CH) 3CH, H -C(O) NHMCH, OCH33,5-di 3,5-di-F-~- -CH~ H H 1 -C(O)NHCHCH2N(CH,)2 R' 1 R 2 1 R 3 1 R 4 1 R5 1 X 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH,-(b H -C(O)NHCH,-(pyrid-3-yl) /0 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -(CH,),CH3 H -C(O)NHCH2-pyrid-4-yl 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CHCH,CHCH3 H -C(O)OC(CH1)3 CH2=CHCH2- -CH3 H -CH2~ -Q0)OCH3 U) CHACHICH=CHC -CH3 H -CHA -Q0)0CH3 H2 m 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H p-(CH3)2NCH2CH2CH2O- H -Q0)0CH3 benzyl 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H p-(CHICOC(O)CH20- H -Q0)OCH3 benzyl m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H p-hydroxybenzyI- H -Q0)0CH3 C) 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H p-HOOCCHO-benzyl H -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 H p-(N-morpholino- H -Q0)0CH3 CH,CH,O-benzyb 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -(CH.)4-N(CH1)2 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH,-(pyrid-2-y1) H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH2-(pyrid-3-y1) H -C(0)OCH, /0 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 R3/R4 and N H -Q0)OCH3 L-pyrrolidinyl ki piperidin-2-yl 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH,-(pyrid-4-yl) H -Q0)0CH, 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H -CH.20CH3 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH,-(N-morpholino) H -Q0)0CH3 cn 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H p-(N-morpholino- H -C(O)NHCH2CH2OCH3 CHCH2-0)-benzyb 3,5-di-F+ -CH H -CHOCH3 H -C(O)NHCHCH, OCH3 m 3 (n X 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H H H -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H -CH2-pyrid-4-yl H -C(O)NHCH2CH2OCH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H -CH,-pyrid-2-yl H -C(O)NHCH2CH2OCH3 m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH H -CH2-thiazol-4-yl H 1 -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 R3/R4and N H -Q0)0CH3 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro isoquinolin-3-yl 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH2-~ H -C(O)NHCH2-(m-CH30-~) 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH2- 1 -naphthyl H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H

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-CH,-2-naphthyl H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH,-thien-2-yl H -Q0)0CH3
3,5-di-F-(D- -CH, H -CH,-(b H -QQ)OCH,-(b R' R3 R 4 X 2 H -Q0)OCH,CH2CH21
3,5-di-F-4~- -CH3 H -CH9CH(CH3)2 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-o~- -CH3 H
pyrid-2-yl H -C(O)NH2 cn 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H pyrid-3-yl H -C(O)NH2
3,5-di-F-i~- -CH3 H -(CH,),,-NHC(O)OC(CH3)3 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH H
-CHCH24 -Q0)OCH3 3 H 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H H H -C(O)OCH2CH2~ m 3,5-di-F-(p-
-CH3 H H H -Q0)0CH2CH2CH2 3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H pyrid-4-yl H -C(0)NH2 r N3 -
-CH3 H -CH(OH)M-. H -Q0)0CH3 CD
-CH3 H -CH2CH(CH3), H- -C(O)NH2
-CH3 H -CH3 H -QQ) NH7
-CH, H -CH2-~ H -C(O)NH2
4- -CH3 H -CH(CH3)2 H -C(O)NH2
3,5-di-F-(p- -CH, H pyrid-3-yl H -Q0)0CH2CH3
-CH H -CHCH(CH3)2 H -C(O)NHCH3
-CHL
-CH, -(b -C(O)N(CH,),
R' R 2 R 3 R 4 RT X
-CH, H -CH, 2-~ H -C(O) NHCH3
-CH3 H -CH(CH3)2 H -C(O)NHCH3
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CHCH2CHCH3 H -C(O)NHCH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH.CH2CH2CH,
H -C(O)N(CH).2 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CHCH2CH2CH3 H -C(O)NH2 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3
H m-CH30+ H -Q0)0CH3 m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H p-CH30+ H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~-
-CH3 H pyrid-2-yl H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H pyrid-4-yl H -C
O)OCH2CH, cyclohexyl -CH, H -CH, -~ H -C(O)OCH3 cyclopentyl -CH, H -CH 24
H -C(O)OCH3 ~e ~nili c 1 cyclohex- 1 -enyl -CH3 H -CH2-~ H -Q0)OCH3
 3,5-di F- -CH3 H R4/R5 = -cyclopropyl -Q0)0CH, 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H -CH3 H
 -F C(O)N(CH3)CH2CHY(CH3) cyclopropyl -CH3 H -CH,~ H -Q0)0CH, 3,5-di-F-(h-
 -CH, H H H -C(0)OCH,)-4b (CH3),CH- H -CH3 H -C(0)OCH2CH, 3-NO.,-(~- -CH3
 H -CH, H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3-NO2+ -CH, H H H 1 -Q0)0CH2CH3 cn 3-NO,+ -CH3 H
 -CH(OH)CH c H -C(O)NHOH (CH3)2CH- 4 H -CH3 H -Q0)0CH2CH(CH3)., 3-NO,+
 -CH3 H m-hydroxybenzyl H -C(O)OCH3 (n 3-NO,+ -CH3 H p-~ydroxybenzyl H
 -Q0)0CH2CH3 m (CH3)2CH- -CH(CH H ~CH3 H -Q0)0CHCH(CH3)7 XHCH, (CH3)2CH-
 -CH24 H -CH3 H -Q0)0CH2CH(CH,), m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -Q0)0CHCH3
 3-NO24- -CH3 R3/R4 and N H -Q0)0CH2CH3 2,3-dihydro indol-2-yl 3,5-di-F+
 -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NH2 (CH3)2CH- 4 H -CH3 H -C(O)N(CH3)-OCH3 3,5-di-F+
 -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH2CH(CH3)2 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H
 -CH3 H -C(O)N(CH2CHCH3)2
 3,5-di-F-4)--CH, H -CH(CH,), H -QQ)NH,
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NH-(p-NO2-~) 3,5-di-F-~- ~CH3 H -CH2-4) H
 -Q0)0CH3 /0 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH, -~ H -C(O)NH2 (CH3)9CH- 4 H -CH3 H
 -C(O)NHCH2CH(CH3)2 cn
 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH2-~ H -C(O)NHCH2CH20 H3 tn 3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H -CH3
 H - C(O) NHCH.2-(p-NO2-~) 3,5-di-F-~- - CH3 H - CH-,-~ H - C(O) NH-(p-NO2-~) cn
 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH3 H 1 -C(O)N(CH3)CH2-~ m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH3 H
 1 -C(O)NHCH2-(3,5-di-F-~) 1 - - C/ 3,5-di-F-(5- -CH3 H -CH3 H
 -C(O)NHCH, -(m-NO., -~) m 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH2-~ 3,5-di-F+
 -CH3 H -CH2-~ H -C(O)NHCH.,-(p-NO2-~) 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H
 -CH.,-indol-3-yl H -C(O)OCH, 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H
 -C(O)NHCH2-(p-OCH3-~) 4 H -CH3 H -Q0)OCH2CH3 cyclohexyl- 4 H -CH3 H
```

-Q0)0CH2CH3 n 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -Q0)0CH, 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH, H -CH, H -QQ)NHCHCH,-4): I R' 1 R 2 1 R 3 R Rs X 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H p-NO,-benzyl-H 1 -C(0)NHCH.CH2OCH, 3-NO2+ -CH3 H -CHOH H -Q0)0CH.CH, 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H

```
-CH3 H -C(O)NHCH(CH3)~ cn 3,5-di-F-4~- -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH(CH3)~
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H 1 -C(O)NHCH2-(p-F-~) W 3,5-di-F-i~- -CH3 H -CH3 H
-C(O)NHCH, -(pyrid-4-y1) X m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH, -(p-F3C-~)
3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H -CH, -Q0)0CH2CH3 m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH2-~ H
-C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H -CH3 -CH, -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
cyclohexyl H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHCH~CH,OCH3
(CH3)2CH- cyclohexyl H -CH3 H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
-C(O)NHCH,,CH2N(CH3)2 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHCH2-(pyrid-2-yl
pyrid-3-v1 -CH, H -CH,,-d) H . -QQ)OCH, C= R' 1 R 2 7 R 3 R 4 1 Rs X
pyrid-4-yl -CH3 H -CH2-~ H -Q0)0CH, 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H p-F-~ H -
Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 H o-F-~ H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F-~- 4 H -CH3 H
-Q0)0CH2CH, to 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH.-N-phthalimidyl H -Q0)0CH2CH3
3,5-di-F-~- -CH, H p-F-~ H 1 -Q0)0CH2C(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H 4 H
-Q0)0CH2C(CH3)3 m 3,5-di-F-i~- -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NHC(CH3)3 1 00 m
3,5-di-F-o~- -CH, H -4) H 1 -C(O)OC(CH1)3 m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H
-C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 3-NO2+ -CH3 H -CH(CH,)., H
-C(O)-N-morpholino 3-NO,-4)- -CH3 H -CH(CH3)2 H -QO)0CHCH3 3-NO2-~- -CH,
H -CH(OH)CH3 H -Q0)OCH3 3-NO2 4- -CH3 H -CHCH3 H -C(O)-N-morpholino
0-t-butyl 3-NO,-(b- -CH, H -CH(CH,)CHCR, H -C(O)-N-morpholino 3-NO,+ -CH,
-CH(CH3)CH2CH3 H ~QQ)OCH3 110
3-NO9+-CH,
H -CH(CH3)CHCH3
H -C(O)OH
/0
3-NO2+ -CH3 H -CH2CH2CH3 H -CMOCH3
3-NO2+ -CH, H -CH2CH(CH3), H -QQ)OCH3
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
-CHCH(CH3)2H-QQ)OCH3
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -QQ) NHCR2CH7OCH, 3,5-di-F-4~- -CH, H -CH3 m H
-QQ)NHCH,CHN(CH,)2 cn 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NH-eyclohexyl m
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH2C(CH m 1 /D 3,5-di-F-o~- -CH3 H -CH 3 H
-C(O)NHCH -(tetra m 2 hydrofuran-2-y1) 3,5-di-F-\sim- -CH, H -CH3 H
-C(O)NHCH2-(pyrid-2-yl) 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)-(N-thiazolidinyl)
3,5-di-F+ -CH, H -CH, CH3 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH2CHCH, H
-C(O)OCH3 3-NO,-4)- -CH3 H -CHCH3 H -Q0)OCH, 3,5-di-F+
-CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)NHCH(CH3)CH2CH3
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 Z
H -CH3 ~o
H 1 -C(O)-(N-pyrrolidinyl) ti A
 3,5-di-F~ob- -CH, H -CH, 00
 (0) NHCH(CH,)CS,CM 1 u R' R 2 R 3 R 4 R5 X 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH, H
 -C(O)WCH2CH2-F 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH3 H -C(O)CH2CH2CH(CH1)7 3,5-di-F-~-
 -CH3 H -CHCH3 H -C(0)NHCH2-(p-NO2-~) cn a 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH,CH2CH3 H
 -C(0)NHCH2-(p-NO2-~) (n 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H m-F+ H -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F-~-
 -CH3 H thien-2-yl H -C(O)NH2 (n 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H thien-2-yl H -C(O)NH2
 m i m 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H 5-chlorobenzo[blthiophen- H -Q0)0CH3 2-yl r-
 -F-~- -c H benzo[bIthiophen-6-yl -Q0)0CH2CH, m 3,5-di H, H 3,5-di-F-(~-
 -CH3 H benzo[bIthiophen-2-yl H -Q0)OCH9CH, 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H
 benzo[bIthiophen-2-yl H -Q0)0CH2CH3 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH, H
 benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl H -Q0)0CR3 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H thien-2-yl H -Q0)0CH3
 3,5-di±-4- -CH3 H benzo[bIthiophen-5-yl H -C(O)OCH.CH-, -F.
 3,5-di F -CH3 H thien-2-yl H -Q0)0CH,
 3,5-di-F
 -CH H thien-2-yl H -C(O)OC(CH.),
 3,5-di-F-ib- -CH, H thien-2-yl -QQ)OH
 3,5-di-F-\sim- -CH3 H tetrazol-5-yl H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
 2-aminopyrid-6-yl H -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 6-metboxynaphth-2-yl H
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-Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H m-CF3+ H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H
4,5,6,7-tetrahydro- H -Q0)0CH3 benzo[bIthiophen-2-yl 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H
thieno[2,3-blthiophen-2-yl H -Q0)0CH3 m 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H
2-methylthiazol-4-yl H -Q0)0CH3 U) m 3,5-di-F-o~- -CH3 H -CH2CH=CHCH3 H
-Q0)0CH3 (trans) cyclopropyl -CH3 H 4 H -C(0)0C(CH1)3 N3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
(PM4 H 1 -C(O)MC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH2CH3 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-4)-
-CH(CH3)2 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-~- -CHCH9SCH, H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
3,5-di-F-o~- -CH(CH,)., H 4 H -Q0)0CR; he 3,5-di-F-(~- -CHCH, H 4 H
-Q0)OCH, 3,5-di-F+ -CH CH(CH3)2 H 4 H -Q0)OCH3 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH, (b H 4 H
-C(O)OCH, 00 R' R 2 -T R 3 R 4 R5 X 3,5-di-F+ 4 H 4 H -C(O)OCH,
-CH, H -CH3 H -Q0)0CH3
-CH3 H -CH.CH(CH3)2 H -Q0)0CH3
-CH, H -CH(CH3)CHCH3 H -Q0)0CH3
-CH3 R3/R4and N H -Q0)0CH3
Upyrrolidinyl
(n
m -CH, H -CH2-~ H -Q0) OCH3
4) - - CH3 H - (CH2) 4NHC(0) 0- H -Q0) 0CH3
c t-butyl
r
-CH3 H H H -Q0)0CH3
-CH3 H -CH(CH3), H -Q0)0CH3
-CH3 H -CH.CH3 H -C(O)OCH3
 -CH3 H -CH.CH.CH, H -Q0)0CH3
 3-NO2+ -CH3 H -CH(CH3)., H- -C(O)OH WO
 -CH3 ~CH3 -CH3 H -Q0) OCH3
 (CH3)2CH- H -CH3 H -Q0)0CH2CH(CH3), /0
 (CH,) -CH(CH,)CHCH, H -CH, H ----C(O)OCH., CH(CH,), 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH R 3
 /R4and N H -Q0)OCH2CH3 4-p-hydroxy pyrrolidin-2-yl 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H
 -(CR)4NH2 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H -CHCH2C(O)NH? H -C(O)NH2 (n
 3,5-di-F-(p- -CH3 R3/R4and N H -Q0)0CH3 piperidin-2-yl In 3,5-di-F-~-
 -CH3 H H H -C(O)NECH2CH2OCH3 m 3,5-di-F-~- -cyclohexyl H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H H -C(O)NHCH,-pyrid-2-yl m 3,5-di-F-o-- -thien-2-yl H H
 -C(O)OC(CH3)3 N) (n 3,5-di-F-~- H 4 H -C(O)N-H.2 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH(CH.J, H
 4 H -C(O)NH2
 -thienyl -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NH2
 CH3(CH2)2- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2
 3,5-di-F-~- -(CH2),CH, H 4 H -Q0)OCH3
 3,5-di-F-~- CH3 H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 Gn
 -C(CRJ, H H -QQ)OCH,
 3,5-di-F+ -CH2~ H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 3,5-di-F+ -cyclopropyl H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 3,5-di-F-o~- -thien-3-yl H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 3,5-di-F+ -thien-2-yl H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
  3,5-di-F-~- p-F-~ H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
  3,5-di-F-(~- p-OCH34 H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
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3,5-di-F-~- 4 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3

```
m -cyclopropyl 4 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3
-cyclopentyl 4 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3
m -C(CH H 4 H -C(O)NH2
3)3 -CH
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 5-bromothien-2-yl H - -C(O)MC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
4-bromothien-2-yl H -C(O)MC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H thien-2-yl H 1
-C(O)NHC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H thien~3-yl H -C(O)NHC(CH3), 3,5-di-F-~-
-CH3 H 4 H -C(O)MC(CH3)3 n 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH, H 5-chlorothien-2-yl H
-C(0)MC(CH3)31 - /0
. 4
ti
3,5-di-F-4)- -CH, H H 1 -C(OWH-cYclohexyl Rl R 2 R 3 R 4 R5 x bi
3,5-di-F+ -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NH-cyclohexyl 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H (M-04- H
-C(O)NHC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H (p-CH3CH.)+ H -C(O)NHC(CH3)3 ca
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H (0-04- H -C(O)NHC(CH3), co 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H (o-benzyl)+
H - C(O)NHC(CH3), 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H (p-Br)+ H I -C(O)NHC(CH3)3 cn
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H (P-04- H -C(O)NHC(CH3)3 3: m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H
(p-CH3CH, \sim) + H -C(O)NHC(CH3)3 (A 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H (p-tert-butyl)+ H
-C(O)NHC(CH,)3 m 3,5-di-F+ -CHI H o-(4-Cl-phenoxy)+ H -C(O)NHC(CH3)3
3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H (P-04- H -C(O)NH-cyclohexyl 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
-C(O)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F-(P- -CH, H -CH3 H -C(O)4 3,5-di-F-(~- -CHI H
pyrid-3-yl H -C(0)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H 4 H I -C(0)-morpholino
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H (m-methoxy)-~ H -C(O)OCH3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH, H 4 H
-C(O)ONHC(O)OC(CH,)- 0 00 R' R 2 R 3 R 4 R 5 X
-C(O)NHCH,-furan-2-yl
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHOCH3
 3,5-di~F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)-cyclobutylamide -3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
 -C(O)NHCH2CH(CH).
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHCH2-cyclopropyl 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H
 -C(O)N(CH)OCH, (n 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 2: 4 H -C(O)NHCH2C(CH3)=CH, m
 3,5-di~F-4)- -CH 3 H 4 H -C(O)CH,-pyrid-3~yl 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4
 -C(O)CH,-pyrid-4-yl m 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 h) H 4 H -C(O)CS,-fur-2-yl
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H C(O)NH-cyclopentyl
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H H -C(O)NH-[(p-benzyl)-pyrid 4-yll 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
 -C(O)N(CH,)., 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 H H -C(O)NW[2,6 dimethylpyrid-4-yll
 3,5-di-F-(p- -CH 3 H 4 H -C(O)NW(2 methylcyclohexyl) 3,5-di-F-i\sim -CH3 H
 H -C(O)NW(4 methylc-yclohexyl) 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H H -C(O)NH-[N-ethoxy
 carbonyll-piperidin-4-yl /0 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHCH3 3,5-di-F+
 -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NHOC(CH3), 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)ONHC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+
 -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NHM2 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH H -4) H -C(O)NHN=C(CH 3 3)0 CH2CH3
 4 -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)OC(CH3)3
 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NE(CH2)4-~
 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NH(CH2)30-(p-CH3)~ m 3,5-di-F+ -CH, H 4 H
 -C(O)NH(CH2)6NH2 3,5-di-F+ 3,5-di-F-(~- H 3,5-di-F+ H -C(O)OCH3 3,5-di
 -CH3 H -CHCHCH, CH, H -C(O)OH
 -cyclopEentyl -CH3 H 4 H -C(OfflC(CH3)3
 3,5-di-F+ thien-2-yl H 4 H -C(0)OC(CHJ,
 3,5-di-F-o~- -CH3 R3/R4 and N H -Q0)0CH3 U(3-a-phenyl) pyrrolidinyl
 3,5-di-F-o~- -CH R3/R4 and N H -Q0)0CH3 L-azetidin-2-yl 3-yl 3,5-di-F+
 -CH3 H -CH2-thiazol-4-yl H -C(0)OC(CH3)3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
 -C(O)NHC(CH3), 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H thien-2-yl H -C(O)NH2 U) 3,4-di -CH, H
 H -C(O)NH2 3-CI-(~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 m 3-Br+ -c H 4 -C(O)NH2 (n H3 H 1
 3-F-~- -CH3 H H -C(O)NH, m Ln 00 4-F-(~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 m 3-CH34-
 -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 4-CH3+ -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 3-CF3-(b- -CH3 H 4 H
 -C(O)NH2 3-CH30-(~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 2-CP(b- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 1
  -naphthyl -CH, H 4 H -C(O)NH2 2-naphthyl -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2
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-CH3 H H -C(O)NH2 -4
[----3,5-di-F-(b- 1 -CH, 1 H 1 4 H 1 -COOH 2 R' R 2 R 3 R 4 RST X
3,5-di-F+ -CH, H -CH2-~ H -C(O)NH-SO2-CH3 3,5-di -CH3 H H H -C(O)N(CH3)~
3,5-di -CH3 H -CH, H -C(O)N(CH3)~ 3,5-di-F+ -CH2CH2SCH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH2
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H H H -C(O)N(CH3)CH24) (n 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H
-C(O)NHCH2(p-F-\sim) :c m 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4-fluorophenyl H -C(OfflCHC(CH3)3
2,3,4,5,6-penta-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H -Q0)0CH3 m 3,5-di-F+ -CH20CH,2-~ H 4 H
-Q0)OCH, 3,5-di-F+ -CH(CH,)OCH,-4) H 4 H -Q0)OCH, 3,5-di-F+ -CH(OH)CH3 H
4 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH20H H 4 H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H
-C(O)NH-(4-methylphenyl)
-\mathbf{F}
-F IF T- 3.5-di-F-(\sim- CH3 H H -C(O)NW2 tetrahydrofurfuryl 3.5-di-F+
-CH3 H 4-fluoro-~ H -C(O)NH 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH,CHSCH, H 1 -4) H -C(O)NH.,
3,5-di-F+ -CH(CH3)2 H 4 H -C(O)NH2 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 H 4 H
-QQ)NHCH(CH3)4) 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H H -C(O)CH(CH3)2 (j) 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H
4 H -QQ)CH3 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH, H 4 H -QQ)CH2CH2CH, 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H
-CP) 4
m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)CH2CH,
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 H -QQ) CH2CH (CHI
m = 3,5-di-F-(p--CH H -Q0)OCH3
3 4 H
3,5-di-F-o~- -CH3 H 4 H -C(O)NH(CH2)4"C(O) (2-hydroxy-4-azido) phenyl
3,5-di-F-(p- -CH3 H 4-fluoro-~ H -C(O)OC(CH.), 3,5-di-F-4)- -CH3 H H
-C(O)OC(CH3), 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 R3/R4 and N H -Q0)OCH3 3,3-dihydro
2-isobenzaz lyl 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH, H 4-n-butylphenyl H -C(O)NHC(CH,), R' R
2 R 3 T R 4 RsT X 3,5-di-F-(p- -CH3 H 4 H -C(S)NH2 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 H 4
H -C(O)CH2-~ 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH, H 4 H -C(O)-cyclopentyl 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4
H -C(O)-n-butyl (n 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H H -C(O)CH(CH3)CH2CH, 3,5-di-F-(~-
 -CH3 H H -C(O)NH(CHI m (biotinamidyl) m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH2CHSCH, H
 -CHCH2SCH3 H -Q0)0CH3 t-BOC-NH-CH2- -CH3 H 4 H -Q0)0CH3 r 3,5-di-F+ -CH,
 H 2T+ H -C(O)MC(CH3)3 ri (D H -Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H 4 3,5-di-F+
 thien-3-yl H 4 H -C(O)OH 3,5-di-F-(~- thien-3-yl H 4 H -C(OfflC(CH3)3
 (2,5-di-Cl-~)-0- -CH3 H 4 H -Q0)0CH3 (3,5-di-F-~)-0- -CH H 4 H -Q0)0CH3
 (3,4-di-CP4))-S- 71 H 1 H 1 -Q0)0CH,
 WO 98122494 PCT/US97120804
 t t
 r(, -/ 'It 1 \sim t -g - \sim d = Z -6 - 111 CL *r - *c CL
 -LZ
 C4 U U U CJ U U U U U U U
 "Y 7 ~ 7 7 71 "1, -c T, T,
 kn " kr) lr) In A 1A A 111)
 P4 -6- -e- -9- -9 t~
 --- --- --- -a, - -6- -ci R4 0 ~1z Y,
 -Y-"'~N J"~c /0
 Ri'~y 1 1 &~,
 C. 1
 R 2 R3 Q
 R' R 2 R 3 R 4 Y1
  3,5-di-F-(~- -CH3 H --C113 -OCH3 H
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3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H 4 -OCH, H

```
m 3,5-di-F-~- -CH3 H -CH.,4) -OCH3 H
3,5-di-F+ -CH3 H -CH,CHMCH3- -OC(O)CH3 H m P
-4 3,5-di-F- -c H -CHcHcHCH -OC(O)c H
Η,
:I]
c -r -CH, MCH3 1
r 3,5-di-F-4) - -CH, H -phthalimido H
R4'
0 Y4
R' R 2 R 4' 4 C7)
R X Ln
(CH3), CH (CH3), CH- 4 - CH3 C(O)OCH., CH(CH3)-,
(CH3), CH- Ab -CH3 ~CH, -(P ~C(O) NW,
(CH3), CH 4 -CH3 ~CH3 . -C(0)Nll(p-NO,-~) 3,5-di-F-(b- -CH3 -CH,~(~ 4
-Q0)0CH3 3,5-di-F+ -CH3 -CH3 4 -Q0)0CH3 3-NO,+ -C113 -CH(O11)CH3 -CH(CH))
-C(O)OCHCH, 3,5Ai-F+ -C
-C113 .11,011
-Cill 4 -CllOli
X, X,, 0 R4
U) ~H
R2
C31~
 r xt 2 4
 m R' R R X
 3,5-di-F+ -OH H -CH3 -C(O)NHC(CH3)3
 3,5-di-F-~- T F -CH3 - . (~ -C(O)NHC(CH,) 3 3,5-di-F-~- XVV= -CH3
 -C(O)OC(CHI =0 WO 98122494 PCT/US97120804 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE
 INVENTION
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peptide release and/or its synthesis, and, accordingly, have utility in treating Alzheimer's disease. However, prior to describing this invention in further detail, the following terms will first be defined.

Definitions

The term "~-amyloid peptide" refers to a 39-43 amino acid peptide having a molecular weight of about 4.2 kD, which peptide is substantially homologous to the form of the protein described by Glenner, et al.' including mutations and post-translational modifications of the normal 0-amyloid peptide.

In whatever form, the 0-amyloid peptide is an approximate 39-43 amino acid fragment of a large membrane- spanning glycoprotein, referred to as the amyloid precursor protein (APP). Its 43-amino acid sequence is:

```
Asp Ala Glu Phe Arg His Asp Ser Gly Tyr
11
Glu Val His His Gln Lys Leu Val Phe Phe
Ala Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Asn Lys Gly Ala
Ile Ile Gly Leu Met Val Gly Gly Val Val
Ile Ala Thr (SEQ ID NO: 1)
or a sequence which is substantially homologous thereto.
```

"Alkyl" refers to monovalent alkyl groups preferably having from 1 to carbon atoms and more preferably 1 to 6 carbon atoms. This term is exemplified by groups such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n

butyl, iso butyl, n-hexyi, and the like.

"Substituted alkyl" refers to an alkyl group, preferably of from I to 10 carbon atoms, having from 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, acyl, acylamino, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, cyano, cycloalkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thiol, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, nitro, and mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono and di-heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.

"Alkylene" refers to divalent alkylene groups preferably having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 1 to 6 carbon atoms. This term is exemplified by groups such as methylene (-CH2-), ethylene (-CH2CH2-), the propylene isomers (e.g., -CH2CH2CH2- and -CH(CH3)CH2-), and the like. "Alkaryl" refers to -alkylene-aryl groups preferably having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkylene moiety and from 6 to 10 carbon atoms in the aryl moiety. Such alkaryl groups are exemplified by benzyl, phenethyl and the like.

"Alkoxy" refers to the group "alkyl-0-". Preferred alkoxy groups include, by way of example, methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butoxy, tert-butoxy, sec-butoxy, n-pentoxy, n-hexoxy, 1,2 dimethylbutoxy, and the like.

"Substituted alkoxy" refers to the group "substituted alkyl-0-" where substituted alkyl is as defined above.

"Alkylalkoxy" refers to the group "-alkylene-0-alkyl" where alkylene and alkyl are as defined above. Such groups include, by way of example, methylenemethoxy (-CH2OCH3), ethylenemethoxy (-CH2CH2OCH3), n-propylene-iso-propoxy (-CH2CH2CH2OCH(CH3)2), methylene-t-butoxy (-CH2O-C(CH3)3) and the like.

"Alkylthioalkoxy" refers to the group "-alkylene-S-alkyl" wherein alkylene and alkyl are as defined above. Such groups include, by way of example, methylthiomethoxy (-CH2SCH3), ethylthiomethoxy (-CH2CH2SCH3), n-propyl-iso-thiopropoxy (-CH2CH2CH2SCH(CH3)2), methylthio-t~butoxy (-CH2SC(CH3)3) and the like.

"Alkenyl" refers to alkenyl groups preferably having from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 2 to 6 carbon atoms and having at least and preferably from 1-2 sites of alkenyl unsaturation. Preferred alkenyl groups include ethenyl (-CH=CH2), n-propenyl (-CH2CH=CH2), iso-propenyl (-C(CH3)=CH2), but-2-enyl (-CH2CH=CHCH3), and the like.

"Substituted alkenyl" refers to an alkenyl group as defined above having from I to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, cycloalkyl, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thiol, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, nitro, and mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono and di-heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.

"Alkynyl" refers to alkynyl groups preferably having from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and more preferably 2 to 6 carbon atoms and having at least and preferably from 1-2 sites of alkynyl unsaturation. Preferred alkynyl

groups include ethynyl (-CH =- CH2), propargyl (-CH2C =- CH) and the like.

"Substituted alkynyl" refers to an alkynyl group as defined above having from I to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, acyl, acylamino, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, cyano, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, cycloalkyl, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thiol, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkyoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, nitro, and mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.

"Acyl" refers to the groups alkyl-C(0)-, substituted alkyl-C(0)-, cycloalkyl-C(0)-, aryl-C(0)-, heteroaryl-C(0)- and heterocyclic-C(0) where alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Acylamino" refers to the group -C(O)NRR where each R is independently hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclic and where each of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Aminoacyl" refers to the group -NRC(O)R where each R is independently hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclic and where each of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

--71 - "Oxyacyl" refers to the groups -OC(0)-alkyl, -OC(0)-aryl, -C(0)0 heteroaryl-, and -C(0)0-heterocyclic where alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxyacylamino" refers to the groups -OC(0)NR-alkyl, -OC(0)NR substituted alkyl, -OC(0)NR-aryl, -OC(0)NR-heteroaryl-, and -OC(0)NR heterocyclic where R is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclic and where each of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Aminocarboxy esters" refers to the groups -NRC(0)0-alkyl,

-NRC(0)0-substituted alkyl, -NRC(0)0-aryl, -NRC(0)0-heteroaryl, and

-NRC(0)0-heterocyclic where R is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, and heterocyclic and where each of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Aryl" refers to an unsaturated aromatic carbocyclic group of from 6 to 14 carbon atoms having a single ring (e.g., phenyl) or multiple condensed rings (e.g., naphthyl or anthryl). Preferred aryls include phenyl, naphthyl and the like.

Unless otherwise constrained by the definition for the aryl substituent, such aryl groups can optionally be substituted with from I to 5 and preferably I to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, biotinamidyl, acyl, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, alkaryl, aryl, aryloxy, azido, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, acylamino, cyano, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, trihalomethyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, mono and di (substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di heteroarylamino, mono- and di-heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di substituted amines having

different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, and the like. Preferred substituents include alkyl, alkoxy, halo, cyano, nitro, trihalomethyl, and thioalkoxy.

"Aryloxy" refers to the group aryl-0- wherein the aryl group is as defined above including optionally substituted aryl groups as also defined above.

The term "carboxy terminal R' group" refers to that R' group in compounds of formula I which, when n is two, is closest to the X group.

"Carboxyalkyl" refers to the groups -C(0)0-alkyl and -C(0)0 substituted alkyl where alkyl and substituted alkyl are as defined above.

"Cycloalkyl" refers to cyclic alkyl groups of from 3 to 10 carbon atoms having a single cyclic ring or multiple condensed rings which can be optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 alkyl groups. Such cycloalkyl groups include, by way of example, single ring structures such as cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclooctyl, 1-methylcyclopropyl, 2-methylcyclopentyl, 2 methylcyclooctyl, and the like, or multiple ring structures such as adamantanyl, and the like.

"Cycloalkenyl" refers to cyclic alkenyl groups of from 4 to 8 carbon atoms having a single cyclic ring and at least one point of internal unsaturation which can be optionally substituted with from 1 to 3 alkyl groups. Examples of suitable cycloalkenyl groups include, for instance, cyclobut-2-enyl, cyclopent-3 enyl, cyclooct-3-enyl and the like.

"Halo" or "halogen" refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo and preferably is either chloro or bromo.

--73 - "Heteroaryl" refers to a monovalent aromatic group of from 2 to 10 carbon atoms and 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur within the ring.

Unless otherwise constrained by the definition for the heteroaryl substituent, such heteroaryl groups can be optionally substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, acyl, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, alkaryl, aryl, aryloxy, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, aminoacyl, cyano, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, trihalomethyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, and the like. Preferred substituents include alkyl, alkoxy, halo, cyano, nitro, trihalomethyl, and thioalkoxy.

Such heteroaryl groups can have a single ring (e.g., pyridyl or furyl) or multiple condensed rings (e.g., indolizinyl or benzothienyl). Preferred heteroaryls include pyridyl, pyrrolyl and furyl.

"Heteroaryloxy" refers to the group heteroaryl-0- wherein the heteroaryl group is as defined above including optionally substituted heteroaryl groups as also defined above.

"Heterocycle" or "heterocyclic" refers to a monovalent (i.e., one point of attachment) saturated or unsaturated group having a single ring or multiple condensed rings, from 1 to 8 carbon atoms and from 1 to 4 hetero atoms selected from nitrogen, sulfur or oxygen within the ring.

Unless otherwise constrained by the definition for the heterocyclic substituent, such heterocyclic groups can be optionally substituted with 1 to 4 substituents selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, acyl, alkyl, alkoxy, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkoxy, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, amino, aminoacyl, aminocarboxy esters, alkaryl, aryl, aryloxy, carboxyl, carboxylalkyl, aminoacyl, cyano, halo, nitro, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, oxyacyl, oxyacylamino, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, trihalomethyl, mono- and di-alkylamino, mono- and di-(substituted alkyl)amino, mono- and di-arylamino, mono- and di-heteroarylamino, mono- and di heterocyclic amino, and unsymmetric di-substituted amines having different substituents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, and the like. Such heterocyclic groups can have a single ring or multiple condensed rings. Preferred heteroaryls include morpholino, piperidinyl, and the like.

Examples of heterocycles and heteroaryls include, but are not limited to, furan, thiophene, thiazole, oxazole, pyrrole, imidazole, pyrazole, pyridine, pyrazine, pyrimidine, pyridazine, indolizine, isoindole, indole, indazole, purine, quinolizine, isoquinoline, quinoline, phthalazine, naphthylpyridine, quinoxaline, quinazoline, cinnoline, pteridine, carbazole, carboline, phenanthridine, acridine, phenanthroline, isothiazole, phenazine, isoxazole, phenoxazine, phenothiazine, imidazolidine, imidazoline, piperidine, piperazine, indoline, phthalimide, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophene, thiazole, thiazolidine, thiophene, benzo[b]thiophene, morpholino, piperidinyl, pyrrolidine, tetrahydrofuranyl, and the like.

"Heterocyclyloxy" refers to the group heterocyclyl-0- wherein the heterocyclic group is as defined above including optionally substituted heterocyclic groups as also defined above.

"Oxyacyl" refers to the groups -OC(0) -alkyl, -OC(0) -aryl, -C(0)0 heteroaryl-, and -C(0)0-heterocyclic where alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein.

"Oxyacylamino" refers to the groups -OC(0)NH-alkyl, -OC(0)NH substituted alkyl, -OC(0)NH-aryl, -OC(0)NH-heteroaryl-, and -OC(0)NH heterocyclic where alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic are as defined herein. "Thiol" refers to the group -SH.

"Thioalkoxy" refers to the group -S-alkyl.

"Substituted thioalkoxy" refers to the group -S-substituted alkyl.

"Thioaryloxy" refers to the group aryl-S- wherein the aryl group is as defined above including optionally substituted aryl groups also defined above.

"Thioheteroaryloxy" refers to the group heteroaryl-S- wherein the heteroaryl group is as defined above including optionally substituted aryl groups as also defined above.

"Pharmaceutically acceptable salt" refers to pharmaceutically acceptable salts of a compound of Formula I which salts are derived from a variety of organic and inorganic counter ions well known in the art and include, by way of example only, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, ammonium, tetraalkylammonium, and the like; and when the molecule contains a basic functionality, salts of organic or inorganic acids, such as hydrochloride, hydrobromide, tartrate, mesylate, acetate, maleate, oxalate and the like.

Coml2gund Preparation

The compounds of formula I are readily prepared via several divergent synthetic routes with the particular route selected relative to the ease of compound preparation, commercial availability of starting materials, etc.

A first synthetic method involves conventional coupling of an acetic acid derivative with a primary amine of an esterified amino acid as shown in reaction (1) below:

Xf 0 0 X,,-y~OH + H2N'T~XR3 R1 R2 (1)Xq xl! 0 R' '~r -,~ X R3 wherein R', R , R3, X' and V are as defined above. and X is either oxygen or

-NH-.

Reaction (1) merely involves coupling of a suitable acid derivative I with the primary amine of amino acid ester 2 under conditions which provide for the N-acetyl derivative 3. This reaction is conventionally conducted for peptide synthesis and synthetic methods used therein can also be employed to prepare the N-acetyl amino acid esters 3 of this invention. For example, well known coupling reagents such as carbodiimides with or without the use of well known additives such as N-hydroxysuccinimide, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, etc.

can be used to facilitate coupling. The reaction is conventionally conducted in an inert aprotic diluent such as dimethylformamide, dichloromethane, chloroform, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and the like. Alternatively, the acid halide of compound 1 can be employed in reaction (1) and, when so employed, it is typically employed in the presence of a suitable base to scavenge the acid generated during the reaction. Suitable bases include, by way of example, triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, N-methylmorpholine and the like.

Reaction (1) is preferably conducted at from about O'C to about 60'C until reaction completion which typically occurs within I to about 24 hours.

Upon reaction completion, N-acetyl amino acid ester 3 is recovered by conventional methods including precipitation, chromatography, filtration and the like or alternatively is hydrolyzed to the corresponding acid without purification and/or isolation other than conventional work-up (e.g., aqueous extraction, etc.). Alternatively, the synthesis described above in reaction (1) can be conducted on the amino acid (XR 3 = 011) and subsequent to N-acetyl formation as described above.

In any event, if an N-acetyl amino acid ester is formed, it is converted to the corresponding acid prior to the coupling step with another amino acid ester/amide, HWCR 4 R5Q0)Y. Coupling is accomplished using well known peptide coupling chemistry with well known coupling reagents such as carbodiimides with or without the use of well known additives such as N-hydroxysuccinimide, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, etc. which can be used to facilitate coupling. The reaction is conventionally conducted in an inert aprotic polar diluent such as dimethylformamide, dichloromethane, chloroform, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and the like.

--78 - Such coupling yields compounds of formula I where n is 1. The synthesis of compounds of formula I where n is 2 is accomplished via a second coupling reaction. Specifically, in the first coupling reaction, HNR 3 CR 4 R5C(O)Y is selected to be an amino acid ester. That is to say that Y is -0-alkyl. After coupling, the ester is hydrolyzed via conventional conditions well known in the art to provide for the corresponding carboxylic acid which can now be used to couple a second amino acid ester/amide.

In reaction (1), each of the reagents (compound 1 and amino acid ester 2) are well known in the art with a plurality of each being commercially available.

Alternatively, the compounds of formula I can be prepared by first forming the dipeptide ester and then N-acylating these esters. That is to say that the amino acid ester or amide HNRCR'R'C(O)Y is coupled to the N-blocked amino acid BlockNHCHR'COOH via conventional coupling conditions to provide for the dipeptide BlockNHCHRC(O)N(R 3)CR4R 5C(O)y.

The blocking group is then removed via conventional conditions to provide for the free amine which is then N-acylated in the manner described above to provide for the compounds of formula 1.

After coupling and N-acylation (in whatever order) is complete, the resulting esters and amides can be derivatized via conventional chemistry to provide for derivatives of the synthesized compounds. For example, conventional reduction of a terminal ester group with lithium borohydride leads to the terminal -CH2OH group. Alternatively, an ester group can be converted to a primary amide [-C(O)NH2] by reaction with ammonia in methanol with catalytic amount of sodium cyanide while heating.

Similarly, reactive functionality which is blocked on either R2 and/or R' groups can be deblocked and then derivatized. For example, the a BOC protected amino group on R' (e.g., lysine side chain) can be deblocked after synthesis and the amino group acylated or otherwised derivatized.

Additionally, a terminal ester can be subjected to transesterification techniques to provide for other esters. Numerous techniques are known in the art to effect transesterification and each technique merely replaces one ester group with a different ester group derived from the corresponding alcohol or thioalcohol and, in some cases, a catalyst such as titanium (IV) iso propoxide is used to facilitate reaction completion. In one technique, the alcohol or thioalcohol is first treated with sodium hydride in a suitable diluent such as toluene to form the corresponding sodium alkoxide or thioalkoxide which is then employed to effect transesterification. The efficiency of this technique makes it particularly useful with high boiling and/or expensive alcohols or thioalcohols.

In another transesterification technique, the ester to be transesterified is placed in a large excess of the alcohol or thioalcohol which effects trans esterification. A catalytic amount of sodium hydride is then added and the reaction proceeds quickly under conventional conditions to provide the desired transesterified product. Because this protocol requires the use of a large excess of alcohol or thioalcohol, this procedure is particularly useful when the alcohol or thioalcohol is inexpensive.

Transesterification provides a facile means to provide for a multiplicity of different ester substituents on the compounds of formula I above. In all cases, the alcohols and thioalcohols employed to effect transesterification are well known in the art with a significant number being commercially available.

Other methods for preparing the esters of this invention include, by way of example, first hydrolyzing the ester to the free acid followed by O alkylation with a halo-R' group in the presence of a base such as

potassium carbonate.

Alternatively, for esterification procedures for alcohols containing an ester group can be achieved by using the methods of Losse, et al." The compounds described herein can also be prepared by use of polymer supported forms of carbodiimide peptide coupling reagents. A polymer supported form of EDC, for example, has been described (Tetrahedron Letters, 34(48), 7685 (1993))'O. Additionally, a new carbodiimide coupling reagent, PEPC, and its corresponding polymer supported forms have been discovered and are very useful for the preparation of the compounds of the present invention.

Polymers suitable for use in making a polymer supported coupling reagent are either commercially available or may be prepared by methods well known to the artisan skilled in the polymer arts. A suitable polymer must possess pendant sidechains bearing moieties reactive with the terminal amine of the carbodiimide. Such reactive moieties include chloro, bromo, iodo and methanesulfonyl. Preferably, the reactive moiety is a chloromethyl group.

Additionally, the polymer's backbone must be inert to both the carbodiimide and reaction conditions under which the ultimate polymer bound coupling reagents will be used.

Certain hydroxymethylated resins may be converted into chloromethylated resins useful for the preparation of polymer supported coupling reagents. Examples of these hydroxylated resins include the 4 hydroxymethyl-phenylacetamidomethyl resin (Pam Resin) and 4 benzyloxybenzyl alcohol resin (Wang Resin) available from Advanced Chemtech of Louisville, Kentucky, USA (see Advanced Chenitech 1993-1994 catalog, page 115). The hydroxymethyl groups of these resins may be converted into the desired chloromethyl groups by any of a number of methods well known to the skilled artisan.

-- 81 - Preferred resins are the chloromethylated styrene/divinylbenzene resins because of their ready commercial availability. As the name suggests, these resins are already chloromethylated and require no chemical modification prior to use. These resins are commercially known as Merrifield's resins and are available from Aldrich Chemical Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, USA (see Aldrich 1994-1995 catalog, page 899). Methods for the preparation of PEPC and its polymer supported forms are outlined in the following scheme.

```
H, N~-'--~'-.'N ~) N J1 N N ::)
н н
~cl
110
'ICY
(DNN=C =N /, --"
LG
C)~--/
Functionalized Resi
where (D = an)
and 1G = C1, Br. 1 o
N = C = N
(D--) Cl
Such methods are described more fully in U.S. Patent Application Serial
No. 60/019,790 filed June 14, 1996 which application is incorporated
herein by reference in its entirety. Briefly, PEPC is prepared by first
reacting ethyl isocyanatc with 1-(3-aminopropyl)pyrrolidine. The
resulting urea is treated with 4-toluenesulfonyl chloride to provide
PEPC. The polymer supported form is prepared by reaction of PEPC with an
appropriate resin under standard conditions to give the desired reagent.
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The carboxylic acid coupling reactions employing these reagents are performed at about ambient temperature to about 45°C, for from about 3 to 120 hours. Typically, the product may be isolated by washing the reaction with CHC13 and concentrating the remaining organics under reduced pressure. As discussed supra, isolation of products from reactions where a polymer bound reagent has been used is greatly simplified, requiring only filtration of the reaction mixture and then concentration of the filtrate under reduced pressure.

Still other methods for the preparation of esters are provided in the examples below.

Compounds where X is -CRR'Y' are readily prepared by coupling, e.g., an amino alcohol H2NCRR'CR'R'OH, to the carboxyl group of R'ZCX'X"C(O)N-HCHR 2C(O)OH under standard coupling conditions well known in peptide coupling chemistry which can use well known coupling reagents such as carbodimides with or without the use of well known additives such as N-hydroxysuccinimide, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole, etc. If necessary, well known blocking groups on Y' can be employed to protect the group during coupling. Such blocking groups are particularly desirable when Y' is an amino group.

The reaction is conventionally conducted in an inert aprotic polar diluent such as dimethylformamide, dichloromethane, chloroform, acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran and the like. Upon reaction completion, any blocking groups on Y' are selectively removed to provide for the desired compound.

When Y' is -OH or -SH, post-synthetic conversion of these groups to the corresponding esters (i.e., -OC(0)R'), disulfides (i.e., -SSR') and

-SSC(O)R' groups is accomplished using well known chemistry. For example, ester synthesis requires only reaction with a suitable acid such as acetic acid (R'

-- 83 - = methyl), acid halide (e.g., acid chloride) or acid anhydride under suitable esterification conditions.

When one of R' is hydrogen, post-synthetic oxidation of the

-CHR'OH group leads to the ketone derivatives. Alternatively, such ketones can be prepared by coupling the suitable aminoketone HCl salt with the terminal carboxyl group of the amino acid as illustrated in Example 168 below.

in these synthetic methods, the starting materials can contain a chiral center (e.g., alanine) and, when a racemic starting material is employed, the resulting product is a mixture of R,S enatiomers. Alternatively, a chiral isomer of the starting material can be employed and, if the reaction protocol employed does not racernize this starting material, a chiral product is obtained. Such reaction protocols can involve inversion of the chiral center during synthesis.

Accordingly, unless otherwise indicated, the products of this invention are a mixture of R,S enatiomers or diasteriomers. Preferably, however, when a chiral product is desired, the chiral product corresponds to the L-amino acid derivative. Alternatively, chiral products can be obtained via purification techniques which separate enatiomers from a R,S mixture to provide for one or the other stereoisomer. Such techniques are well known in the art.

When employed as pharmaceuticals, the compounds of formula I are usually administered in the form of pharmaceutical compositions. These compounds can be administered by a variety of routes including oral, rectal, transdermal, subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, and intranasal. These compounds are effective as both injectable and oral compositions. Such compositions are prepared in a manner well known in the pharmaceutical art and comprise at least one active compound.

-- 84 - This invention also includes pharmaceutical compositions which contain, as the active ingredient, one or more of the compounds of formula I above associated with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. In making the compositions of this invention, the active ingredient is usually mixed with an excipient, diluted by an excipient or enclosed within such a carrier which can be in the form of a capsule, sachet, paper or other container. When the excipient serves as a diluent, it can be a solid, semi-solid, or liquid material, which acts as a vehicle, carrier or medium for the active ingredient. Thus, the compositions can be in the form of tablets, pills, powders, lozenges, sachets, cachets, elixirs, suspensions, emulsions, solutions, syrups, aerosols (as a solid or in a liquid medium), ointments containing, for example, up to 10% by weight of the active compound, soft and hard gelatin capsules, suppositories, sterile injectable solutions, and sterile packaged powders.

In preparing a formulation, it may be necessary to mill the active compound to provide the appropriate particle size prior to combining with the other ingredients. If the active compound is substantially insoluble, it ordinarily is milled to a particle size of less than 200 mesh. If the active compound is substantially water soluble, the particle size is normally adjusted by milling to provide a substantially uniform distribution in the formulation, e.g. about 40 mesh. Some examples of suitable excipients include lactose, dextrose, sucrose, sorbitol, mannitol, starches, gum acacia, calcium phosphate, alginates, tragacanth, gelatin, calcium silicate, microcrystal line cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, cellulose, sterile water, syrup, and methyl cellulose. The formulations can additionally include: lubricating agents such as talc, magnesium stearate, and mineral oil; wetting agents; emulsifying and suspending agents; preserving agents such as methyl- and propylhydroxy benzoates; sweetening agents; and flavoring agents. The compositions of the invention can be formulated so as to provide quick, sustained or delayed release

-- 85 - of the active ingredient after administration to the patient by employing procedures known in the art.

The compositions are preferably formulated in a unit dosage form, each dosage containing from about 5 to about 100 mg, more usually about 10 to about 30 mg, of the active ingredient. The term "unit dosage forms" refers to physically discrete units suitable as unitary dosages for human subjects and other mammals, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect, in association with a suitable pharmaceutical excipient. Preferably, the compound of formula above is employed at no more than about 20 weight percent of the pharmaceutical composition, more preferably no more than about 15 weight percent, with the balance being pharmaceutically inert carrier(s).

The active compound is effective over a wide dosage range and is generally administered in a pharmaceutically effective amount. It, will be understood, however, that the amount of the compound actually administered will be determined by a physician, in the light of the relevant circumstances, including the condition to be treated, the chosen route of administration, the actual compound administered, the age,

weight, and response of the individual patient, the severity of the patient's symptoms, and the like.

For preparing solid compositions such as tablets, the principal active ingredient is mixed with a pharmaceutical excipient to form a solid preformulation composition containing a homogeneous mixture of a compound of the present invention. When referring to these preformulation compositions as homogeneous, it is meant that the active ingredient is dispersed evenly throughout the composition so that the composition may be readily subdivided into equally effective unit dosage forms such as tablets, pills and capsules.

This solid preformulation is then subdivided into unit dosage forms of the type -- 86- described above containing from, for example, 0. 1 to about 500 mg of the active ingredient of the present invention.

The tablets or pills of the present invention may be coated or otherwise compounded to provide a dosage form affording the advantage of prolonged action. For example, the tablet or pill can comprise an inner dosage and an outer dosage component, the latter being in the form of an envelope over the former. The two components can separated by enteric layer which serves to resist disintegration in the stomach and permit the inner component to pass intact into the duodenum or to be delayed in release. A variety of materials can be used for such enteric layers or coatings, such materials including a number of polymeric acids and mixtures of polymeric acids with such materials as shellac, cetyl alcohol, and cellulose acetate.

The liquid forms in which the novel compositions of the present invention may be incorporated for administration orally or by injection include aqueous solutions suitably flavored syrups, aqueous or oil suspensions, and flavored emulsions with edible oils such as cottonseed oil, sesame oil, coconut oil, or peanut oil, as well as elixirs and similar pharmaceutical vehicles.

Compositions for inhalation or insufflation include solutions and suspensions in pharmaceutically acceptable, aqueous or organic solvents, or mixtures thereof, and powders. The liquid or solid compositions may contain suitable pharmaceutically acceptable excipients as described supra. Preferably the compositions are administered by the oral or nasal respiratory route for local or systemic effect. Compositions in preferably pharmaceutically acceptable solvents may be nebulized by use of inert gases. Nebulized solutions may be breathed directly from the nebulizing device or the nebulizing device may be attached to a face masks tent, or intermittent positive pressure breathing machine. Solution, suspension, or powder compositions may be administered, preferably orally or nasally, from devices which deliver the formulation in an appropriate manner.

The following formulation examples illustrate the pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention.

Formulation Example 1 Hard gelatin capsules containing the following ingredients are prepared:

Quantity
Ingredient (mg/capsule)
Active Ingredient 30.0
Starch 305.0
Magnesium stearate 5.0
The above ingredients are mixed and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 340 mg quantities.

Formulation Example 2 A tablet formula is prepared using the ingredients below:

Quantity
In2redient (mg/tablet)
Active Ingredient 25.0
Cellulose, microcrystalline 200.0
Colloidal silicon dioxide 10.0
Stearic acid 5.0

The components are blended and compressed to form tablets, each weighing $240~\mathrm{mg}$.

Formulation Example 3

A dry powder inhaler formulation is prepared containing the following components:

-- 88 - Ingredient WeiRht % Active Ingredient 5 Lactose 95 The active ingredient is mixed with the lactose and the mixture is added to a dry powder inhaling appliance.

Formulation Example 4
Tablets, each containing 30 mg of active ingredient, are pr follows:

Quantity
Inp-redient (mg/tablet
Active Ingredient 30.0 mg
Starch 45.0 mg
Microcrystalline cellulose 35.0 mg
Polyvinylpyrrolidone

(as 10% solution in sterile water) 4.0 mg Sodium carboxymethyl starch 4.5 mg Magnesium stearate 0.5 mg Talc 1.0 M2 Total 120 mg The active ingredient, starch and cellulose are passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve and mixed thoroughly. The solution of polyvinyl pyrrolidone is mixed with the resultant powders, which are then passed through a 16 mesh U.S. sieve. The granules so produced are dried at 50' to 60'C and passed through a 16 mesh U.S. sieve. The sodium carboxymethyl starch, magnesium stearate, and talc, previously passed through a No. 30 mesh U.S. sieve, are then added to the granules which, after mixing, are compressed on a tablet machine to yield tablets each weighing 150 mg.

Formulation Example 5 Capsules, each containing 40 mg of medicament are made as follows:

Quantity
Ingredient (mg/capsule)
Active Ingredient 40.0 mg
Starch 109.0 mg
Magnesium stearate 1.0 ME!
Total 150.0 mg
The active ingredient. sta

The active ingredient, starch, and magnesium stearate are blended, passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve, and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 150 mg quantities.

Formulation Example 6
Suppositories, each containing 25 mg of active ingredient are made as follows:

InEredient Amount
Active Ingredient 25 mg
Saturated fatty acid glycerides to 2,000 mg The active ingredient is passed through a No. 60 mesh U.S. sieve and suspended in the saturated fatty acid glycerides previously melted using the minimum heat necessary. The mixture is then poured into a suppository mold of nominal 2.0 g capacity and allowed to cool.

Formulation Example 7
Suspensions, each containing 50 mg of medicament per 5.0 ml dose are made as follows:

InRredien Amount
Active Ingredient 50.0 mg
Xanthan gum 4.0 mg
Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (11 %)
Microcrystalline cellulose (89%) 50.0 mg Sucrose 1.75 g Sodium benzoate
10.0 ing Flavor and Color q.v.

Purified water to 5.0 ml The active ingredient, sucrose and xanthan gum are blended, passed through a No. 10 mesh U.S. sieve, and then mixed with a previously made solution of the microcrystalline cellulose and sodium carboxymethyl cellulose in water. The sodium benzoate, flavor, and color are diluted with some of the water and added with stirring. Sufficient water is then added to produce the required volume.

Formulation Example 8
Quantity
Inuedien (mg/capsule)
Active Ingredient 15.0 mg
Starch 407.0 mg
Magnesium stearate 3.0 mR
Total 425.0 mg
The active ingredient, starch, and magnesium stearate are blended, passed through a No. 20 mesh U.S. sieve, and filled into hard gelatin capsules in 560 mg quantities.

Formulation Example 9
A subcutaneous formulation may be prepared as follows:

Ingredient Quantity
Active Ingredient 5.0 mg
corn oil 1 ml
--91 - Formulation Example 10 A topical formulation may be prepared as
follows:
Ineredient Quantity
Active Ingredient 1-10 g
Emulsifying Wax 30 g
Liquid Paraffin 20 g
White Soft Paraffin to 100 g
The white soft paraffin is heated until molten. The liquid paraffin and
emulsifying wax are incorporated and stirred until dissolved. The active
ingredient is added and stirring is continued until dispersed. The
mixture is then cooled until solid.

Another preferred formulation employed in the methods of the present invention employs transdermal delivery devices ("patches"). Such transdermal patches may be used to provide continuous or discontinuous infusion of the compounds of the present invention in controlled amounts. The construction and use of transdermal patches for the delivery of pharmaceutical agents is well known in the art. See. e.g., U.S. Patent 5,023,252, issued June 11, 1991, herein incorporated by reference. Such patches may be constructed for continuous, pulsatile, or on demand delivery of pharmaceutical agents.

Frequently, it will be desirable or necessary to introduce the pharmaceutical composition to the brain, either directly or indirectly. Direct techniques usually involve placement of a drug delivery catheter into the host's ventricular system to bypass the blood-brain barrier. One

such implantable delivery system used for the transport of biological factors to specific anatomical regions of the body is described in U.S. Patent 5,011,472 which is herein incorporated by reference.

Indirect techniques, which are generally preferred, usually involve formulating the compositions to provide for drug latentiation by the conversion of hydrophilic drugs into lipid-soluble drugs. Latentiation is generally achieved through blocking of the hydroxy, carbonyl, sulfate, and primary amine groups present on the drug to render the drug more lipid soluble and amenable to transportation across the blood-brain barrier. Alternatively, the delivery of hydrophilic drugs may be enhanced by intra-arterial infusion of hypertonic solutions which can transiently open the blood-brain barrier.

Other suitable formulations for use in the present invention can be found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mace Publishing Company, Philadelphia, PA, 17th ed. (1985).

UtilitV

The compounds and pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are useful in inhibiting 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis, and, accordingly, have utility in treating Alzheimer's disease in mammals including humans.

As noted above, the compounds described herein are suitable for use in a variety of drug delivery systems described above. Additionally, in order to enhance the in vivo serum half-life of the administered compound, the compounds may be encapsulated, introduced into the lumen of liposomes, prepared as a colloid, or other conventional techniques may be employed which provide an extended serum half-life of the compounds. A variety of methods are available for preparing liposomes, as described in, e.g., Szoka, et al., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728 and 4,837,028 each of which is incorporated herein by reference.

The amount of compound administered to the patient will vary depending upon what is being administered, the purpose of the administration, such as prophylaxis or therapy, the state of the patient, the manner of administration, and the like. In therapeutic applications, compositions are administered to a

--93 - patient already suffering from AD in an amount sufficient to at least partially arrest further onset of the symptoms of the disease and its complications. An amount adequate to accomplish this is defined as "therapeutically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on the judgment of the attending clinician depending upon factors such as the degree or severity of AD in the patient, the age, weight and general condition of the patient, and the like.

Preferably, for use as therapeutics, the compounds described herein are administered at dosages ranging from about 1 to about 500 mg/kg/day.

In prophylactic applications, compositions are administered to a patient at risk of developing AD (determined for example by genetic screening or familial trait) in an amount sufficient to inhibit the onset of symptoms of the disease.

An amount adequate to accomplish this is defined as "prophylactically effective dose." Amounts effective for this use will depend on the judgment of the attending clinician depending upon factors such as the age, weight and general condition of the patient, and the like. Preferably, for use as prophylactics, the compounds described herein are administered at dosages ranging from about 1 to about 500 mg/kg/day.

As noted above, the compounds administered to a patient are in the form of pharmaceutical compositions described above. These compositions may be sterilized by conventional sterilization techniques, or may be sterile filtered.

The resulting aqueous solutions may be packaged for use as is, or lyophilized, the lyophilized preparation being combined with a sterile aqueous carrier prior to administration. The pH of the compound preparations typically will be between 3 and 11, more preferably from 5 to 9 and most preferably from 7 and 8. It will be understood that use of certain of the foregoing excipients, carriers, or stabilizers will result in the formation of pharmaceutical salts.

The following synthetic and biological examples are offered to illustrate this invention and are not to be construed in any way as limiting the scope of this invention. Unless otherwise stated, all temperatures are in degrees Celsius.

EXAMPLES

In the examples below, the following abbreviations have the following meanings. If an abbreviation is not defined, it has its generally accepted meaning.

130C tert-butoxycarbonyl

BOP benzotriazol- 1 -yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate bd broad doublet bs broad singlet c concentration (g/mL) CDI 1, 1 '-carbonyldiimidazole d doublet dd doublet of doublets DCM dichloromethane DEAD diethyl azodicarboxylate DMF dimethylformamide DMSO dimethylsulfoxide EDC 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride EEDQ 2-ethoxy- 1 -ethoxycarbonyl- 1,2-dihydroquinoline eq. equivalents EtOAc ethyl acetate EtOH ethanol 9 grams L liter M multiplet max maximum MeOH methanol meq milliequivalent mg milligram mL milliliter mm millimeter mmol millimole N/A not available N normal ng nanogram nm nanometers OD optical density 0 phenyl PEPC 1-(3-(1 -pyrrolidinyl)propyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide psi pounds per square inch q quartet quint. quintet rpm rotations per minute S singlet t triplet TFA trifluoroacetic acid THF tetrahydrofuran tIc thin layer chromatography /iL microliter UV ultraviolet In the examples below, all temperatures are in degrees Celcius (unless otherwise indicated) and each of the compounds set forth in these examples was prepared by one of the following general procedures, unless otherwise indicated.

Additionally, the term "Aldrich" indicates that the compound or reagent used in the following procedures is commercially available from Aldrich Chemical Company, Inc., 1001 West Saint Paul Avenue, Milwaukee, WI 53233 USA; the term "Fluka" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Fluka Chemical Corp., 980 South 2nd Street, Ronkonkoma NY 11779 USA; the term "Lancaster" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Lancaster Synthesis, Inc., P.O. Box 100 Windham, NH 03087 USA; the term "Sigma" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Sigma, P.O. Box 14508, St. Louis MO 63178 USA; the term "Chemservice" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Chemservice Inc., Westchester, PA; the term "Bachem" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Bachem Biosciences Inc., 3700 Horizon Drive, Renaissance at Gulph Mills, King of Prussia, PA 19406 USA; the term "Maybridge" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Maybridge Chemical Co. Trevillett, Tintagel, Cornwall PL34 OHW United Kingdom; and the term "TCI" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from TCI America, 9211 North Harborgate Street, Portland OR 97203; the term "Alfa" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Johnson Matthey Catalog Company, Inc. 30 Bond Street, Ward Hill, MA 01835-0747; the term "Novabiochem" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from

Calbiochem-Novabiochem Corp. 10933 North Torrey Pines Road, P.O. Box 12087, La Jolla CA 92039-2087; the term "Oakwood" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Oakwood, Columbia, South Carolina; the term "Advanced Chemtech" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Advanced Cheintech, Louisville, KY; and the term "Pfaltz & Bauer" indicates that the compound or reagent is commercially available from Pfaltz & Bauer, Waterbury, CT, USA.

The following General Procedures A'-P' and Examples Al-A74 illustrate the synthesis of N-(aryl/heteroarylacetyl)amino acid esters which can be hydrolyzed to provide for N-(aryl/heteroarylacetyl)amino acid starting materials of this invention. Other N-(aryl/heteroarylacetyl)amino acid esters can be prepared using these procedures from commercially available or known starting materials.

GENERAL PROCEDURE A'

Coupling of R'C(X')(X")C(O)CI with H,,NCH(R 2)C(O)XR' To a stirred solution of (D,L)-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B below) (4.6 mmol) in 5 mL of pyridine was added 4.6 mmol of an acid chloride. Precipitation occurred immed iately. The mixture was stirred for 3.5 h, diluted with 100 mL of diethyl ether, washed with 10% HCI three times, brine once, 20% potassium carbonate once and brine once. The solution was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated at reduced pressure to yield the product. Other amino acid esters may also be employed in this procedure.

GENERAL PROCEDURE B'

Couplin of R'C(X')(X")C(O)OH with H.,NCH(R 2)C(O)XR 3 A solution of the acid (3.3 mmol) and CD1 in 20 mL THF was stirred for 2 h. L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B below) (3.6 mmol) was added, followed by 1.5 mL (10.8 mmol) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with 100 mL of diethyl ether, washed with 10% HCl three times, brine once, 20% potassium carbonate once and brine once. The solution was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated at reduced pressure to yield the product. Other amino acid esters may also be employed in this procedure.

GENERAL PROCEDURE C'

Esterification of R'C(X')(X'')C(O)NHCH(W)C(O)OH With HORI To a stirred solution of phenylacetylvaline (1.6470 g, 7.0 mmol) in 20 mL THF was added CDI (1.05 g, 6.5 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 1.5 h.

2-Methylbutanol (0.53 g, 6 mmol) was added the mixture, followed by addition of NaH (0. 16 g, 6.5 mmol). Bubbling occurred immediately. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with 100 mL of diethyl ether, washed with 10% HCl three times, brine once, 20% potassium carbonate once and brine once. The solution was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated at reduced pressure to yield the product. Other N-acyl amino acids and alcohols may also be employed in this procedure.

GENERAL PROCEDURE D'

Ester Hydrolysis to the Free Acid Ester hydrolysis to the free acid was conducted by conventional methods.

Below are two examples of such conventional de-esterification methods.

To the ester in a 1: 1 mixture of CH,0H1H,0 was added 2-5 equivalents of K,CO, The mixture was heated to about WC for about 0.5 to 1.5 hours until fic showed complete reaction. The reaction was cooled to room temperature

--98 - and the methanol was removed at reduced pressure. The pH of the remaining aqueous solution was adjusted to about 2, and ethyl acetate was

added to extract the product. The organic phase was then washed with saturated aqueous NaCl and dried over MgSO,. The solution was stripped free of solvent at reduced pressure to yield the product.

The amino acid ester was dissolved in dioxane/water (4: 1) to which was added LiOH (- 2 eq.) that was dissolved in water such that the total solvent after addition was about 2:1 dioxane:water. The reaction mixture was stirred until reaction completion and the dioxane was removed under reduced pressure.

The residue was diluted with EtOAc, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2. The aqueous layer was back extracted with EtOAc, the combined organics were dried over Na2SO4 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure after filtration. The residue was purified by conventional methods (e.g., recrystallization). The following exemplifies this later example. The methyl ester of 3-NO2 phenylacetyl alanine 9.27 g (0.0348 mols) was dissolved in 60 mL dioxane and mL of H20 and adding LiOH (3.06 g, 0.0731 mol) that has been dissolved in 15 mL of H20. After stirring for 4 hours, the dioxane was removed under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with EtOAc, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2. The aqueous layer was back extracted with EtOAc (4 X 100 mL), the combined organics were dried over Na2S04 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure after filtration. The residue was recrystallized from EtOAc/isooctane giving 7.5 g (85 %) of 3 nitrophenylacetyl alanine. CIIH12N2O5 requires C =52.38, H = 4.80, and = $\overline{11.11}$. Analysis found C = 52.54, H = 4.85, and N = $11.08.\ 1013 = -29.9 @ 589 nm.$

GENERAL PROCEDURE E'

Low Temperature BOP Coupling of Acid and Alcohol A solution of methylene chloride containing the carboxylic acid (100M%) and N-methyl morpholine (150 M%) was cooled to -20'C under nitrogen.

BOP (105 M%) was added in one portion and the reaction mixture was maintained at -20 °C for 15 minutes. The corresponding alcohol (120 M%) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was then poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3x). The combined ethyl acetate portions were backwashed with saturated aqueous citric acid (2x), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (2x), brine (1x), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate or sodium sulfate and the solvent removed under reduced pressure to yield the crude product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE F

EDC Coupling of Acid and Amine

The acid derivative was dissolved in methylene chloride. The amine (1 eq.), N-methylmorpholine (5 eq.), and hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate (1.2 eq.) were added in sequence. The reaction was cooled to about O'C and then 1.2 eq. of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride was added. The solution was allowed to stir overnight and come to room temperature under N, pressure. The reaction mix was worked up by washing the solution with saturated, aqueous NaCO,, 0. 1M citric acid, and brine before drying with Na.SO, and removal of solvents to yield crude product. Pure products were obtained by flash chromatography in an appropriate solvent.

GENERAL PROCEDURE G'

EDC Coupling of Acid and Amine A round bottom flask was charged with carboxylic acid (1.0 eq.), hydroxy benzotriazole hydrate (1.1 eq.) and amine (1.0 eq.) in THF under nitrogen atmosphere. An appropriate amount (1.1 eq. for free amines and 2.2 eq. for hydrochloride amine salts) of base, such as Hunig's base was added to the well stirred mixture followed by EDC (1.1 eq.). After stirring from 4 to 17 hours at room temperature the solvent was removed

at reduced pressure, the residue taken up in EtOAc (or similar solvent)/water. The organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution, 1N HCI, brine and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. In some cases, the isolated product was analytically pure at this stage while, in other cases, purification via chromatography and/or recrystallization was required prior to biological evaluation.

GENERAL PROCEDURE H'

Coupline of R'C(X')(X")C(O)CI with H.,NCH(R 2)C(O)XW An excess of oxalyl chloride in dichloromethane was added to the acid derivative together with one drop of DMF. The resulting mixture was stirred for about 2 hours or until bubbling ceases. The solvent was then removed under reduced pressure and rediluted with dry methylene chloride. To the resulting solution was added about 1. 1 eq. of the appropriate amino acid ester and triethylamine (1. 1 eq. in methylene chloride). The system was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with 1N 1ICl followed by 1N NaOH. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous soldium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure to provide for the desired product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE I'

P-EPC coupling

P-EPC coupling employs an amino acid ester and a substituted acetic acid compound. The acetic acid derivative is well known in the art and is typically commercially available. The amino acid ester is prepared by conventional methods from the known and typically commercially available N-BOC amino acid as described in GENERAL PROCEDURE F below.

-- 101 - Specifically, the appropriate amino ester free base (0.0346 mmols) and substituted phenylacetic acid (0.069 mmols) were dissolved in 2.0 mL MC13 (EtOH free), treated with 150 mg of P-EPC (0.87 meq./g) and the reaction was mixed for 4 days at 23C. The reaction was filtered through a plug of cotton, rinsed with 2.0 mLOf CI-IC13 and the filtrate evaporated under a stream of nitrogen. The purity of each sample was determined by 'H NMR and ranged from 50% to > 95%. Between 8.0 and 15.0 ing of final product was obtained from each reaction and was tested without additional purification.

GENERAL PROCEDURE F

Synthesis of Amino Acid Esters From the Corresponding N-BOC Amino Acid A. Esterification of the Acid.

The N-BOC amino acid was dissolved in dioxane and treated with an excess of alcohol (- 1.5 eq.) and catalytic DMAP (100 mg) at O'C. Stirring was continued until reaction completion whereupon the product was recovered by conventional methods.

B. Removal of N-BOC Group.

The N-BOC protected amino acid was dissolved in methylene chloride (0.05M) and treated with 10 eq. of TFA at room temperature under a nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was monitored by dc until starting material was consumed usually within 1-5 hours. An additional 10 eq. of TFA was added to the reaction if the starting material was still present after 5 hours. The reaction was carefully neutralized with Na2CO3, separated, the organic layer washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na2SO4. The crude amine was then used without purification.

Specific exemplification of these procedures are as follows:

1. Racemic (+/-)-N-BOC-a-amino butyric acid (Aldrich) (9.29 g, 0.0457 mol) was dissolved in 100 mL of dioxane and treated with iso butyl

-- 102- alcohol (6.26 mL, 0.0686 mol), EDC (8.72 g, 0.0457) and catalytic DMAP (100 mg) at O'C. After stirring for 17 hours, the organics were evaporated at reduced pressure, the residue diluted with EtOAc washed with NaHCO3, brine and dried over Na2SO4. Evaporation yields 8.42 g (71 %) of an oil. C 13H25NO4 requires: C = 60.21, H = 9.72, and N = 5.40. Anal found: C = 59.91, H = 9.89, and N = 5.67.

The above N-BOC amino acid ester $(8.00~\rm g,~0.032~mol)$ was deprotected as above giving 3.12 g $(61~\rm \%)$ of the free base as a colorless oil which solidifies upon standing.

2. L-N-BOC-alanine (Aldrich) (8.97 g, 0.047 mol) was dissolved in 100 mL of CH2C12, iso-butyl alcohol (21.9 mL, 0.238 mol) and treated with DMAP (100 mg) and EDC (10.0 g, 0.52 mol) at O'C. The mixture was stiffed for 17 hours, diluted with H20, washed with 1.0 N HCl, NaHC03, then brine and the organics were dried over Na2S04. Filtration and evaporation yields 11.8 g (quantitative) of L-N-BOC alanine iso-butyl ester which is contaminated with a small amount of solvent. A sample was vacuum dried for analytical analysis. C12H23NO4 requires: C = 58.79, E = 9.38, and E = 5.71. Anal found: E = 58.73, E = 9.55, and E = 5.96.

The above N-BOC amino acid ester (11. 8 g, 0. 0481 mol) was deprotected as above. The free base was converted to the corresponding HCl salt using saturated HCl (g)/EtOAc to give L-N-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride.

Obtained 4.2 g (48%) of a colorless solid. C7H,5NO2. HC1 requires:

C = 46.28, H = 8.88, and N = 7.71. Anal found: C = 46.01, H = 8.85, and N = 7.68.

-- 103- GENERAL PROCEDURE K' Methyl ester formation from amino acids The amino acid (amino acid or amino acid hydrochloride) is suspended in methanol and chilled to WC. HO gas is bubbled through this solution for minutes. The reaction is allowed to warm to room temperature then stirred for 4 hours. The solvents are then removed at reduced pressure to afford the desired amino acid methyl ester hydrochloride. This product is usually used without further purification.

Example A' Synthesis of free and polymer bound PEPC N-ethyl-N'-3-(1-12yrrolidinyl)propylurea To a solution of 27.7 g (0.39 mol) ethyl isocyanate in 250 mL chloroform was added 50 g (0.39 mol) 3-(1-pyrrolidinyl)propylamine dropwise with cooling. Once the addition was complete, the cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction mixture was then concentrated under reduced pressure to give 74.5 g (96. 4%) of the desired urea as a clear oil.

1-(3-(1-12 yrrolidinyl) propyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide (P-EPC) To a solution of 3 1.0 g (0. 156 mol) N-ethyl-N-3-(1 pyrrolidinyl) propyl urea in 500 mL dichloromethane was added 62.6 g (0.62 mol) triethylamine and the solution was cooled to WC. To this solution were then added 59. 17 g (0.31 mol) 4-toluenesulfonyl chloride in 400 mL dichloromethane dropwise at such a rate as to maintain the reaction at 0-5°C. After the addition was complete, the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and then heated to reflux for 4 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was washed with saturated aqueous potassium carbonate (3 x 150 mL).

The aqueous phases were combined and extracted with dichloromethane. All organic phases were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resultant orange slurry was suspended in 250 mL diethyl ether and the

-- 104- decanted off from the solid. The slurry/decantation process was repeated more times. The ether solutions were combined and concentrated under reduced pressure to give 18.9 g (67%) of the desired product as a crude orange oil. A portion of the oil was distilled under vacuum to give a colorless oil distilling at 78-820C (0.4 mm Hg).

P=aration of a 12olymer sul2pgrted form of 1-(3-(1 12yrrolidinyl)12ropyl)-3 ethylcarbodiimide (P-EPQ A suspension of 8.75 g (48.3 mmol) 1-(3-(I-pyrrolidin-yl)propyl)-3 ethylcarbodiimide and 24.17 g (24.17 mmol) Merrifield's resin (2% cross linked, 200-400 mesh, chloromethylated styrene/divinylbenzene copolymer, meq. Cl/g) in dimethylformamide was heated at 100'C for 2 days. The reaction was cooled and filtered and the resulting resin washed sequentially with 1L DMF, 1L THF and 1L diethyl ether. The remaining resin was then dried under vacuum for 18 hours.

Example 13'

Preparation of alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride A mixture of 35.64 g (0.4 mol) of (D,L)-alanine (Aldrich) (or L-alanine (Aldrich)); 44 mL (0.6 mol) of thionyl chloride (Aldrich) and 200 mL of isobutanol was refluxed for 1.5 hours and the volatiles were removed completely on a rotavapor of 90'C under reduced pressure to give (D,L) alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (or L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride), which was pure enough to be used for further transformations.

Example C'

Preparation of 3,5-dichlorophenylacetic acid To a solution of 3.5 g of 3,5-dichlorobenzyl alcohol (Aldrich) in 75 mL of dichloromethane at O'C was added 1.8 mL of methane sulfonylchloride followed by 3.5 mL of triethylamine added dropwise. After 2 hours the solution was diluted to 150 mL with dichloromethane, washed with 3N HCI,

-- 105- saturated aqueous NaHC03 dried with Na2SO4 and the solvents removed to yield the desired 3,5-dichlorobenzyl methanesulfonate as a yellow oil that was used without purification.

The crude sulfonate was dissolved in 50 mL of DMF at 0"C and then 3 g of KCN was added. After 2 hours an additional 50 mL of DMF was added and the solution was stirred for 16 hours. The red solution was diluted with 1 $\scriptstyle\rm L$ of H2O and acidified to pH 3 with 3N HCL The aqueous solution was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organics were washed with 3N HCl, dried with NaSO4 and the solvents removed at reduced pressure to yield crude 3,5-dichlorophenylacetonitrile which was used without purification.

The nitrile was added to a mixture of 40 mL of concentrated sulfuric acid and 50 mL H20 and heated to reflux for 48 hours, cooled to room temperature and stirred for 48 hours. The reaction was diluted into 1 L of crushed ice, warmed to toom temperature and extracted with 2 \times 200 mL of dichloromethane and 2 \times 200 ml, of ethylacetate. Both sets of organics were combined and washed with saturated aqueous NaHC03. The NaHC03 fractions were combined and acidified to pH I with 3N HCl. The white solid was too fine to filter and was extracted out with 2 \times 200 mL of dichloromethane. The combined organics were dried with Na2SO4 and the solvents removed at reduced presure to yield crude 3,5-dichlorophenylacetic acid as a white solid. The solid was slurried with hexane and filtered to get 1.75g of white solid.

NMR (CDC13): (in ppm) 3.61 (s, 2H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H) Example D' Synthesis of N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)alanine The title compound was prepared using L-alanine (Nova Biochem) and 3 chlorophenyl acetic acid

(Aldrich) by following General Procedures F' or G', followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure D'.

-- 106- Example A l Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl)-DJ.-alanine iso-butYl ester Following General Procedure A' above and using phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich) and D.L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with D20followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 7.23-7.36 (m, 5H), 6.18 (d, 1H), 4.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 1.90 (in, 1H), 1.34 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 172.7, 170.3, 134.5, 129.2, 128.8, 127.2, 71.3, 48.1, 43.4, 27.5, 18.8, 18.3.
C15H21NO3 QVIW= 263.34; Mass Spectroscopy (MH1 = 264)) Example A2 Synthesis of N-(3-phenylpropionyl)-D,I-,alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure A' above and using 3-phenylpropionyl chloride (Aldrich) and D,L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of from 51'-54'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et2Ofollowed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HC1.

NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.25 (in, 2H), 7.19 (in, 3H), 6.28 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, IH), 4.58 (quint., J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (in, 2H), 2.95 (t, i = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.50 (m, 2H), 1.92 (in, 1H), 1.33 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.0, 171.5, 140.6, 128.3, 128.1, 126.0, 71.2, 47.8, 37.9, 31.4, 27.5, 18.79, 18.77, 18.3.

C16H23NO3 (MW = 277.37, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 278))

--107- Example A3 Synthesis of N-(3-methylpentanoyl)-Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 3-methylpentanoic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et20followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCl.

NMR data was as follows:

111-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 6.08 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 111), 4.62 (quint., J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 2.22 (m, 1H), 1.84-2.00 (m, 3H), 1.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.35 (in, 1H), 1.20 (in, 1H), 0.85-0.96 (m, 12H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.3, 172.1, 71.4, 47.9, 43.9, 32.3, 29.38, 29.35, 27.6, 19.10, 19.06, 18.93, 18.91, 18.72, 18.67, 11.3.

C13H25NO3 (MW = 243.35, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 244)) Example A4 Synthesis of N-[(4-chlorophenyl)acetyll-Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 4-chlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 111 ' 113'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et2O followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3and aqueous HCl.

NMR data was as follows:

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'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.30 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.18 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (quint., J = 7.2 Hz, IH), 3.88 (in, 2H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 1.91 (in, 1H), 1.36 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H).
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13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 172.8, 169.8, 133.1, 133.0, 130.6, 128.9, 71.4, 48.2, 42.6, 27.6, 18.85, 18.82, 18.4.

C15H2ON03Cl QV'W= 297-78, Mass Spectroscopy (MH1 298))

-- 108- Example A5 Synthesis of N-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)acetyl]-Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 3,4-dichlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 81' 83'C.

The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=0.90 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 6H), 1.38 (d, J 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.91 (in, 1H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.90 (in, 2H), 4.57 (quint., J 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J=4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (m, IH), 7.38 (m, 2H).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.4, 18.8, 18.9, 27.6, 42.2, 48.3, 71.5, 128.6, 130.6, 131.2, 131.3, 132.6, 134.7, 169.2, 172.8.

C15H19No3C'2 (MW = 332.23, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 332)) Example A6 Synthesis of N-[(4-methylphenyl)acetyl]-D,I.-alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 4-methylphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and D,L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 102*-104'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel (Rf =0.6 in 33% ethyl acetate/hexanes) and purification was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCl.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 0.90 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H), 1.35 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.91 (in, IH), 2.34 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 4.58 (in, 1H), 6.05 (bd, 1H), 7.16 (s, 4H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.5, 18.85, 18.87, 21.0, 27.6, 43.1, 48.1, 71.3, 129.2, 129.6, 131.3, 136.9, 170.6, 172.8.

C16H23NO3 (MW = 277.37, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 278))

-- 109- Example A7 Synthesis of N-[(3-pyridyl)acetyll-D,Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F' and using 3-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (Aldrich) and D,L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 62'-64'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel (Rf = 0.48 10% methanol/dichloromethane) and purification was by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.40 (d, J = 2.8, 2H); 7.6 (m, 1H): 7.16 (m, 2H); 4.5 (quint., J = 7.2, 7.2, 1H); 3.8 (m, 2H); 3.48 (s, 2H); 1.8 (m, 1H); 1.30 (d, J = 7.2, 3H); 0.81 (d, J = 6.7, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.4, 170.1, 150.6, 148.8, 137.4, 131.4, 124.1, 71.9, 48.9, 40.6, 28.1, 19.5, 19.4, 18.6.

C14H2ON2O3 (MW= 264, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 265)) Example A8 Synthesis of N-[(I-naphthyl)acetyl]-Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following GeneralProcedure B' and using 1-naphthylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 69'-73'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et2ofollowed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 0.83 (m, 6H), 1.25 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.81 (in, 1H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 4.04 (2s, 2H), 4.57 (quint., J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, = 7.1 Hz, 1H, 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.98 (in, IH).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.2, 18.81, 18.83, 27.5, 41.5, 48.2, 71.3, 123.7, 125.6, 126.1, 126.6, 128.2, 128.5, 128.7, 130.7, 132.0, 133.9, 170.3, 172.5.

Cj9H23N03 (MW= 313.40, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 314))

--110- Example A9 Synthesis of N-[(2-naphthyl)acetyll-lalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 2-naphthylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 128'-129C. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 0.86 (m, 6H), 1.35 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 4.62 (quint., J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, J =7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.83 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.4, 18.82, 18.85, 27.6, 43.7, 48.2, 71.4, 125.9, 126.3, 127.2, 127.6, 127.7, 128.2, 128.7, 132.0, 132.5, 133.5, 170.3, 172.8.

Cj9H23N03 (rV'W= 313.40, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 314)).

Synthesis of N-(4-phenylbutanoyl)-1, alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 4-phenylbutanoic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et20followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 0.92 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H), 1.38 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.96 (m, 3H), 2.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (m, 2H), 4.59 (quint., J = 7.2 Hz, IH), 6.31 (d, IH), 7.16 (m, 3H), 7.24(m, 2H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.3, 18.75, 18.78, 26.8, 27.5, 34.9, 35.3, 47.8, 71.2, 125.7, 128.2, 128.3, 141.3, 172.11 173.0.

C17H25NO3 QVfW= 291.39, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 292)).

-- ill - Example A 11 Synthesis of N-(5-phenylpentanoyl)-l-~alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using 5-phenylpentanoic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification

was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HC1.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 3H), 6.30 (d, 1H), 4.59 (quint., J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (m, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.93 (m, 111), 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.38 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.1, 172.3, 142.0, 128.2, 128.1, 125.6, 71.2, 47.8, 36.1, 35.5, 30.8, 27.5, 25.0, 18.80, 18.77, 18.4.

C18H27NO3 ('V'W= 305.39, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 306)).

Example A 12

Synthesis of N-[(4-pyridyl)acetyl]-D, Ialanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F and using 4-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (Aldrich) and (D,L)-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 64'-66'C. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel (Rf 0.43 10% methanol/dichloromethane) and purification was by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.51 (dd, J = 1.6, 2.8, 1.6, 2H); 7.23 (dd, J = 4.3, 1.6, 4.4, 2H); 6.71 (d, J = 6.8, 1H); 4.56 (quint., J = 7.3, 7.2, 1H); 3.88 (m, 2H); 3.53 (s, 2H); 1.89 (m, 1H); 1.36 (d, J = 7.2, 3H); 0.88 (d, J = 6.7, 6H).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.5, 169.3, 150.5, 144.4, 125.1, 72.1, 48.9, 43.0, 28.2, 19.5, 19.5, 18.9.

-- 112- C14H2ON2O3 QVIW= 264, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 265)) Example A13 Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl)-I..-alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' and using phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 45'-47"C. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by extraction with Et2Ofollowed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCl.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.24-7.39 (in, 5H), 6.14 (d, 1H), 4.58 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (in, 2H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 1.90 (in, IH), 1.35 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H). 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 172.8, 170.4, 134.5, 129.3, 128.9, 127.2, 71.3, 48.1, 43.5, 27.5, 18.9, 18.8, 18.4.

C15H21NO3 QV'W= 263.34, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 264)).

Example A 14
Synthesis of 2-[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3,4-dichlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above) the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and

purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.36 (m, 3H), 6.03 (bd, IH), 4.54 (m, W), 3.87 (in,

2H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, IH), 0.88 (d, 6H), 0.80 (t, 3H).

-- 113 - Example A15 Synthesis of 2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above and using 3-methoxyphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared frollowing General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 6.75 (m, 4H), 5.93 (bd, IH), 4.51 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 0.84 (d, 6H), 0. 74 (t, 3H).

C17H25NO4 (MW= 307.39, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 309)).

Example A 16

Synthesis of 2-[(4-nitrophenyl)acetamido]butyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 4-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.16 (d, 2H), 7.44 (d, 2H), 6.04 (bd, 1H), 4.55 (in, 1H), 3.86 (m, 2H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 0.85 (d, 6H), 0. 81 (t, 3H).

C16H22N2O5 QV'W= 322.36, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 323)).

Example A 17

Synthesis of 2-[(3,4-methylenedioxyphenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3,4-(methylenedioxy) phenyl acetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction

-- 114- was monitored by dc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-ninr (MCQ: 6 = 6.72 (m, M), 5.92 (bd, M), 4.54 (in, M), 3.86 (in, 2H), 3.66 (s, 2H), 1.86 (in, 2H), 1.66 (m, M), 0.89 (d, 6H), 0.79 (t, M).

Example A 18

Synthesis of 2-[(thien-3-yl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3-thiopheneacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.37 (in, M), 7.16 (in, M), 7.04 (in, M), 6.05 (bd, M), 4.57 (in, M), 3.66 (s, 2H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.67 (m, M), 0.91 (d, 6H), 0.86 (t, M).

Example A 19

Synthesis of 2-[(4-chlorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above and using 4-chlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure V above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (MCQ: 6 = 7.22 (in, 2H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 5.80 (in, IH), 4.44 (m, M), 3.78 (in, 2H), 3.43 (s, 2H), 1.77 (in, 2H), 1.56 (in, M), 0.83 (d, 6H) 0. 71 (t, M).

-- 115 - Example A20 Synthesis of 2-[(3-nitrophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure Y above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (MCQ: 6 = 8.15 (m, 2H), 7.65 (in, M), 6.08 (in, M), 4.46 (in, M), 3.92 (in, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 1.91 (in, 2H), 1.75 (in, M), 0.98 (d, 6H) 0.71 (t, M).

Example A21

Synthesis of 2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 2-hydroxyphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.14 (m, M), 7.01 (m, M), 6.93 (in, M), 6.79 (m, M), 6.46 (m, M), 4.51 (m, M), 3.87 (in, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.75 (in, M), 0.89 (d, 6H), 0.85 Q, M).

Example A22

Synthesis of 2-[(2-naphthyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above and using 2-naphthylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

-- 116- NMR data was as follows:

S-ninr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.83 (m, 7H), 5.95 (in, 1H), 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.63 (m, 1H), 0.91 (d, 6H), 0.81 (t, M). C20H25NO3 (1*~ = 327.42, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 328)).

Example A23

Synthesis of 2-[(2,4-dichlorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 2,4-dichlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.49 (m, IH), 7.22 (m, 2H) 5.98 (in, 1H), 4.52 (m, IH), 3.86 (in, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m, 1H) 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.80 (t, 3H).

Example A24

Synthesis of 2-[(4-bromophenyl)acetamido]butyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above and using 4-bromophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.43 (d, 2H), 7.19 (d, 2H) 5.85 (m, 1H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 3.81 (in, 2H), 3.47 (s, 2H), 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 1H) 0.84 (d, 6H), 0.76 (t, 3H).

C16H22NO3Br (MW = 356.26, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 358)).

-- 117- Example A25 Synthesis of 2-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetamidol)butyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3-chlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.12 (m, 1H) 5.80 (m, 1H), 4.52 (m, 1H), 3.86 (m, 2H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.67 (m, 1H) 0.88 (d, 6H), 0.77 (t, 3H). C16H22NO3C1 (ly'W = 311.81 Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 313)).

Example A26

Synthesis of 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3-fluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.01 (m, 3H) 5.95 (m, 1H), 4.54 (m, 1H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 1H) 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.81 (t, 3H).

C16H22NO3F (MW = 295.35 Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 296)).

Example A27

Synthesis of 2-[(benzothiazol-4-yl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 4-benzothiazol-4-yl acetic acid (Chemservice) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was

-- 118 - monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.51-7.21 (m, 4H) 5.84 (m, 1H), 4.51

(m, 1H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.79 (m, 2H), 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.58 (m, 1H) 0.80 (d, 6H), 0.66 (t, 3H).

Example A28

Synthesis of 2-[(2-methylphenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above and using 2-methylphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.18 (m, 4H), 5.79 (m, IH), 4.54 (m, 1H), 3.85 (m, 2H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.29 (s, 3H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.59 (m, 1H) 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.77 (t, 3H).

C17H25NO3 (MW= 291.39 Mass Spectroscopy (M' 291)).

Example A29

Synthesis of 2-[(2-fluorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 2-fluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 3H) 6.03 (m, IH), 4.54 (m, 1H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 1H) 0.88 (d, 6H), 0.80 Q, 3H).

-- 119- Example A30 Synthesis of 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 4-fluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure V above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCQ: 6 = 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.97 (ni, 2H) 5.87 (m, 1H), 4.492 (m, 1H), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 1.86 (m, 2H), 1.60 (m, 1H) 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.78 (t, 3H).

C16H122NO3F (MW = 295.35 Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 296)).

Example A31

Synthesis of 2-[(3-bromophenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 3-bromophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by dc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCQ: 3 = 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.23 (ni, 2H) 5.95 (m, 1H), 4.55 (m, 1H) 3.84 (in, 2H) 3.55 (s, 2H), 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.68 (m, IH) 0.91 (d, 6H), 0.81 (t, 3H).

C,, H22NO3Br (MW = 356.26 Mass Spectroscopy (M' 357)).

Example A32

Synthesis of 2-[(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above and using 3-trifluoromethyl phenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction

-- 120- was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.52 (m, W), 7.47 (m, 2H) 6.01 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.86 (in, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m, 1H) 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.80 Q, M). C17H22N03F3 (MW = 345.36 Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 345)).

Example A33

Synthesis of 2-[(2-thienyl)acetamidolbutyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above and using 2-thiopheneacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure P above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 6.89 (in, 3H), 6.07 (bd, 1H), 4.50 (m, 1H), 3.82 (in, 2H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 1.85 (in, 2H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 0.81 (d, 6H), 0.75 (t, 3H).

C14H2jN03S OW= 283.39, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 284)).

Example A34

Synthesis of 2-(phenylacetamido) butyric acid iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure H' above and using phenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and iso-butyl 2-aminobutyrate (prepared following General Procedure Y above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by chromatography on silica gel using 9:1 toluene: EtOAc as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 121 - S-ninr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.17-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.23 (bd, 1H), 4.51 (in, 1H), 3.86 (in, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 1.87 (in, 2H), 1.62 (in, 1H), 0.87 (d, 6H), 0.78 (t, 3H).

C16H23NO3 ~= 277.36, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 277)).

Example A35

Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl) valine 2-methylbutyl ester Step A. Preparation of N-(phenylacetyl) valine To a stirred solution of 5.15 g (44 mmol) of valine (Bachem) in 50 mL (100 mmol) of 2N NaOH cooled to O'C was added dropwise 5.3 mL (40 mmol) of phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich). A colorless oil precipitated. The reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 18 hours, washed with 50 mL diethyl ether, acidified to pH 2-3 with aqueous HCL The white precipitate formed was filtered off, washed thoroughly with water, followed by diethyl ether to give 7.1 g (30 mmol, 69% yield) of the title compound.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 12.63 (s, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, IH), 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.15 (in, IH), 3.56 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.8, Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3) "C-nmr

(DMSO-d6): 6 = 173.2, 170.4, 136.6, 129.0, 128.2, 126.3, 57. 1, 41.9, 30.0, 19.2, 18.0 C13H17N03 (MW=235.29; Mass Spectroscopy (MH' = 236)) Step B. Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl) valine 2-methylbutyl ester Following General Procedure C' and using the N-(phenylacetyl) valine prepared in Step A above and 2-methylbutan-l-ol (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a diastereomeric mixture. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 122- S-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.25-7.40 (m, 5F1), 5.95 (d, 111), 4.56 (m, 1H) ' 3.84-4.00 (m, 2F1), 3.61 (s, 2H), 2.10 (m, 1F1), 1.68 (m, 1F1), 1.38 (m, 1F1), 1.15 (m 1H), 1.1

"C-nmr (CDC13): 3 -~ 171.84, 171.81, 170.7, 134.6, 129.31, 129.27, 128.9, 127.3, 69.8, 57.0, 43.7, 33.9, 31.3, 25.9, 25.8,, 18.9, 17.4, 16. 34, 16.27, 11.12, 11.07.

C18H27NO3 (1~ = 305.42, Mass Spectroscopy (MH 306)).

Example A36

Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl)-Imethionine iso-butyl ester L-Methionine (0. 129g, 0. 869 mmols) (Aldrich) was taken-up in dioxane (5.0 mL) and treated with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (5. 0 mL) followed by phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich) (0. 114 mL, 0. 822 mmols). After stirring for 17 hours at room temperature the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, the layers separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2 with 5N HCl. The crude product was extracted into ethyl acetate, dried over sodium sulfate, vacuum dried and used without further purification.

N-phenylacetyl-L-methionine (0. 1285 g, 0.447 mmol) was dissolved in 3.0 mL dioxane and iso-butyl alcohol (0.2 mL) and treated with EDC (0.094 g, 0.492 mmol), and catalytic DMAP (0.015g). After stirring for 17 hours at 23'C, the mixture was evaporated at reduced pressure to an oil, the residue was diluted in EtOAc and washed with 0.1 N HCl and saturated sodium bicarbonate. Chromatography on silica gel using 98:2 CHC'3/MeOH as eluant provided the pure product.

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.4-7.23 (m, 5H), 6.14 (bd, 1H), 4.70 (m, 1H), 3.89 (d, 211), 3.62 (s, 2H), 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.12 (m, 111), 1.93 (m, 211), 0.94 (d, 6H).

C17H25NO3S (rV'W= 323.17, Mass Spectroscopy (M' 323)

-- 123 - Example A37 Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl)-I,-leucine iso-butYl ester L-Leucine (Aldrich) (0.114g, 0.869 mmols) was taken-up in dioxane (5.0 mL) and treated with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (5.0 mL) followed by phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich) (0. 114 mL, 0. 822 mmols). After stirring for 17 hours at room temperature the mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, the layers separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2 with SN HCl. The crude product was extracted into ethyl acetate, dried over sodium sulfate, vacuum dried and used without further purification.

N-Phenylacetyl-L-leucine (0.0081 g, 0.038 mmol) was dissolved in 2.0 mL CHC13 (EtOH free) and iso-butyl alcohol (0.055 mL) and treated with P EPC (100 mg, 0.87 milliequivalents). The mixture was rotated for 4 days, filtered through a plug of cotton and the filtrate evaporated at reduced pressure to an oil which was sufficiently pure for testing.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.22 (m, 5H), 5.57 (d, 1H), 4.35 (in, 1H), 3.35 (in, 3H), 1.35 (in, 4H), 0.68 (in, 9H).

C18H27NO3 (MW = 305.40, Mass Spectroscopy (M' 305)).

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine 3-methylbut-2-enyl ester Following General Procedure C' above and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and 3-methylbut-2-en-1-ol (Aldrich), the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 30% EtOAc/hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.39-7.16 (m, 4H), 6.06 (bd, 1H), 5.38-5.29 (m, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 9Hz, 2H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.7 (s, 3H), 1.39 (d, J = 9Hz, 3H).

-- 124- Example A39 Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine cyclopropyimethyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) andcyclopropylmethanol (Aldrich), the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.2-7.1 (m, 4H), 6.09 (bs, M), 4.6 (dq, J = 9 Hz, 111), 3.96 (dd, J = 9Hz, 2H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 1.2 (d, J = 911z, M), 1.2-1. 0 (in, M), 0.603-0.503 (m, 2H), 0.300-0.203 (in, 211).

Example A40

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllaianine 2-thienylmethyl esterFollowing General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and 2-thiophenemethanol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC1,): 6 = 7.37-6.97 (m, 7H), 5.97 (q, J = 14 Hz, 2H), 4.6 (dq, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 1.38 (d, J = 9Hz, 3H).

Example A41

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyl]alanine (1-methylcyclopropyl) methyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and (I -methylcyclopropyl) methanol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

-- 125 - NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 8.6 (bd, J = 9 Hz, W), 3.86 (q, j = 14 Hz, 2H), 3.4(s, 2H), 2.29 (q, J = 9 Hz, M), 1.3 (d, J = 9Hz, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.5 0.4 (in, 2H), 0.4-0.28 (m, 2H).

Example A42

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine 3-thienylmethyl esterFollowing General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and 3-thiophenemethanol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.03 (bd, J 9 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.5 (m, 1H), 7.47 (bs, IH), 7.4-7.17 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, J 9 Hz, 1H), 5.1 (s, 2H), 4.3 (dq, 1H), 1.3 (d, J = 9 Hz, 3H).

Example A43

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine 2-methylcyclopentyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and 2-methylcyclopentanol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

S-timr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.39-7.16 (in, 4H), 6.3 (bd, M), 4.79-4.7 (m, 1H), 4.6-4.25 (m, J = 9 Hz, M), 3.577 (s, 2H), 2.09-1.8 (m, 2H), 1.74-1.6 (m, 2H), 1.39 (dd, J = 9 Hz, 3H), 1.2 (dt, J = 9 Hz, 1H), 0.979 (dd, J = 9 Hz, 2H) C17H22NO3C1 (MW = 323.82, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 323).

-- 126- Example A44 Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine 2-methylprop-2-enyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and 2-methylprop-2-en-1-ol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.39-7.16 (m, 4H), 6.03 (bs, 1H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 4.7 4.29 (m, 3H), 2.59 (s, 2H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.43 (d, J = 9 Hz, 3H) Cj5HjgNO3C1 (rV'W= 295.76, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 295)).

Example A45

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyl]alanine cyclohex-2-enyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl alanine (from Example D' above) and cyclohex-2-en-l-ol (Aldrich) the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 EtOAc:hexane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3=8.6 (bd, J=9 Hz, 1H), 7.4-7.2 (m, 4H), 6.0-5.8 (M, 1H), 5.7-5.5 (m, 1H), 5.1 (bs, 1H), 4.13-4.29 (m, 1H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 2.1 1.9 (m, 2H), 1.8-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.49 (m, 4H), 1.3 (dd, J=9 Hz, M) C17H2ONO3C1 OY1W= 321.8, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 321.2)).

Example A46

Synthesis of N-[(2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl)acetyllalanineiso-butyI ester Following General Procedure F above, and using 5-(2-phenylbenzoxazol) yl-acetic acid (CAS# 62143-69-5) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure P above), the title compound was prepared.

-- 127- NMR data was as follows:

S-ninr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.24 (ra, 3H), 7.68 (in, 1H), 7.51 (m, 5H), 6.04 (m,

1H), 4.58 (m, IH), 3.85 (ra, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 1.9 (m, IH), 1.35 (d, 3H), 0.87 (d, 6H).

C22H24N2O4 (MW= 380, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 381)).

Example 47

Synthesis of N-[(3-methytthiophenyl)acetyllaianine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above, and using 3-methylthiophenylacetic acid (CAS# 18698-73-2) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure P above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.01 (in, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.88 (in, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, 3H) 0.85 (d, 6H).

C16H23NO3S (1~W= 309, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 310)).

Example A48

Synthesis of N-4-[(2-furyl)acetyl]alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above, and using 2-furylacetic acid (CAS# 2745-26-8) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.36 (m, IH), 6.34 (in, 1H), 6.21 (m, IH), 4.56 (in, IH), 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 1.92 (m, IH), 1.38 (d, M) 0.89 (d, 6H).

C13HI9NO4 (1y'W= 253, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 254)).

-- 128- Example A49 Synthesis of N-[(benzofuran-2-yl)acetyllalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above, and using benzofuran-2-ylacetic acid (Maybridge) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-ninr (CDCQ: 5 = 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.44 (in, 1H), 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.67 (s, 1H), 4.60 (in, 1H), 3.87 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.38 (d, 3H), 0.87 (d, 6H).

C17H2IN04 CY1W= 303, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 304)). Example A50

Synthesis of N-[(benzothiophen-3-yl)acetyl]alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above, and using thianaphthen-3-ylacetic acid (Lancaster) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nnir (CDCQ: 3 = 7.89 (m, IH), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.38 (m, 3H), 6.07 (in, 1H), 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.92 (in, 2H), 3.82 (s, 4H), 1.84 (in, 1H), 1.32 (d, 3H) 0.85 (d, 6H).

C17H21 N03S (MW= 319, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 320)), Example A51 Synthesis of N-[(2-chloro-5-thienyl)acetyllaianine iso-butyl ester Following

General Procedure I' above, and using 5-chloro-2 thienyl)acetic acid (CAS# 13669-19-7) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General

-- 129- Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-timr (CDCI,): 6 = 6.77 (m, 1H), 6.68 (d, W), 6.31 (bm, 1H), 4.59 (M, IH), 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.38 (s, 2H), 1.90 (m, IH), 1.39 (d, 3H) 0.89 (d, 6H).

C13HI8NO3SCI (" = 303, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 303)).

Example A52

Synthesis of N-[(3-methyllsoxazol-S-yl)acetyllalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above, and using (3-methyl-isoxazol-5 yl)acetic acid (CAS# 19668-85-0) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 6.07 (s, 2H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.92 (in, 2H), 3.68 (s, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.89 (d, 3F1) 0.91 (d, 6H).

C13H2ON2O4 (1~ = 268, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 269)). Example A53

Synthesis of N-[(2-phenylthiothienyl)acetyllalanineiso-butyI ester Following General Procedure I' above, and using (2-phenyl thiothienyl)acetic acid and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.21-7.11 (m, 611), 6.92 (d, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.87 (in, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.38 (d, 3H) 0.89 (d, 6H).

CjgH23N03S2 $Q^*'^{\sim} = 377$, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 378)).

-- 130- Example A54 Synthesis of

N-[(6-methoxybenzothiophen-2-yl)acetyllalanineiso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above, and using (6-methoxythianaphthen 2-yl)acetic acid and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure V above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.59 (d, 1H), 7.33 (d, 1H), 7.16 (s, IH), 7.03 (dd, 1H), 4.56 (m, W), 3.87(s, 3H), 3.84 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.30 (d, 3H) 0.86 (d, 6H).

C18H23NO4S (MW= 349, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 350)).

Example A55

Synthesis of N-[(3-phenyl-1,2,4-thiadiazol-S-yl)acetyllalanineiso-butyI ester Following General Procedure F above, and using (3-phenyl-1,2,4 thiadiazol-5-yl)acetic acid (CAS# 90771-06-5) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and

purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.47 (m, 5H), 4.66 (m, IH), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.91 (m, 2H), 1.93 (m, IH), 1.48 (d, 3H) 0.93 (d, 6H).

C17H21N303S (MW = 347, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 348)). Example A56

Synthesis of N-[2-phenyloxazol-4-yl)acetyllalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above, and using (2-phenyloxazol-4 yl)acetic acid (CAS# 22086-89-1) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The

-- 131 - reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

Example A57

Synthesis of N-[(3-methylphenyl)acetyljalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above, and using 3-methylphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.07 (m, 3H), 4.54 (in, 1H), 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.87 (in, 1H), 1.32 (d, 3H), 0.88 (d, 6H).

C16H23NO3 $0 \sim = 277$, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 278)).

Example A58

Synthesis of N-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)acetyl]alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above, and using 2,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.08-6.94 (m, 3H), 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 1.92 (in, 1H), 1.41 (d, 3H) 0.91 (d, 6H).

C15HjqN03F2 QVfW= 299, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 300)).

-- 132- Example A59 Synthesis of N-[(3,5-diflurophenyl)acetyllaianine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure 1' above, and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by dc on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 6.81 (in, 2H), 6.74 (in, IH), 6.06 (in, 1H), 4.57 (in, 1H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 1.94 (m, IH), 1.36 (d, 3H) 0.87 (d, 6H).

C15H19NO3F2 (MW= 299, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 300)).

Example A60

Synthesis of N-[(3-thienyl)acetyllalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure F above, and using 3-thiopheneacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDCQ: 6 = 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.14 (in, 1H), 7.01 (in, 1H), 6.09 (m, 1H), 4.58 (m, IH), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.37 (d, 3H) 0.92 (d, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 -52 (c 1 MeOH) @ 589 nm.

C13HI9NO3S (MW= 269, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 269)).

Example A61

Synthesis of N-[(4-methylphenyl)acetyll-lalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure I' above, and using 4-methylphenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure F above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc

-- 133 - on silica gel and purification was by filtration as described in the general procedure.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.11 (s, 4H), 5.93 (m, 1H), 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.88 (m, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.32 (d, 3H), 0.89 (d, 6H).

CI(,H23NO3 ~= 277.35, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 278)).

Example A62

Synthesis of N-(phenylacetyl)-1, alanine S-1-(methoxyearbonyl) iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure K' and using (S)-(+)-2-hydroxy-2 methylbutyric acid (Aldrich) in place of the amino acid, methyl (S)-(+) 2 hydroxy-2-methylbutyrate was prepared.

Methyl (S)-(+)-2-hydroxy-2-methylbutyrate was then coupled withcarbobenzyloxy-L-alanine (Aldrich) using General Procedure E' to provide carbobenzyloxy-L-alanine S-1-(methoxycarbonyl) iso-butyl ester.

Carbobenzyloxy-L-alanine S-1-(methoxycarbonyl) iso-butyl ester (1.0 g) was then dissolved in 20 mL of methanol and 6N HCl (0.5 mL) and 10% palladium on carbon (0. 1 g) were added. This reaction mixture was hydrogenated at 40 psi of hydrogen on a Parr apparatus for 5 hours at room temperature and then filtered through a pad of Celite. The filtrate was concentrated at reduced pressure to provide L-alanine S-1 (methoxycarbonyl) iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (98% yield). 'L-Alanine S-1-(methoxycarbonyl) iso-butyl ester hydrochloride was then coupled to phenylacetic acid using General Procedure G' to provide the title compound.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 7.35 - 7.20 (m, 5H), 6.22 (bd, 1H), 4.83 (d, W), 4.65(p, 111), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.55 (s, 2H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.40 (d, 3H), 0. 97 $(d\sim 3H)$, 0.93 (d, 3H).

"C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 :- 173.25, 171.18, 170.22, 135.11, 129.94, 129.50, 127.88, 52.67, 48.49, 43.98, 30.53, 19.21, 18.75, 17.58.

-- 134- Example A63 Synthesis of N-[(3-nitrophenyl)acetyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure H' above and using 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel and purification was by recrystallization from butyl chloride.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 8.17 (m, 2H), 7.68 (d, 1H), 7.52 (t, 111), 6.18 (m, 11-1), 4.48 (m, 111), 3.94 (in, 2H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.42 (d, 311), 0.91 (d, 314).

Optical Rotation: Rd23 -49 (c 5, Me011).

Example A64

Synthesis of N-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)acetyllalanine ethyl ester Following General Procedure G' and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine ethyl ester (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid with a melting point of 93'-95*C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel (Rf = 0.8 in EtOAQ and purification was by chromatography on silica gel using EtOAc as the eluant followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.30 (d, 314); 3.52 (s, 2H).

C13H15NO3F2 (MW = 271.26, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 271)).

Example A65

Synthesis of N-[(3-nitrophenyl)] acetyl] methionine ethyl ester Following General Procedure G' above and using 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and methionine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by recrystallization from butyl chloride.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 135 - 'H-nmr (CDCI,): b = 8.18 (s, 1H), 8.15 (d, 11-1) 7.66 (d, 1H), 7.48 (t, W), 6.30 (m, W), 4.67 (m, 1H), 4.21 (t, 211), 3.67 (s, 2H), 2.47 (t, 2H), 2.12 (m, 2 H), 2.08 (s, 3E1), 1.27 (t, 311).

Optical Rotation: 1a123 -30 (c 5, MeOH).

Example A66

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyl]alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure G' above and using 3-chlorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine iso-butyl ester (prepared following General Procedure J' above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel.

NMR data was as follows: $^{1}H-nmr$ (C1)CQ: 3=7.29 (m, 311), 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.0 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 1.91 (m, 111), 1.39 (d, 3 H), 0.91 (d, 3E1).

Optical Rotation: 1a123 -45 (c 5, MeOH).

C151420NO3C1 ~= 297.78, Mass Spectroscopy (M11' 297)).

Example A67 Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyl]alanine 2- (N, N-diinethylamino) ethyl ester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-(3-chlorophenyl acetyl)alanine (from Example D' above) and 2-(N,N-dimethyl amino) ethanol (Aldrich), the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 0. 1: 2:0.79 NH40H:EtOH:CHC13 as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (CDC1,): 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.33-7.2 (m, 311), 4.675-4.6 (m, 1H), 4.5 4.37 (m, 111), 4.25-4.13 (m, 111), 3.6 (d, J=7 Hz, 211), 2.86 (bs, 2H), 2.3 (s, 6H), 1.23 (d, J=9 Hz, 3H). C15H2lN2O3C' QV'W= 313.799, Mass Spectroscopy (M' 313)).

-- 136- Example A68 Synthesis of 2-[(3,5-dichlorophenyl)acetamidolhexanoic acid methyl ester Following General Procedure F' above, an using 3,5-dichlorophenylacetic acid (from Example C' above) and L-norleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 77'-78'C. The reaction was monitored by tIc on silica gel (Rf = 0.70 in 40% EtOACMexanes) and purification was by flash chromatography on silica gel using 40% EtOAclhexanes as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 5 = 7.20 (s), 7.18 (s), 6.6 (m), 4.55 (m), 3.7 (s), 3.5 (S), 3.4 (s), 2.0 (s), 1.8 (m), 1.6 (m), 1.2 (m), 0.8 (t).

"C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 173.54, 169.67, 138.43, 135.72, 128.33, 128.07, 78.04, 77.62, 77.19, 53.04, 52.90, 43.14, 32.57, 27.87, 22.81, 14.41.

Example A69 Synthesis of N- $\{(3,5\text{-diclorophenyl})\text{ acetyll-lalanine iso-butyl ester}$ Following General Procedure F' above, and using 3,5-dichlorophenylacetic acid (from Example C' above) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 115'- 1 16'C. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel (Rf = 0.40 in 3% methanol/dichloromethane) and purification was by flash chromatography on silica gel using 3% methanol/dichloromethane as the eluant.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 7.27 (d, J = 2 Hz, 111), 7.19 (s, 2H), 6.22 (d, J 6 Hz, 111), 4.59 (quint., J = 7 Hz, 1H), 3.9 (q, J = 4 Hz, 2H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 1.9 (m, 111), 1.4 (d, J = 7 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J = 7 Hz, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.45, 169.37, 138.31, 135.75, 128.39, 128.11, 78.04, 77.61, 77.19, 72.19, 54.03, 48.97, 43.12, 28.24, 19.52, 19.49, 19.09.

C15H19NO3C'2 (rV'W= 331.9, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 332)).

-- 137- Example A70 Synthesis of N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-1,,-alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' above, and using cyclohexylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 920C 9YC. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel (Rf = 0.39 in 1:3 EtOAc:hexane) and purification was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2C03 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 0.93 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H), 0.85-1.01 (m, 2H), 1.05 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.40 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.60-1.85 (m, 6H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 2.06 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 4.61 (m, 1H), 6.08 (bd, 1H).

OC-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 18.7, 18.9, 26.0, 26.1, 27.6, 33.0, 35.3, 44.6, 47.9, 71.4, 171.8, 173.3.

C15H27NO3 ($1 \sim 269.39$, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 270)).

Example A71

Synthesis of N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-1, alanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' above, and using cyclopentylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 62'C WC. The reaction was monitored by fic on silica gel (Rf = 0.37 in 1:3 EtOAc:hexane) and purification was by extraction with Et20 followed by washes with aqueous K2CO3 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 6 = 0.87 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6H), 1.01-1.17 (m, 2H), 1.34 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.40-1.62 (m, 4H), 1.70-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 3H), 3.86 (m, 2H), 4.55 (m, 1H), 6.30 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H).

'C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 18.4, 18.78, 18.80, 24.8 (very high), 27.5, 32.27, 32.32, 36.9, 42.5, 47.7, 71.2, 172.2, 173.2.

-- 138- Elemental Analysis-Calc (%): C, 65.85; H, 9.87; N, 5.49; Found (%): C, 66.01; H, 10.08; N, 5.49.

C14H25NO3 QVfW = 255.36, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 256)).

Example A72

Synthesis of N-[(cyclohex-l-enyl)acetyll-lalanine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure B' above, and using cyclohex-l-enyl acetic acid (Alfa) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (from Example B' above), the title compound was prepared as a solid having a melting point of 49'C-51'C. The reaction was monitored by dc on silica gel (Rf = 0.40 in 1:3 EtOAc:hexane) and purification was by extraction with Et,0 followed by washes with aqueous K2C03 and aqueous HCL NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDCI,): 3 = 0.91 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.40 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.52-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.97 (in, 3H), 2.06 (bs, 2H), 2.89 (s, 2H), 3.92 (in, 2H), 4.59 (m, 1H), 5.65 (s, IH), 6.33 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.7, 18.91, 18.93, 21.9, 22.7, 25.3, 27.6, 28.3, 46.1, 47.9, 71.4, 127.1, 132.5, 170.6, 173.1.

Elemental Analysis-Calc (%): C, 67.38; H, 9.42; N, 5.24; Found (%): C, 67.34; H, 9.54; N, 5.16.

C15H25NO3 (" = 267.37, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 268)).

Example A73

NMR data was as follows:

Synthesis of N-[(3-chlorophenyl)acetyllalanine 3-methylbut-2-enyl thioester Following General Procedure C' above, and using N-[(3 chlorophenyl)acetyll alanine and 3-methyl-2-butene thioester (TCI), the title compound can be prepared. The reaction was monitored by tIc on silica gel and purification was by liquid chromatography using 3:7 \pm EtOAc:Hexane as the eluant.

-- 139- 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 5.2-5.075 (in, 1H), 4.37 (dq, J = 9 Hz, 111), 3.56 (s), 3.43 (d, J = 12 Hz, 2H), 1.266 (d, J = 12 Hz, 611) 1.3 (d, J = Hz, 3H).

Cj6H2ONO2ClS (MW= 325.86, Mass Spectroscopy (M' 325)).

Example A74

Synthesis of N-[(2-phenyl)-2-fluoroacetyl]alanine ethyl ester Following General Procedure F1 above, and using ci-fluorophenyl acetic acid (Aldrich) and alanine ethyl ester (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel (Rf = 0. 75 in 1: 1 EtOAc:hexane) and purification was by chromatography on silica gel using 1:2 ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.14 (q, 311), 1. 34 (d, 3H), 4.07 (m, 2H), 4.33 (in, 111), 5.84 (d, 111), 6.01 (d, 111), 7.40-7.55 (m, 51-1), 8.87 (m, 111). C13H16N03F (MW = 253.27, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 253)).

Example A75

Synthesis of N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-1,phenylglycine methyl ester Following General Procedure F above, and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-plienylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.4 - 7.3 (m, 511), 6.9 - 6.7 (m, 3H), 6.55 (d 1H, 7.1 Hz), 5.56 (d 1H 7 Hz), 3.72 (s 3H), 3.57 (s 211) 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 197.6, 177.6, 171.8, 169.3, 136.7, 129.6, 129.3, 127.8, 113.0, 112.9, 112.7, 111.4, 103.8, 103.5, 65.1, 57.2, 53.5, 45.1, 43.3, 43.3 C17HI5NO3F2 NW= 319.31, Mass Spectroscopy (MH +320)).

Example 76

-- 140- Synthesis of N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-phenylglycine iso-butyl ester The 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) was EDC coupled to L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) via General Procedure above.

The resulting compound was placed in a large excess of the desired alcohol. A catalytic amount of dry NaH was added, and the reaction was followed by tic until the presence of starting material was no longer detected.

The reaction was quenched with a few milliliters of IN HCI, and after a few minutes of stirring saturated aqueous NaHCO, was added. The volume of the reaction mixture was reduced on a rotary evaporator until the excess alcohol was removed and then the remaining residue was taken up in ethyl acetate and additional water was added. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous NaCl and dried over MgSO,. The solution was stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator, and the crude product residue was then further purified by chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.35-7.3 (m 5H), 6.8-6.7 (m 3H) 6.60 (d 1H, 7 Hz), 5.55 (d 1H 7.1 Hz), 3.9 (m 211), 3.60 (s 2H), 1.85 (m IH 7 Hz), 0.8 (q 6H 7 Hz) 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6:--171.3, 169.3, 165.4, 138.5, 137.0, 129.5, 129.2, 127.6, 113.1, 113.0, 112.8, 112.7, 103.8, 103.5, 103.2, 75.5, 57.2, 43.4, 43.3, 28.2, 19.3 C20112IN03F2 Q*1W = 361.39, Mass Spectroscopy (MH +362)).

Example A77

Synthesis of N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-Iphenylglycine methyl ester Following General Procedure D' above, and using cyclopentylacetic acid (Aldrich) with L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) the title compound was prepared.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 141 - 'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6= 7.35 (s, 511), 6.44 (bd, IH), 5.6 (d, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.24 (bs, 3H), L9-1.4 (m, 6H), 1.2-1.05 (m, 211) 13 C-nmr (CDC13): & = 172.3, 171.7, 136.7, 129.0, 128.6, 127.3, 56.2, 52.7, 42.5, 36.9, 32.40, 32.38, 24.8

Example A78

Synthesis of N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-1, alanine methyl ester Following General Procedure D' above, and using cyclopentylacetic acid (Aldrich) with L-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) the title compound was prepared.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 6.38 (d, 1H), 4.50 (m, IH), 3.65 (s, 3H), 2.13 (bs, 3H), 1.80-1.00 (m (includes d at 1.30, 311), 11 H) 13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 - 173.7, 172.5, 52.1, 47.6, 42.3, 36.8, 32.15, 32.14, 18.0 C11H19NO3 (MW= 213.28, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 214)).

Example A79

Synthesis of N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester Following General Procedure D' above, and using cyclopropylacetic acid (Aldrich) with L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 7.35 (m, 5H) 6.97 (bd, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H) 5.59 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.05-0.95 (m, 1H), 0.62 (m, 2H), 0.02 (m, 2H) 'C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 171.9, 174.6, 136.6, 129.0, 128.5, 127.2, 56.1, 52.7, 41.0, 6.9, 4.37, 4.33

-- 142- Example A80 Synthesis of N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-I,-alanine methyl ester Following General Procedure D' above, and using cyclopropylacetic acid (Aldrich) with L-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=6.60 (d, 1H), 4.55 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.10 (m, 211), 1.34 (d, 3H), 0.95 (m, 1H), 0.58 (m, 2H) 0.15 (m, 2H) 13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 5:=173.7, 172.3, 52.3, 47.7, 41.0, 18.2, 6.7, 4.27, 4.22 Example A81 Synthesis of N-[(3-nitrophenyi)acetyll-I-, methionine iso-butyl ester Following General Procedure H' above, and using nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-methionine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a tan oil. The reaction was monitored by tlc on silica gel.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8.16 (m, 2H) 7.67 (d, 111) 7.32 (t, 1H), 6.31 (bd, 1H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 3.90 (d, 211), 3.68 (s, 2H), 2.47 (t, 2H), 2.15 (m, 111), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.90 (m, 211), 0.91 (d, 6H).

C17H24N2O5S (MW= 368.4, Mass Spectroscopy (MH' 368)).

The following General Procedures A"-B" and Examples B1-B2 illustrate the

synthesis of N-(aryl/heteroarylacetyl)amino acid starting materials useful in this invention. Other N-(aryl/heteroarylacetyl)amino acids can be prepared using these procedures from commercially available or known starting materials.

-- 143- GENERAL PROCEDURE A" Acid Chloride Preparation 3,5-Difluorophenylacetic acid (30 g, 0. 174 mol) (Aldrich) was dissolved in dichloromethane and this solution was cooled to O'C. DMF (0.5 mL, catalytic) was added followed by the dropwise addition of oxalyl chloride (18 mL, 0. 20 mol) over a 5 minute period. The reaction was stirred for 3 h and then rotoevaporated at reduced pressure to a residue which was placed on a high vacuum pump for I h to afford 3,5-difluorophenylacetyl chloride as a thin yellow oil. Other acid chlorides can be prepared in a similar manner.

GENERAL PROCEDURE B"

Schotten-Bauman Procedure

3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl chloride (from General Procedure A") was added dropwise to a 0 " C solution of L-alanine (Aldrich) (16.7 g, 0. 187 mol) in 2 N sodium hydroxide (215 mL, 0.43 mol). The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 0^* C and then overnight at room temperature. The reaction was diluted with water (100 mL), then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 150 mL). The organic layer was then washed with brine (200 mL), dried over MgS04, and rotoevaporated at reduced pressure to a residue. Recrystallization of the residue from ethyl acetate/hexanes afforded the desired product (34.5 g, 82 % yield). Other acid chlorides may be used in this procedure to provide for intermediates useful in this invention.

Example B I

Synthesis of N-ftenylacetyl)-1, alanine
Following General Procedure B" above, title compound was prepared from
phenylacetyl chloride (Aldrich) and L-alanine (Aldrich) as a solid having
a melting point of 102-104'C.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 144- 'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 9.14 (br s, M), 7.21-7.40 (m, 5H), 6.20 (d, J 7.0 Hz, M), 4.55 (m, M), 3.61 (s, 2H), 1.37 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, M).

"C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 =": 176.0, 171.8, 134.0, 129.4, 127.5, 48.3, 43.2, 17.9.

Example B2

Synthesis of N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-alanine Following General Procedure W' above, the title compound was prepared from 3,5-difluorophenylacetyl chloride (from General Procedure A" above) and L-alanine (Aldrich).

N-MR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 8.32 (br s, 0.3H), 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.60 (m, M), 4.74 (br s, 1. M), 4.16 (m, 1 H), 3.36 (s, 2H), 1.19 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, M).

OC-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 175.9, 172.4, 164.4 (dd, J = 13.0, 245.3 Hz), 141.1, 113.1 (dd, J = 7.8, 17.1 Hz), 102.9 (t, J = 25.7 Hz), 49.5, 42.7, 17.5.

The following General Procedures A-C'" and Examples C1-C8 illustrate the synthesis of dipeptide ester starting materials useful in this invention. Other dipeptide esters can be prepared using these procedures from commercially available or known starting materials.

GENERAL PROCEDURE A' EDC Coupling Procedure

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at O'C or room temperature was charged with THF, carboxylic acid (1.0 eq), an amine or amine hydrochloride (1. 1 eq.), 1 hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1. 15-1.2 eq.), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.2-2.9 eq.), followed by 1 (3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (1. 15-1. eq.). The cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature with stirring for 10-20 hours. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc

-- 145 - and washed with 0.5 N aqueous HC1 (2x), dilute aqueous NaHC03 (1 x), brine (lx) and dried over either Na2SO4 or MgS04. The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The residue was either used without further purification or purified using standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE B'

Removal of the N-tert-Boc Protecting Group The N-tert-Boc-amine was dissolved in a suitable dry solvent (such as 1, 4 dioxane or ethyl acetate) and the solution was cooled in an ice bath. Gaseous HQ was introduced into the solution until the mixture was saturated with HCL The mixture was then stirred until the reaction was complete. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to yield the amine hydrochloride. The amine hydrochloride was used without purification or was triturated using, for example, diethyl ether and the resulting solid was collected by filtration.

GENERAL PROCEDURE C'

EEDO Coupling Procedure

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under as atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with THF, a carboxylic acid (1 eq.), an amine hydrochloride (1.1 eq.), and 2-ethoxy-1-ethoxycarbonyl-1,2 dihydroquinoline (EEDQ) (1. 1 eq). The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 15 minutes and then 4-methylmorpholine (1. 1 eq) was added and stirring was continued at room temperature for 15-20 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was separated and washed with saturated aqueous NH4C1 (2x), saturated aqueous NaHCO3 (2x), followed by brine (1x).

The organic phase was then dried over Na2SO4 and the drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The residue was

-- 146- either used without further purification or purified using standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

Example C1

Synthesis of

N-(IMethionine)-I.-phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tert-butoxyearbonyl)-L methionine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C2

Synthesis of

 N^- (2-Aminobutanoyl)-I., phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tert-butoxyearbonyl)-2 aminobutyric acid (Sigma) and L-plienylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam.

The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C3
Synthesis of

N-(IA, eucine) -1, phenyIgIycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L leucine (Sigma) and L-plienyIgIycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude

dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

-- 147- Example C4 Synthesis of N-(I, Phenylalanine)-1.-phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A.. and using N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L phenylalanine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam.

The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C5

Synthesis of

N-(Glycine)-I,-phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)glycine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude is dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C6 Synthesis of

N-(I,Phenylglycine)-I,phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure C' and using <math>N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L phenylalanine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam.

The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C7
Synthesis of

N-(I, Valine) -L-phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride

-- 148- Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tertp-butoxycarbonyl)-L valine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

Example C8 Synthesis of

N-[(S)-2-Aminocyclohexylacetyl)-L-phenylglycine Methl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure A' and using N-(tert-butoxycarbortyl) \sim (S) aminocyclohexylacetic acid (e.g., Boc-L-cyclohexylglycine) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the Boc-protected dipeptide was prepared as a crude solid or foam. The resulting crude dipeptide was deprotected using General Procedure B' to afford the title compound as a crude solid or foam.

The following Examples 131-134 illustrate the synthesis of various intermediates useful as starting materials for this invention. Similar intermediates can be prepared using these procedures and commercially

available or known starting materials.

Example D1 Synthesis of

3,5-Difluorophenyi-ct-nuoroacetic Acid

Methyl 3,5-difluoromandelate was prepared following General Procedure G below and using commmerically available 3,5-difluoromandelic acid. The resultant a-hydroxy methyl ester was fluorinated according to the general procedure described in W. J. Middleton, et al., Org. Synth. Col. Vol. VI, 835.

Specifically, a solution of diethylarninosulfur trifluoride (1. 1 eq) in CH2C12 was cooled to VC and treated with methyl 3,5-difluoromandelate (1.0 eq) as a solution in CH2C12. After 10 min. the cooling bath was removed and the

-- 149- reaction was stirred at ambient temperature for 30 min. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.65, 1:1 ethyl acetate/hexanes). The mixture was then poured onto ice and the layers separated. The organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous NaHC03 and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na2S04, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The product was purified by LC2000 chromatograpy (180 mL/min) using 10% EtoAc/hexanes as the eluent.

The resulting methyl 3,5-difluorophenyl-ce-fluoroacetate was hydrolyzed by dissolving the ester in 70% aqueous dioxane and treating with lithium hydroxide (2.0 eq.). No starting material remained by tic after 2 h. The dioxane was removed via rotary evaporation. The aqueous mixture was first washed with ethyl acetate and then acidified with 0.01 N HCL The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The crude solid was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/hexanes affording 3,5-difluorophenyl-u-fluoroacetic acid as a white solid having a melting point of 90-1 10'C.

 $C81-15173020 \sim = 190.1$); mass spectroscopy: 190.1.

Example D2 Synthesis of

-78 * C.

(S)-2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylprop-1-ylamine (S) -2-11ydroxy-2- methyl-1 -phenylprop-1 -ylamine was prepared by adding 5.0 equivalents of methyl magnesium bromide to a solution of L plienylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride in THF at 0 C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour and then quenched with sodium bicarbonate. After standard work-up conditions, the residue was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10 % Me011/CHC13 as the eluent.

Example D3
Synthesis of
Methyl (S)-2-Amino-2- (6-methoxy-2-naphthyl) acetate

--150- (S)-2-(tert-ButOxycarbonylamino)-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)acetic acid was prepared from 2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)acetic acid according to the general method described by D.A. Evans, et al., J. Amer. Chem. Soc., (1990), 112, 4011-4030. Briefly, (S)-3-(6-methoxy-2-naphthylacetyl)-4-benzyl-2 ozazolidinone was converted to (S)-3-[(S)-6-methoxy-2-naphthyl-ci azidoacetyl) 4-benzyl-2-ozazolidinone via standard enolate azidation procedures using potassium 1, 1, 1,3,3,3-hexamethyldisilazane and trimethylsilyl azide at

Treatment of the azide derivative with 3 equivalents of lithium hydroxide in THF then provided (S)-2-azido-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl) acetic acid. Reduction of this intermediate, as its sodium salt, in 1:1

1,4-dioxane/water (0.05 M) with 1 atm of hydrogen, 10% Pd/C at 250C afforded (S)-2-azido-2-(6-methoxy-2 naphthyl)acetic acid, which was then converted, without isolation, to its N-Boc derivative on treatment with 1.4 equivalents of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate and 0.47 equivalents of sodium carbonate. The product was isolated by the acidification to pH 2 with 1 N NaHS04and extraction with three portions of ethyl acetate. The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate/hexanes to afford a white solid, m.p. = $176 \times C$ (shrink); $197 - 199 \, C$ (dec).

NMR data was as follows:

'HMR (DMSO-d6): 6 = 12.78 (s, 1H), 7.84-7.77 (m, 3H), 7.62 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J=8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=2 Hz, IH), 7.17 (dd, J=9, 2 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J=8 Hz, IH), 3.87 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 9H).

(S)-2-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)-2-(6-methoxy-2-naphthyl)acetic acid was then converted into the methyl ester using General Procedure G below. The methyl ester was then dissolved in CH2C12 and this solution cooled to WC.

Trifluoroacetic acid (50 molar eq.) was added and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirring was continued for 2 hrs. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and the residue extracted into CH2C12 and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic layer was dried over Na2S04, filtered and concentrated to yield methyl (S)-2-amino-2-(6 methoxy-2 naphthyl) acetate.

-- 151 - Example D4 Synthesis of Methyl 2-Amino-2-(thieno[2,3-blthiophen-2-yl)acetate To a 3.75 mole equivalents of sodium hydride (oil free) was added DMF and the resulting mixture was cooled to O'C. A solution of methyl thieno[2,3 blthiophen-2-carboxylate (1 mole eq.) and methyl methylsulfinyl methyl sulfide (1. 1 mole eq.) in DMF was then added dropwise and the reaction mixture was stirred at O'C for 30 min and then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirring was continued for 3 h. The reaction was then quenched with methanol and the product extracted into EtOAc. The organic extracts were washed with water followed by brine, and then dried over Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated to give a gummy brown oil. The residue was slurried in diethyl ether and the resulting solid collected. The solid was then dissolved in hot ethyl acetate and decolorizing carbon was added. The mixture was then filtered and solvent removed to give a solid, which was used without further purification.

Acetic anhydride (10 mole eq.) and acetic acid (1.8 mole eq.) were mixed together and heated to 70'C for 15 min. and then cooled to 65'C. The solid sulfone from above was added in portions and the reaction was allowed to stir at 70'C for 30 min. and then cooled and concentrated. The resulting solid was taken up in ethyl acetate and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution, followed by I N Na2S203 solution. The solution was then dried overMgS04, filtered and concentrated to give methyl 2-keto-2-(thieno[2,3-b]thiophen 2 yl)thioacetate as a solid, which was used without further purification.

To the 2-keto compound (0.0165 moles) (4.0g) was added 270 mL of methanol and 16.5 mL of 1 N Na011. The reaction was allowed to stir for 6 h at room temperature and then methoxyamine (1.38 g, 0.0165 moles) was added and stirring was continued for 18 h. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and the residue dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with water.

The aqueous layer was then acidified with in 14C1 and the oily product was

-- 152- extracted into ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The organic

layer was dried over MgS04, filtered and concentrated to give 4.0 g of 2-(hydroxyimino) 2 (thieno[2,3-blthiophen-2-yl)acetic acid as a yellow solid.

The methyl ester was then prepared using General Procedure G below and the oxime was reduced to an amino group using General Procedure R below to afford methyl 2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3-blthiophen-2-yl)acetate.

Example D5
Synthesis of

N-Methyl-N'-BOC-Leucinamide

A solution of 0.9968 g (4 mmol) of N-BOC-leucine (Bachem) and 1.2323 g (7.6 mmol) of CD1 in 40 mL of THF was stirred for I hour, and then 0. 5402 g (8 mmol) of methylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) and 0.8092 g (8 mmol) of N methylmorpholine were added. The mixture was stirred for 16 hours, evaporated at reduced pressure to dryness, and the residue was washed thproughly with water, 1N NaOH, water, followed by diethyl ether to yield 0.886 g (3.09 mmol, 70%) of the title compound.

Example D6

Synthesis of N-BOC-Norieucine arnide

To a stirred mixture of 3.47 g (15 mmol) of BOC-norleucine (Bachem), 3.44 g (22.5 mmol) of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate and 50 mL of dichloromethane at O'C was added 3.45 g (1.2 mmol) of EDC. The resulting mixture was stirred at O'C for I hour and then ammonia gas was bubbled through the mixture for 10 min. The cooling bath was allowed to warm to room temperature and the mixture stirred for 18 hours. The mixture was evaporated at reduced pressure to dryness, triturated with 20% Na2CO3. The resulting solid was collected by filtration and washed with water to yield 2.69 g (11.7 mmol, 78 %) of the title compound.

-- 153 - Example D7 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll-I,alanine The title compound was prepared by dissolving 1.98 g (0.006 mols) of N [N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester (from Example 85 below) in 60 ml, dioxane and 15 ml, of H20 and adding LiOH (0.25 g, 0.006 mol) that has been dissolved in 15 mL of H20. After stirring for 3 hours, the dioxane was removed under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with EtOAc, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2.

The aqueous layer was back extracted with EtOAc (4 X 100 ml), and the combined organics were dried over Na2SO4 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure after filtration. The residue was recrystallized from EtOAc/isooctane giving 1.7 g (90 %). C, 4H, 6F2N2O4 requires C, 53.50 H, 5. 13 N, 8.91. Anal found C, 53.30 H, 5.26 N, 8.98.

Example D8

Synthesis of m-Nitrophenylacetyl-1, alanine 2,4,5-Trichlorophenyl Ester m-Nitrophenylacetyl-L-alanine (1 eq.) and 2,4,5-tricholophenol (1.3 eq.) were stirred in dicholomethane. A 1.0 M solution of 1,3 dicyclohexyicarbodiimide in dichloromethane (1.2 eq.) was added and the mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 16 hours. The resulting mixture was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting oil was purified by silica gel chromatography using 1:2 ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluant to provide the title compound as a pink solid. For C17H, 3C13N2O5: Calc. 47.30% C, 3.04% H, 6.49% N. Found 47.57% C, 3.18% H, 6.47% N. Example D9

Synthesis of

D, L-ix-Methylphenylglycine Ethyl Ester

-- 154- The title was prepared using the procedures described in J.J. Fitt and H.

W. Gschwend, J. Org. Chem., 42, No. 15, 2639 (1977). More specifically, D,L-phenylglycine (Aldrich) was stirred in dimethylformamide dimethylacetal and the mixture was heated at reflux under an atmosphere of dry nitrogen for 4 hours. After cooling, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to provide a yellow oily solid. The mixture was slurried in diethyl ether and filtered through Celite. The filtrate was concentrated to an orange oil which was purified by vacuum distillation to provide a yellow oil which solidified.

The yellow solid was stirred in dry THF at -20 C under dry nitrogen. Lithium bis(trimethylsilyl)amide (1.05 eq, LOM solution in THF) was added dropwise.

The resulting mixture was allowed to warm to -10 C and stirring was continued for 1 hour at that temperature. Methyl iodide (1.05 eq) was added and the mixture was allowed to warm ambient temperature with stirring. After 14 hours, the mixture was concentrated. The residue was partitioned between aqueous potassium carbonate and chloroform. The organic portion was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was purified by silica gel chromatography to yield a yellow oil. The yellow oil was stirred in absolute ethanol. Dry zinc chloride (4 eq.) was added and the mixture was heated at reflux. After 14 hours, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to provide a yellow oil. The oil was partitioned between aqueous potassium carbonate and chloroform. The organic portion was dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The title compound was purified by silica gel chromatography.

Example D10 Synthesis of

D,L-Phthalimidoalanine Ethyl Ester Hydrochloride N-(Diphenylmethylene)glycine ethyl ester (1 eq.) (Aldrich) was stirred in dry THF at -78'C under an atmosphere of dry nitrogen. Lithium bis(trimethylsiyl)amide (1.02 eq, 1.0 M solution in THF) was added dropwise.

The resulting mixture was stirred I hour at -78 °C. A THF solution of N (bromomethyl)phthalimide (1. 1 eq) (Aldrich) was added and the mixture was

-- 155 - allowed to warm to ambient temperature and then stirring was continued for 1 hour. Hydrochloric acid (600mL, 2N) was added and the mixture was stiffed for 20 minutes. The THF was removed on a rotoevaporator. The resulting aqueous mixture was washed with diethyl ether, and then concentrated (to 100 mL) to yield a thick slurry. A white solid was collected, washed with cold water and dried in a vacuum oven to yield the title compound which was used without further purification.

Example D 11 Synthesis of

N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-1, alanine

The title compound was prepared by dissolving 9.27 g (0.0348 mols) of the N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alanine methyl ester in 60 mL of dioxane and 15 mL of H20 and adding LiOH (3.06 g, 0.0731 mol) that has been dissolved in 15 mL of H20. After stirring for 4 hours, the dioxane was removed under reduced pressure and the residue diluted with EtOAc, the layers were separated and the aqueous layer acidified to pH 2. The aqueous layer was back extracted with EtOAc (4 X 100 nil), the combined organics were dried over Na2SO4 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure after filtration. The residue was recrystallized from EtOAc/isooctane giving

7.5 g (85 %). C1IHI2N2O5 requires C, 52.38 H, 4.80 N, 11. 11. Anal found C, 52.54 H, 4.85 N, 11. 08.

1a123 = -29.9 @ 589 tim.

Example D 12 Synthesis of

Methyl 2-Amino-2- (3-fluorophenyl) acetate Hydrochloride Potassium cyanide (6.3, 0.1 mol) and ammonium carbonate (15.7 g, 0.2 mol) were dissolved in 50 mL of water (in a well ventilated fume hood). 3 Fluorobenzaldehyde (5.0 g, 0.04mol) was dissolved in 50 mL of EtOH and added to the reaction. After stirring at reflux under nitrogen atmosphere for 17 hours, the reaction was cooled to 23°C, the pH adjusted to 2.0 by the addition of 5 N HG and cooled to 5'C. The resulting hydantoin was collected, rinsed

-- 156- with cold water and vacuum dried giving 3.59 of an off-white solid. The hydantoin was hydrolyzed at reflux using 1 N NaOH giving 2-amino-2-(3 fluorophenyl) acetic acid which was esterified via Procedure H in methanol to give the title compound.

Example D13

Synthesis of

N-[N-(S)-2-Aminobutanoyll-1,phenylglycine ted-Butyl ester A mixture ofN-[N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (4.13 g) (prepared from N (benzyloxycarbonyl) (S)-2-aminobutanoic acid (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Novabiochem) using General Procedure D) and 20% $Pd(OH\sim/C\ (0.360\ g)\ in$ EtOH (200 mL) was shaken in a Parr Apparatus under a hydrogen atmosphere (40 psi) for 4 hours. The solids were removed by filtration through a plug of Celite, while rinsing with EtOH. The filtrate was concentrated to an off-white oil, which was used without further purification. 'H-NMR in CDC13 revealed that - 10% trans-esterification to the ethyl occurred during this reaction. The ethyl ester was removed by flash chromatography ϵ after subsequent reaction of this compound.

Example D14 Synthesis of

N-[N-1,Valinyl1-1,-phenylglycine ted-Butyl ester A mixture of N-[N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine tert butyl ester(4.63 g) (prepared from N-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-L-valine (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Novabiochem) using General Procedure D) and 20% Pd(OH)2'C (0.360 g) in EtOH (200 mL) was shaken in a Parr Apparatus under a hydrogen atmosphere (40 psi) for 4 hours.

The solids were removed by filtration through a plug of Celite, while rinsing with EtOH. The filtrate was concentrated to an off-white solid, which was used without further purification. IH-NMR in CDC13 revealed that - 1 % trans-esterification to the ethyl occurred during this reaction. The ethyl ester

-- 157- was removed by flash chromatography after subsequent reaction of this compound.

Example D15 Synthesis of

(S)-Phenylglycinol Methyl Ether

(S)-(+)-2-phenylglycinol (I eq.) (Aldrich) was stirred in dry THF under an atmosphere of dry nitrogen. Sodium hydride (1 eq.) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred for 1 hour at ambient temperature. A THF solution of iodomethane (1 eq.) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. The mixture was concentrated to provide a residue which was taken up in water and extracted with chloroform. The organic extracts were

concentrated under reduced pressure to yield the title compound as an oil which was purified by silica gel chromatography to yield a crude product which was used without further purification.

Example D16 Synthesis of

(S)-2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-l-phenylprop-1-ylamine To a stirred, cooled (O'C) suspension of 5.6 g (27.8 mmol) of L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) in 200 mL of dry THF was added methylmagnesium bromide (46.3 mL, 138.9 mmol, 3.0 M in diethyl ether). During the addition, the internal temperature increased to 24'C.

Stirring was continued for 1 hour, after which the reaction was carefully quenched by addition of saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The reaction mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution, back extracting the aqueous layer with 3 volumes of ethyl acetate.

The combined organics were dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure. The product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel, eluting with 10% methanol in chloroform (neutralized with ammonium hydroxide) to afford 1.96 g to the title compound.

-- 158- Example D 17 Synthesis of 5-Chloro-2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde A solution of 2-chlorothiophene (Aldrich; 1 molar eq.) in THF was cooled to -78'C and treated with n-butyllithium (1. 6M in hexanes; 1. 1 molar eq.) in a dropwise manner. The resultant yellow solution was stirred at -78"C for 40 minutes. Dimethylformamide (1. 1 molar eq.) was added dropwise and the reaction stirred and additional 30 minutes. The mixture was diluted with methylene chloride and washed with 10% acetic acid, 1 M potassium carbonate, and brine. The organic phase was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by HPLC eluting with 15% ethyl acetate/hexanes to afford the title compound.

Example D 18 Synthesis of

(S)-(-)-a-Methylbenzylisocyanide Prepared according to the general procedure of Wolber, E. K. A.; Ruchardt, C. Chem. Ber. 1991, 124, 1667. To a suspension of 1, 1' carbonyldiimidazole (1.6 molar eq.; Aldrich) in acetonitrile at O'C was treated with methanesulfonic acid (3.2 molar eq.; Aldrich) in a dropwise fashion. very thick suspension results. S-(-)-a-Methylbenzyl formamide (1 molar eq.; from Example D19 below) was added as a solution in acetonitrile via cannulation. The mixture was stirred overnight at ambient temperature. The suspension was filtered, washing with acetonitrile. The filtrate was concentrated and purified via flash chromatography eluting with 30% ethyl acetate/hexanes. The oil was further purified via bulb-to-bulb distillation (80'C, 0. 04 mm Hg) giving a pale yellow oil in 51 % yield. Calcd for CqHqN:

C, 82.41; H, 6.92; N, 10.68. Found: C, 82.56; H, 6.82; N, 10.71.

Example D19
Synthesis of
(SH-)-a-Methylbenzyl formamide

-- 159- (S)-(-)-u-Methylbenzylamine (1 molar eq.) was treated with ethyl formate (80 molar eq.; Aldrich). A precipitate formed immediately. The suspension was heated to reflux (55'C) for 3 hours. The precipitate went into solution upon heating. The solution was cooled to ambient temperature and concentrated via rotary evaporation. The resultant solid was used without purification.

Example D20
Synthesis of
3-(Phenyl)benzaldehyde

A solution of 3-bromobiphenyl (Aldrich; I molar eq.) in dry THF was cooled to -78'C and treated with tert-butyllithium (Aldrich; 1.7 M in hexanes, 2 molar eq.) in a dropwise manner. The reaction was allowed to stir at 78'C for 40 minutes. Dimethylformamide (Aldrich; 2.5 molar eq.) was added and stirring continued an additional 20 minutes. The mixture was partitioned in a separatory funnel between methylene chloride and water. The organic layer was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified via HPLC eluting with 5% ethyl acetate/hexanes. The desired aldehyde was obtained in 71 % yield.

Example D21 Synthesis of

4-(CyclohexyI)benFaldehyde

18-Crown-6 (Aldrich; 4 molar eq.) and pyridinium chlorochromate (Aldrich; 4 molar eq.) were added together in chloroform and stirred for 20 minutes. 4-Cyclohexylbenzylalcohol (from Example D22 below; 1 molar eq.) was added and stirring continued for 3 hours. Ether was added and the mixture filtered through a plug of silica eluting with ether. The solvent was removed via rotary evaporation. The residue was dissolved in ether and washed with water. The organic layer was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated.

-- 160- Example D22 Synthesis of 4-(Cyclohexyl)benzyl Alcohol To a solution of 4-cyclohexylbenzoic acid (Aldrich; 1 molar eq.) in toluene was added diiso-butylaluminum hydride (Aldrich; 1 M in toluene; 4 molar eq.) over a 2 hour period. After addition was complete, the reaction was heated to 60°C for 1 hour. The reaction was cooled to 5°C and quenched with saturated aqueous ammonium chloride. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organics were filtered to remove salts and concentrated.

Example D23 Synthesis of

3,5-Difluorophenyl-ct,ct-difluoroacetic Acid A solution of ethyl 3,5-difluorophenyl-u,a-difluoroacetate (from Example D24 below; 1 molar eq.) in 50% aqueous ethanol was treated with lithium hydroxide (1.5 molar eq.). The solution was stirred for 3 hours at ambient temperature then concentrated via rotary evaporation. The residue was taken up in water; a small amount of 1 N Na014 was added to make basic. The aqueous mixture was extracted with ether. The aqueous layer was acidified to p11 3 with 1 N HCL The acid was extracted thrice with methylene chloride.

The combined methylene chloride extracts were dried over Na2S04, filtered, and concentrated.

Example D24

Synthesis of

Ethyl 3,5-Difluorophenyl-a,ot-dinuoroacetate Ethyl 3,5-difluorophenyl-ci-ketoacetate (Rieke Metals, Inc. #14014; 1 molar

eq.) was treated with (diethylamino) sulfur trifluoride (DAST) (2.5 molar eq.).

The reaction was stirred at ambient for 72 hours then heated to 50'C for hours. The mixture was poured over ice and extracted with methylene chloride. The organic layer was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate,

-- 161 - dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified via HPLC eluting with 2% ethyl acetate/hexanes.

Example D25 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl]-D, Iphenylglycine N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl ester (from Example 111 below) was hydrolyzed according to Procedure AF. The acid was recrystallized from isooctane/EtOAc providing a mixture of diastereomers at the phenylglycine center. Elemental analysis; Cj9H18F2N404 requires C, 60.63 H, 4.82 N, 7.44. Found; C, 60.65 H, 5.02 N, 7.37. Mass spectroscopy (MH' 377).

Example D26 Synthesis of

3-(4-lodophenyl)propylamine

N-(3-bromopropyl)phthalimide (1 eq., Aldrich) and 4-iodophenol (1 eq., Aldrich) and potassium carbonate (2 eq.) was stirred in acetonitrile. The mixture was heated at reflux. After 64 hour, the reaction mixture was concentrated to a thick mixture which was slurried in water. A white solid was collected, washed with water and vacuum dried.

The white solid was stirred in ethanol. Anhydrous hydrazine (2 eq.) was added and mixture was heated at reflux for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was concentrated to yield a solid which was treated with 1N NaOH and extracted with CHC13. The organic portion was dried, concentrated then diluted with ether. The mixture was treated with dry HCL The title compound was collected as a white solid and vacuum dried.

Example D27 Synthesis of

2-Amino-l-phthalimidopentane Hydrochloride

-- 162- 2-Amino-1-pentanol was stirred in a mixture of chloroform and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate. Di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.05 eq.) was added in one portion and the mixture was stirred until starting material was consumed.

The organic portion was separated, dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated.

The crude material was purified by silica gel chromatrography using 1: 1 ethyl acetate/hexanes.

The product was dissolved in THF. Triethylamine (1. 1 eq.) was added and the mixture was cooled in an ice bath. Methanesulfonyl chloride (1. 1 eq.) was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred until starting material was consumed. The mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure then was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic portion was separated, dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated to yield a white solid which was chromatographed on silica gel using 30% ethyl acetate in hexanes and finally crystallized from 1-chlorobutane/hexanes.

The crystalline product was stirred in dry DMF and potassium phtalimide (1. 1 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred for 18 hours then was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic portion was dried and concentrated to yield a white solid. The solid was taken up in chloroform and filtered through a plug of silica. Eluent containing product was concentrated to yield the crude product as a white solid.

The white solid was taken up in dry dioxane and resulting solution was saturated with gaseous HCl. After stirring for 30 minutes, the mixture was concentrated to yield a white solid which was triturated in ether. The title compound was collected, washed with ether and dried in a vacuum oven.

Example D28 Synthesis of

-- 163- KOH (11. 76 grams), LiCI (2.95 grams), saturated aqueous ammonia (20 mL), and benzyltriethylammonium chloride (0.805 grams) were stirred and chilled in CH2C12 (17 mL). Gaseous ammonia was bubbled into this mixture with chilling (O'C) to saturation. To the resulting mixture was added 3, 5 difluorobenzaldehyde (5.0 grams) (Lancaster) and chloroform (4.46 mL), dissolved in CH2C12 (17.5 mL) with concurrent saturation with ammonia gas.

The resulting mixture was stirred cold for 4 hours and at 22.5'C for 96 hours.

Water (60 mL) and CH2C12 (20 mL) were added; the layers separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted 3 times more with CH2C12. The aqueous layer was reduced in vacuo by 50%. The pH was adjusted to 6.5 with cold conc. HCl whereupon white crystals of D,L-3,5 difluorophenylglycine formed (3.4343 grams).

Example D29 Synthesis of

I,3,5-Difluorophenylglycine Methyl Ester Tartate Salt 3.43 Grams of D,L-3,5 difluorophenylglycine (from Example D28 above) was slurried in 50 mL methanol and 2.5 mL conc. H2SO4. The reaction mixture was heated under gentle reflux for 18 hours. The mixture was chilled in and ice bath and the pH of the solution was adjusted to 7.0 with saturated aqueous ammonia. The volatile organic solvents were removed in vacuo and the aqueous portion was extracted three times with CH2C'2; the combined organic layers dried, filtered, and reduced in vacuo to provide 2.680 grams of crude ester. This ester, benzaldehyde (1.4085 grams), and (-) tartaric acid (1.9921 grams), were dissolved in 20.5 mL of hot ethanol and stirred slowly for 72 hours as the title compound crystallized. The product was filtered and dried to provide 3.4805 grams of the (-) tartarate salt.

Example D30 Synthesis of N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-3,5-difluorophenylglycine

-- 164- L-3,5-Difluorophenylglycine (0.4291 g) (prepared from L-3,5 difluorophenylglycine (+tartarate salt (from Example D29 above) by neutralization) and 3,5-difluoroacetic acid 0.367 gram were dissolved in THF.

EEDQ coupling using General Procedure AN afforded 0.7441 grams of the title compound as the methyl ester. The ester was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (10 mL), chilled and LiOHM20 (89.0 mg) in water (10 mL) was added slowly and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 223'C. EtOAc (30 mL) and 1N HCl were added and the aqueous layer extracted two times. The combined organic layers were dried (M9S04) and reduced in vacuo to provide the title compound (700.8 mg).

Each of the compounds set forth in the following examples was prepared by one of the following general procedures, unless otherwise indicated.

GENERAL PROCEDURE A

EDC Coupling Procedure 1

To a 1: 1 mixture of the corresponding carboxylic acid and amino ester/amide in CH2C12 or DMF at O'C was added 1.5 equivalents triethylamine, followed by 2.0 equivalents hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate, then 1.25 equivalents of

1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature and then transferred to a separatory funnel. The mixture was washed with water,

saturated aqueous NaHCO3, 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, and saturated aqueous sodium chloride, and then dried over M9SO4. The solution was stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the crude product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE B

EDC Coupling Procedure 11

The carboxylic acid was dissolved in methylene chloride in a round bottomed flask. The amino acid (I eq.), N-methylmorpholine (5 eq.) and hydroxybenzotriazole monohydrate (1.2 eq.) were added in sequence. A -- 165 - cooling bath was applied to the round-bottomed flask until the solution reached 0'. At that time, 1.2 eq. of 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3 ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride was added. The solution was then allowed to stir overnight and come to room temperature under N2pressure. The reaction mixture was then washed with saturated aqueous Na2CO3, "M citric acid, and brine before drying with Na2SO4 and removing the solvents to yield the crude product. Pure products were typically obtained by flash chromatography in an appropriate solvent.

GENERAL PROCEDURE C

EDC Coupling Procedure III

A round-bottomed flask was charged with the appropriate carboxylic acid (1.0 eq), hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.1 eq) and the appropriate amine (1.0 eq) in THF under a nitrogen atmosphere. An appropriate amount (1.1 eq. for the free amine and 2.2 eq. for amine hydrochloride salt) of a suitable base, such as Hunig's base was added to the stirred mixture, followed by 1-(3 dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (1.1 eq).

After stirring for about 4 h to 17 h at room temperature, the solvent was removed at reduced pressure and the residue taken up in EtOAc (or a similar solvent)/H20. The extracts were washed with saturated NaHC03, 1 N aqueous hydrochloric acid, brine and dried over Na2SO4- In some cases, the isolated product required further purification using standard procedures, such as chromatography and/or recrystallisation.

GENERAL PROCEDURE D

EDC Coupling Procedure IV

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at O'C was charged with THF, an amine or amine hydrochloride (1.0 eq.), carboxylic acid (1.1 eq.), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.15-1.2 eq), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.3 eq.), followed by 1-(3 dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (1.15-1.2 eq.).

-- 166- The cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature with stirring for 10-20 hours. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 0.5 N aqueous. HCl (2x), dilute aqueous NaHCO3 (lx), brine (lx) and dried over either Na2SO4 or MgSO4. The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The residue was either used without further purification or purified by standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE E

EDC Coupling Procedure V

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at O'C or room temperature was charged with THF, carboxylic acid (1. 0 eq), an amine or amine hydrochloride (1. 0- 1. 1 eq.), 1 hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1. 1-1.2 eq.), N,N-diisopropylethylamine (2.2-2.9 eq.), followed by 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) (1. 1-1.2 eq.). The cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature with stirring for 10-20 hours. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc and washed with 0.5 N aqueous

HCl (2x), dilute aqueous NaHCO3 (1x), brine (1x) and dried over either Na2SO4 or MgSO4. The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The residue was either used without further purification or purified using standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE F

EDC Coupling Procedure VI

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at O'C was charged with THF, carboxylic acid (1.0 eq.), an amine or amine hydrochloride (1. 1 eq.), N, N-diisopropylethylamine (2.2-2.3 eq.), followed by 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimidehydrochloride (EDC) (1. 1-1.2 eq.). The cooling bath was removed and the mixture allowed to warm to room temperature with stirring for 10-20 hours. The mixture was

-- 167- diluted with EtOAc and washed with 0.2 N aqueous HCl (2x), dilute aqueous NaFICO3 (lx), brine (lx) and dried over either Na2SO4 or MgSO4. The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The residue was either used without further purification or purified using standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE G

Methyl Ester Proaration

To 1-methyl-3-nitro-l-nitrosoguanidine (1.2 eq.) in diethyl ether cooled to O'C was added 40% KOH until bubbling ceased. This mixture was then decanted into a plastic tube containing KOH pellets as a drying agent. The solution was then added to the appropriate carboxylic acid and the mixture was stirred until the reaction was complete (as determined, for example, by fic).

The reaction was then quenched with acetic acid and extracted into EtOAc. Removal of the solvent afforded the desired methyl ester.

GENERAL PROCEDURE H

Carboxylic Acid Ester Preparation

To the appropriate amino acid or carboxylic acid in the appropriate alcohol was bubbled anhydrous HCL gas until the solution was saturated. The reaction was stirred overnight at 25°C and the solvent was then removed under reduced pressure. The residue was then dissolved in EtOAc and this solution was washed with sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic layer were then dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and solvent removed to afford the desired ester.

GENERAL PROCEDURE 1

tert-Butyl Ester P=aration 1

To a solution of an N-CBZ-protected amino acid in CH2C12 was added 1.5 equivalents of N,N'-diisopropyl-O-t-butylisourea (prepared by standard literature methods such as those found in Synthesis (1979), p. 561), and the reaction was heated to reflux for 17 h. An additional 1.5 equivalents of isourea

-- 168- were then added, and reflux was continued for another 7 h. The reaction was then cooled to room temperature and filtered through a bed of Celite 545, then stripped to dryness to leave a clear oil. The residue was dissolved in hexanes and filtered to remove solids, and the filtrate was washed with saturated aqueous NaHC03, water, saturated aqueous NaCI, and dried overM9S04. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to leave the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE J tert-Butyl Ester Prgparation 11 The reaction was conducted in a sealed tube using the appropriate carboxylic acid, a catalytic amount of H2SO4 (0.03 eq.) and an excess of condensed iso-butylene in dioxane or CH2C12 at -20'C. The reaction times varied from about 48 hours to about 120 hours. When the reaction was complete, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue dissolved in diethyl ether. This solution was washed with sodium bicarbonate solution and the organic layer dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and solvent removed. The resulting product was purified using standard procedures, such as HPLC or titration using, for example, diethyl ether/hexanes.

GENERAL PROCEDURE K Amide Preparation 1

To a solution of 3 equivalents of the desired amine in 1,2 dichloroethane was added 5.2 equivalents triethylaluminum subsurface. After stirring for 30 minutes at room temperature, a solution of the desired ester dissolved in 1,2 dichloroethane was added. The reaction was refluxed until tlc showed complete conversion, typically 3h. The reaction was then cooled to O'C and quenched with 10% aqueous hydrochloric acid (Note: the acid should be added slowly as some foaming occurs during its addition). The mixture was transferred to separatory funnel and the layers were separated. The aqueous phase was washed with ethyl acetate, and the organic phases were washed with saturated

-- 169- aqueous NaCl, dried overMgS04, and concentrated under reduced pressure to leave the crude product.

Alternatively, if the product is acid soluble, after the reaction is quenched, the reaction volume was reduced to about one-third of its initial volume under reduced pressure. To the resulting solution was added 20% aqueous potassium sodium tartrate (Rochelle's salt) and ethyl acetate. The pH of the solution was then adjusted to -13, and the aluminum salts dissolved in the aqueous solution.

The organic phase was separated, and the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic solution was washed with saturated aqueous NaCl, dried overMgS04, and concentrated under reduced pressure to leave the crude product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE L

Amide P=aration I

The carboxamide was prepared from its corresponding ester using the procedure described in Hogberg, T., et.al., J. Organic Chem., 1987, 52, 2033 2036.

GENERAL PROCEDURE M

Amide Proaration H

To the appropriate carboxylic acid (1.0 eq.) in THF was added N methylmorpholine (1. 1 eq.) and the solution was cooled to -20'C to O'C. iso butyl chloroformate (1. 1 to 2. 1 eq.) was then added and the reaction mixture was stirred at -20 °C to 0 °C for 30 min. A mixture of the appropriate amino acid, water and 1.5 eq. of potassium carbonate was then added, and the resulting mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stir for 2 hrs.

The reaction mixture was then poured into water and washed with EtOAc. The pH of the water layer was then adjusted to 2.0 with 5 N HCl and the water layer was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The

-- 170- resulting crude amide was used without further purification or purified using standard procedures such as chromatography or titration using, for example, diethyl ether/hexanes or EtOAc/hexanes.

GENERAL PROCEDURE N

Hydrolysis of Carboxylic Acid Esters

To the ester in a 1: 1 mixture of CH30H/H2O was added 2-5 equivalents of K2CO3. The mixture was heated to 50°C for 0.5-1.5 h until tlc showed complete reaction. The reaction was cooled to room temperature and the methanol was removed on a rotary evaporator. The pH of the remaining aqueous solution was adjusted to about 2, and ethyl acetate was added to extract the product. The organic phase was then washed with saturated aqueous NaCl and dried over MgSO4. The solution was stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE 0

Removal of N-Carbobenzyloxy (CBZ) Protecting Group The N-CBZ-protected compound was dissolved in ethanol in a hydrogenation flask and a catalytic amount of 10% Pd/C was added. The mixture was hydrogenated at 20 psi H2 on a Parr shaker for 30 min. The reaction was then filtered through a pad of Celite 545 and stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE P

Removal of the N-tert-Boc Protectina Grou The N-tert-Boc-amine was dissolved in a suitable dry solvent (such as 1, 4 dioxane or ethyl acetate) and the solution was cooled in an ice bath. Gaseous HCl was introduced into the solution until the mixture was saturated with HCl.

The mixture was then stirred until the reaction was complete. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to yield the amine hydrochloride. The amine hydrochloride was used without purification or was

-- 171 - triturated using, for example, diethyl ether and the resulting solid was collected by filtration.

GENERAL PROCEDURE Q

Halide Exchan2e (Finkelstein) Reaction The corresponding alkyl bromide or alkyl chloride was dissolved in 20 mL of methyl ethyl ketone and 1 eq. of Nal was added. The reaction was heated to 60°C and stirred overnight. The cooled reaction mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (2 \times 30 mL) and the combined extracts were roto evaporated at reduced pressure to give the crude product. Pure products were typically obtained by flash chromatography in an appropriate solvent.

GENERAL PROCEDURE R

Oxime Reduction I

To the oxime ester in the alcohol corresponding to the ester was added formic acid (500 eq.) and water (500 eq.). The reaction mixture cooled to 5'C and zinc dust (3.8 eq.) was added in portions over 20 min. The reaction was then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirring was continued for hours. The reaction was then filtered over HYFLO and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and this solution washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic layer was then dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and solvent removed to afford the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE S

Reduction of Esters to Alcohols

To a O'C solution of the starting ester in anhydrous THF was added 1.0 equivalents of LiBH4 in THF. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight and then quenched with water. The THF was removed on a rotary evaporator and ethyl acetate was added. The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with saturated aqueous sodium chloride solution,

-- 172- dried over magnesium sulfate, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the alcohol product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE T CD1 Coupling Procedure

A solution of the appropriate acid (3.3 mmol) and 1, 1'-carbodiimidazole (CDI) in 20 mL THF was stirred for 2 h. The amino acid ester hydrochloride (3.6 mmol) was added, followed by 1.5 mL (10.8 mmol) of triethylamine. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight and then dissolved in 100 mL of diethyl ether, washed with 10% HC1 three times, brine once, 20% potassium carbonate once and brine once. The solution was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated at reduced pressure to yield the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE U

EDC Coupling Procedure VII

A mixture of the appropriate carboxylic acid (I eq.), 1 hydroxybenzotriazole (1.6 eq.), the appropriate amine (I eq.), N methylmorpholine (3 eq.) and dichloromethane (or DMF for insoluble substrates), cooled in an ice-water bath, was stirred until a clear solution was obtained. EDC (1.3 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture and the cooling bath was allowed to warm to ambient temperature over 1-2 h. The reaction was then stirred overnight. The reaction mixture was then evaporated at reduced pressure to dryness under vacuum and 20% aqueous potassium carbonate was added to the residue. The mixture was shaken vigorously and allowed to stand for hours or overnight, if necessary, until the oily product to solidify. The solidified product was then filtered off, washed thoroughly with 20% potassium carbonate, water, 10% HCl, and water to give the product. No racernization was observed using this procedure.

GENERAL PROCEDURE V O-Acylation of Alcohols

-- 173- To a solution of the alcohol (e.g., N-[(S)-1-hydroxyhex-2-yll-N'-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamidefrom Example 228 below) in pyridine was added 4 equivalents of acetic anhydride and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 h. The reaction was quenched onto ice and then ethyl acetate was added and the phases were separated. The organic phase was washed with 10% HCl, water, saturated aqueous NaCI, and dried over M9S04.

The solution was stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE W

O-Esterification of Alcohols

To a suspension of 0.95 equivalents of NaH in THF was added an alcohol (e.g., N-[(S)-1-hydroxyhex-2-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-Lalaninamide from Example 228 below) dissolved in THF. This solution was cooled to O'C, then 1. 1 equivalents of an acyl chloride (e.g. trimethylacetyl chloride) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight, then was quenched with water and ethyl acetate. The organic phase was washed with water, saturated aqueous NaCl, and dried over MgS04. The solution was stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the crude product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE X

BOP Coupling Procedure

A solution of the carboxylic acid (1.0 eq.) and N-methyl morpholine (1.5 eq.) in dichloromethane was cooled to -20°C under nitrogen. BOP (1.05 eq. was added in one portion and the reaction mixture was maintained at 20'C for minutes. The appropriate alcohol (1.2 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirring was continued for 12 hours. The reaction mixture was then poured into water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3x) and the combined organic layers were washed with saturated aqueous citric acid (2x), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate (2x),

-- 174- brine (lx), and then rotoevaporated at reduced pressure to provide the crude product.

GENERAL PROCEDURE Y

BOC Removal Usine TFA

The Boc-protected compound was added to a 1: 1 mixture of dichloromethane and trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and the reaction mixture was stirred until tIc indicated complete conversion, typically 2 hours. The solution was then stripped to dryness. The residue was suspended in dichloromethane and again stripped to dryness to remove excess TFA. The residue was placed under high vacuum for several hours to afford the desired TFA salt.

GENERAL PROCEDURE Z Amide PEeparation IV

The trichlorophenyl ester (1 eq.) was stirred in DMF or THF and the oxime or amine (1.2 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 1-4 hours. In cases where the hydrochloride salt form of an amine was used, a suitable base such as diisopropylethylamine (1.2 eq.) was also added. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to yield an oil or residue which was used without further purification or was purified by standard procedures, such as silica gel chromatography and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AA

Sodium Borohydride Reduction

The ketone was dissolved in MeOH and treated with 1.0 equivalent of sodium borohydride. The reaction was stirred until tlc showed the starting material was consumed, typically 1 hour. The reaction mixture was then evaporated at reduced pressure and chromatographed to afford the alcohol product.

-- 175 - GENERAL PROCEDURE AB Prgparation Amino Acid Derivatives Usin Chiral Amines (S)-(+)-a-Methylbenzyl amine was added dropwise to a solution of 4 (phenyl)benzaldehyde (1 molar eq.) in THF followed by the addition of 1. molar eqivalent of zinc chloride. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 5 h. The cloudy mixture was then cooled to -30 'C and treated with tert-butylisocyanide (1.05 molar eq.). After 20 minutes, N (3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine was added and stirring was continued at 30'C for 120 h. The reaction mixture was then poured into a seperatory funnel and diluted with CH2Cl2, washed with sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was then washed with 0.5 N HCl, followed by brine. The organic layer was then dried over Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated to give \bar{N} -tert-butyl-N'-[N (3,5) difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-N'-(S)-a-methylbenzyl-2-amino-2-(4 phenylphenyl)acetamide, as a mixture of isomers. At this stage, the isomers were typically separated by HPLC chromatography using, for example, a gradient of 30 to 35% EtOAc/hexanes. The ct-methylbenzyl protecting group was then removed from the S,S isomer by added 10 molar equivalents of triethylsilane and 20 molar equivalents of trifluoroacetic acid to the S, S isomer.

The reaction was then heated to 37'C for 3 h and then poured into ethyl acetate and washed with sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried over Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated. The residue was purified by

recrystallisation from ethyl acetate or ethyl acetate/hexanes. Various other aldehydes and carboxylic acids can be used in this procedure to provide for a variety of compounds useful in this invention.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AC

Oxime Reduction II

To a solution of the oxime ester in the alcohol corresponding to the ester was added a catalytic amount of acetic acid and 0. 1 mole equivalent of 10% P&C. The reaction vessel (Parr shaker) was charged with hydrogen to 40 PSI and this mixture was shaken for 3 h. The reaction mixture was then filtered

-- 176- over HyFlo and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and washed with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was then dried over Na2SO4, filtered and concentrated to give the desired amine.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AD

Mitsunobu Reaction

To a solution of N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosinemethyl ester in 20 mI, of THF was added 1.3 equivalents each of triphenylphosphine and diethyl azodicarboxylate (DEAD), and 1.0 equivalents of an alcohol. The mixture was stirred a room temperature overnight and the solvent was then removed. The residue was purified by standard procedures, such as chromatography and/or recrystallization. GENERAL PROCEDURE AE

O-Alkylation of Tyrosine Derivatives

To a solution of N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-tyrosinemethyl ester in 20 mL of acetone was added 1.3 equivalents of an alkyl bromide and 3.0 equivalents of potassium carbonate as a fine powder and catalytic amount of sodium iodide. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight and then partitioned between DCM and water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, stripped of solvents and purified using standard procedures, such as chromatography and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AF

Hydrolysis of Carboxylic Acid Esters

A solution of the carboxylic acid ester (1. 0 eq.) and lithium hydroxide (1. 1 eq.) in 1:2 water/dioxane was stirred at 23'C for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was then acidified to pH 3 with 1 N HCl and extracted with ethyl acetate.

Concentration of the ethyl acetate extracts provided the product. In some cases,

-- 177- the product was further purified using standard procedures, such as chromatography and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AG

Methyl Ester Formation from Amino Acids

The amino acid (amino acid or amino acid hydrochloride) is suspended in methanol and chilled to O'C. HQ gas is bubbled through this solution for minutes. The reaction is allowed to warm to room temperature then stirred for 4 hours. The solvents are then removed to afford the desired amino acid methyl ester hydrochloride. This product is usually used without further purification.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AH

EEDO Coupling Procedure

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under as atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with THF, the carboxylic acid (I eq.), the amine hydrochloride (1. 1 eq.) and EEDQ (1. 1 eq.) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 15 minutes. 4-Methylmorpholine

(1. 1 eq.) was added to the reaction and stirring was continued at room temperature for 15-20 hours. The reaction mixture was then concentrated in vacuo and the resulting residue was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was separated and washed with saturated aq. N'H4CI (2x), saturated aq.

NaHC03 (2x), followed by brine (lx). Organic phase dried over Na2S04. The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo.

The residue was either used without further purification or purified using standard procedures, such as flash chromatography on silica gel and/or recrystallization.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AI N-tert-BOC Protection of Amino Acids

-- 178 - A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with dioxane, water, 1.0 N aq.

sodium hydroxide, and the amino acid (1 eq). Stirring was initiated and the flask was cooled in an ice bath. Di-t-butyldicarbonate (1. 1 eq) was added to the reaction mixture, followed by removal of the ice bath and slow warming to room temperature over 1 hour. The reaction was partially concentrated on the rotary evaporator followed by the addition of ethyl acetate. The flask was re cooled in an ice bath and the mixture was acidified to a pH of 2-3 through the addition of potassium bisulfate. The reaction was transferred into a seperatory funnel and the organic layer was separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate and the combined organic layers were dried over Na2S04.

The drying agent was removed by filtration and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo. The solid was used without further purification.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AJ

Removal of N-Carbobenzyloxy (CBZ) Protecting Groups A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with methanol, tetrahydrofuran, % Pd(OH)2'C (1 mass eq.), and the CBZ-protected dipeptide. Stirring was initiated and the flask was purged (3x) with hydrogen. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature overnight under an atmosphere of hydrogen. The reaction was filtered and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo.

The resulting solid was used as is or purified via silica gel chromotography.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AK

Addition of N-Carbobenzyloxy (CBZ) Protecting Groups A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with water, sodium carbonate (2.2 eq.), and amino acid (1.0 eq.). The slurry was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Benzylchloroformate was added to the reaction and stirring was continued overnight. The reaction mixture was extracted with CH2C12 (3x) and

-- 179- the combined organic extracts were acidified to a pH of 2-3. The resulting solid was isolated via vacuum filtration.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AL

PrMaration of Amino Acid Derivatives Using Chiral Amines 11 A solution of aryl aldehyde (1 molar eq.) in THF was treated with S-(+a methylbenzylamine (1 molar eq.), followed by MgSO4. The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour then treated with tert-butylisocyanide (1.5-2.0 molar eq.) and N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (1.5-2.0 molar)

eq.). The reaction was allowed to stir for 60 hours. The reaction was diluted with methylene chloride and washed with 0.01 N HCl and saturated aqueous NaHC03. Each aqueous wash was back-extracted with methylene chloride. The combined organics were washed with brine, dried over Na2S04, filtered and concentrated to give N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N'-R-a methylbenzyl-2-amino-2-DL-(aryl)acetamide. At this stage, the isomers were separated if possible by HPLC chromatography using, for example, a gradient of 20 to 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes. The a-methylbenzyl protecting group was then removed from the peptide by adding 10 molar equivalents of triethylsilane and 20 molar equivalents of trifluoroacetic acid to the compound. The reaction was heated to 37'C for 3 hours and then poured into ethyl acetate and washed with sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by trituration with ether or ether/hexanes. Various other aldehydes, isocyanides, and carboxylic acid can be used in this procedure to provide for a variety of compounds useful in this invention.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AM

Preparation of Amino Acid Derivatives Using Chiral Amines III A solution of an aromatic aldehyde (3 molar eq.) and S+)-a methylbenzylamine (I molar eq.) in methanol was treated with titanium(IV) isopropoxide (1.5 molar eq.). After stirring the mixture at ambient temperature

-- 180- for 6 hours, tert-butylisocyanide (1. 1 molar eq.) was added followed by N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (1.2 molar eq.) 40minutes later. The reaction mixture was stirred for 72 hours. The methanol was removed via rotary evaporation. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride and washed with 0.01 N HCL The emulsion was filtered through celite washing with methylene chloride. The layers were separated; the organic phase was washed with saturated NaHCO3 and brine. The organic layer was dried over Na2S04, filtered, and concentrated to give N-tert butyl-N'-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-N'-R-a-methylbenzyl-2-amino-2-DL-(aryl)acetamide. At this stage the isomers were separated if possible by HPLC chromatography using, for example, a gradient of 20 to 25% ethyl acetate/hexanes. The a methylbenzyl protecting group was then removed from the peptide by adding 10 molar equivalents of triethylsilane and 20 molar equivalents of trifluoroacetic acid to the compound. The reaction was heated to 37'C for 3 hours and then poured into ethyl acetate and washed with sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was dried over Na2SO4, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by trituration with ether or ether/hexanes. Various other aldehydes, isocyanides, and carboxylic acid can be used in this procedure to provide for a variety of compounds useful in this invention.

GENERAL PROCEDURE AN

EEDO Coupling Procedure II

To a 1: 1 mixture of the corresponding carboxylic acid and amino ester/amide in THF at O'C was added 1. 1 equivalents of EEDQ. The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 hours at 215'C. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure or under a stream of nitrogen and the residue dissolved in EtOAc. The organic solution was washed 1 time with saturated NaHCO3 solution, 1 time with N HCl, and dried over M9SO4. The organic solution was reduced in vacuo to yield the product.

-- 181 - GENERAL PROCEDURE AO Pragration of Primaa Amides A sealable pressure tube containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of nitrogen at room temperature was charged with a methyl ester (1 eq.), sodium cyanide (0. 1 eq.) and a 7M solution of ammonia in methanol.

The tube was sealed and heated to $450\mathrm{C}$ with stirring for 18 hours. The reaction was allowed to cool to room temperature and the resulting

precipitate was isolated by vacuum filtration. The solid was either washed with methanol or recrystallyzed from ethyl acetate/ methanol.

Example 1 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll (S)-2-aminohexanoate Following General Procedure A (without the IN 14C1 wash) and using N (3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2) and norleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 142-143'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.71 in 10% CH3OH/CH2C12, 0.22 in 50% EtOAc/liexanes) and the product was purified by silica plug chromatography using CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.90 (d, J=7.69 Hz, IH), 6.80 (m, 311), 6.70 (m, 111), 4.62 (quint, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (m,* 111), 3.72 (s, 311), 3.51 (s, 211), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, IH), 1.36 (d, J=7.02 Hz, 3H), 1.25 (m, 411), 0.85 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (C13C13): 3 = 173.23, 172.69, 169.97, 165.30, 165.12, 162.00, 139.01, 138.88, 138.76, 112.93, 112.83, 112.70, 112.60, 103.63, 103.30, 102.97, 52.94, 49.38, 43.28, 32.32, 27.95, 22.75, 19.23, 14.35.

C18H24F2N2O4 (MW= 370.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 371.

-- 182 - Example 2 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-I, histidineMethyI Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2) and L-histidine methyl ester dihydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 195-197'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.29 in 10% CH3OH/CH2C'2) NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.00-6.81 (m, 4H), 4.70 (t, 1H), 4.39 (q, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 3.22-3.00 (m, 2H), 1.38 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 175.46, 172.56, 172.94, 166.64, 166.47, 163.38, 163.20, 141.73, 141.60, 141.47, 136.85, 113.92, 113.82, 113.70, 113.59, 103.89, 103.55, 103.21, 54.55, 53.31, 51.00, 43.21, 43.19, 30.36, 18.44.

Cj8H2OF2N4O4 (MW= 394.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 395.

Example 3

Synthesis of

N-Benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

l,alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure K and using methyl N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanoate (from Example 1 above) and benzylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp > 200°C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 29 in 5 % CH30H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by preparative plate chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3=7.05 (m, 5H), 6.65 (m, M), 4.10 (m, 4H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 1.35 (m, 9H), 0.65 (ra, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 5 -= 175.48, 174.75, 173.16, 166.64, 166.46, 163.37, 141.55, 141.42, 140.38, 130.04, 129.95, 129.05, 128.95, 128.73, 113.94,

-- 183 - 113.83, 113.71, 113.60, 103.90, 103.88, 103.56, 103.22, 55.43, 51.26, 44. 53, 43.21, 33.38, 29.56, 23.91, 18.28, 14.78.

Example 4
Synthesis of

N-2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) l,alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure K and using methyl N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate (from Example 1 above) and N,N-dimethylethylenediamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 182-187'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.51 in % CH30H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by preparative plate chromatography using 15% CH30H/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.21 (d, IH), 6.80 (m, 5H), 4.64 (m, 1H), 4.48 (q, 1H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.30 (q, 2H), 2.41 (t, 2H), 2.22 (s, 6H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 7H), 0.87 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.2, 172.0, 170.0, 165.4, 165.3, 163.9, 162. 1, 162.0, 139.1, 138.8, 113.1, 112.8, 103.6, 103.3, 103.0, 58.1, 54.0, 49.7, 45.7, 43.3, 38.1, 33.2, 28.2, 23.0, 19.2, 14.4.

C21H32F2N403 (MW= 426.51); mass spectroscopy (MH') 427.

Example 5

Synthesis of N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

1~, alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure K and using methyl N-[N-(3,5

difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanoate (from Example 1 above) and 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = > 200 °C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.42 in 10%

-- 184- CH30H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 12% CH30H/CH2C12 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.85 (bd, J=8.79 Hz, 0.5H), 7.64 (bd, J=7.81 Hz, 0.5F1), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.16 (bd, J=7.27 Hz, 0.5H), 7.06 (bs, 0.5H), 6.83 (m, 2F1), 6.68 (m, M), 4.70 (in, 2H), 3.56 (d, J=9.89 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (in, 2H), 1.57 (in, 10H), 0.84 (in, 3F1).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.62, 172.58, 172.14, 172.04, 170.02, 169.91, 165.33, 165.15, 162.08, 112.99, 112.92, 112.82, 112.77, 112.66, 112.59, 103.54, 103.34, 103.31, 103.29, 71.46, 71.44, 59.27, 59.24, 53.76, 49.64, 49.43, 43.29, 39.79, 33.26, 33.22, 28.10, 28.03, 22.97, 22.91, 19.71, 19.61, 19.56, 19.51, 14.46, 14.43.

C20H29F2N304 (MW= 413.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 414.

Example 6

Synthesis of N-2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

l,alaninylj-l,phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure K and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94 below) and N,N dimethylethylenediamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 174-1820C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.31 in 10% C1130H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by preparative plate chromatography using 10% CH30H/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 7.22 (in, 5h), 6.85 (in, 3H), 4.51 (m, IH), 4.18 (in, M), 3.57 (in, 2H), 3.50-2.45 (in, 611), 2.39 (s, 6H), 1.26 (d, 2.4F1), 1.10 (d, 0.6H).

13 C-ninr (CD30D): 3 = 176.03, 175.50, 174.20, 173.99, 173.50, 173.22, 166.63, 166.46, 163.36, 163.19, 141.65, 141.52, 141.39, 139.38, 139.00, 130.90, 130.74, 130.05, 130.01, 128.37, 128.30, 114.03, 113.93, 113.80, 113.70, 103.96, 103.62, 103.57, 103.28, 59.18, 59.14, 56.78, 56.51, 51.93,

-- 185 - 51.74, 45.53, 45.47, 43.21, 43.18, 42.92, 38.84, 38.65, 37.94, 37.85, 18. 09, 17.73.

C24H3OF2N4O3 ('*'W= 460.53); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 461.

Example 7 Synthesis of

N-(4-Pyridyl) methyl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

l,alaninyll-l,phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure K and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94 below) and 4 (aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = > 200'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 46 in 10 % CH30H/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 8.37 (d, 2H), 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.11 (d, 211), 6.85 (m, 3H), 4.56 (t, 1H), 4.29 (m, 311), 3.64 (s, 2H), 3.08 (m, 211), 1.30 (d, 3H).

13C-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 175.46, 174.04, 173.26, 166.60, 166.43, 163.34, 163.16, 150.97, 150.44, 141.59, 141.45, 138.84, 130.95, 130.13, 128.44, 124.28, 113.98, 113.87, 113.75, 113.64, 103.91, 103.57, 103.23, 62.08, 57.01, 43.33, 43.12, 38.93, 21.41, 18.16, 15.02.

C26H26F2N4O3 (MW= 480.52); mass spectroscopy (MH') 481.

Example 8

Synthesis of

N-(3-]P'yridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-dinuorophenylacetyl) lalaninyl]-Iphenylaianinamide Following General Procedure K and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94 below) and 4 (aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 199-210'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.46 in 10%

-- 186- CH30H/CH2C12, minor isomer Rf = 0.50) and the product was purified by preparative plate chromatography using 10% CH30H/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C1)30D): 3 = 8.42 (m, 2H), 7.61 (m, M), 7.29 (m, 6H), 6.90 (m, 3H), 4.61 (m, 1H), 4.33 (m, 3H), 3.58 (s, 1.5H), 3.54 (s, 0.5H), 3. 10 (m, 2H), 1.33 (d, 2.25H), 1.15 (d, 0.75H).

13 C-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 176.00, 175.34, 174.03, 173.81, 173.23, 166.61, 166.44, 163.35, 163.17, 149.93, 149.20, 141.48, 139.20, 138.72, 138.10, 138.03, 136.88, 136.79, 130.89, 130.70, 130.06, 130.02, 128.40, 128.33, 125.71, 113.97, 113.87, 113.74, 113.64, 103.92, 103.58, 103.53, 103.23, 56.88, 56.66, 55.74, 53.21, 43.22, 43.15, 42.89, 42.06, 41.98, 39.04, 38.88, 38.77, 18.18, 17.79.

C26H26F2N4O3 (MW= 480.52); mass spectroscopy (MH') 481.

Example 9 Synthesis of

N-(4-Pyridyl) methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)l,alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure K and using methyl N-[N-(3,5]] difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate (from Example 1 above) and 4-(aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 181-205 °C). The reaction was monitored by $\overline{\text{tlc}}$ (Rf = 0.51 in % CH30H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by preparative plate chromatography using 10% CH30H/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 8.48 (m, 0.8H), 8.42 (m, 1.2H), 7.37 (d, J=6.10, 0.8H), 7.28 (d, J=6.11, 1.2H), 6.85 (m, 3H), 4.39 (m, 4H), 3.61 (s, 0.8H) 8H), 3.53 (d, J=2.99, 1.211), 2.05-1.25 (m, 911), 0.90 (m, 3H). 13 C-nmr (CD30D): 5 = 176.61, 175.71, 175.33, 175.29, 173.32, 173.24, 166.49, 166.32, 163.22, 163.05, 151.30, 151.24, 150.55, 150.41, 141.54, 141.41, 124.35, 124.20, 113.95, 113.85, 113.72, 113.62, 103.86, 103.57,

-- 187- 103.52, 103.18, 55.72, 55.64, 51.98, 43.38, 43.19, 42.82, 33.07, 32.57, 29.87, 29.67, 23.90, 23.82, 18.24, 17.86, 14.80.

C23H28F2N4O3 (rV'W= 446.50); mass spectroscopy (MH') 447.

Example 10 Synthesis of

ted-butyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

IL, alaninyl] - (S) -2-aminohexanoate Step A - t-Butyl Ester Formation To a solution of Z-norieucine-OH in CH2C'2 was added 1.5 equivalents of N,N'-diisopropyl-0-t-butylisourea (prepared by the method of Synthesis (1979) p.561 for review) and the reaction was heated to reflux for 17 hours. An additional 1.5 equivalents of isourea was then added, and reflux was continued for another 7 hours. The reaction was then cooled to room temperature and filtered through a bed of Celite 545, then stripped to dryness to leave a clear oil. The residue was dissolved in hexanes and filtered to remove solids, and the filtrate was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3, water, saturated aqueous NaCl, and dried over MgSO4. The solution was concentrated under reduced pressure to leave the product.

Step B - CBZ Removal

The CBZ-protected amino ester was dissolved in ethanol in a hydrogenation flask and a catalytic amount of 10% Pd/C was added. The mixture was hydrogenated at 20 psi H2 on a Parr shaker for 30 min. The reaction was then filtered through a pad of Celite 545 and stripped free of solvent on a rotary evaporator to yield the product, norleucine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride.

Step C Following General Procedure D and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and the norleucine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride, the title compound was prepared as a semi-solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.41 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was

-- 188 - purified by flash chromatography using 50% EtOAcMexanes as the eluent, followed by preparative plate chromatography using 50% EtOAc/liexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3= 7.63 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, J=7.7 Hz, IH), 6.8 (in, 2H), 6.7 (in, M), 4.8 (m, 1H), 4.36 (q, J=5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.8-1.1 (in, 15H), 0.8 (in, 3H).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 173.0, 171.8, 170.2, 165.1, 165.0, 161.9, 161.7, 139.6, 139.4, 139.3, 112.8, 112.7, 112.6, 112.5, 103.2, 102.9, 102.6, 82. 3, 53.6, 49.3, 43.0, 32.2, 28.4, 27.8, 22.7, 19.4, 14.7, 14.2.

C21H30F2N2O4 (MW= 412.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 413.

Example 11 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Pent-4-enoyl)-I, alaninyll-I, phenylalanineMethyI Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylalanine methyl ester (Sigma) using General Procedure A, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y) and pent-4-enoic acid (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 125.5-126. 5'C).

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.32 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes; 0.51 in % CH30H/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% CH30H/CH2C'2 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.27 (bd, J=7.82 Hz, 1H), 7.25-7.05 (in, 5H), 6.72 (bd, J=7.57 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (in, 1H), 4.96 (in, 2H), 4.59 (quint, J=7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.05 (in, 4H), 2.40-2.18 (in, 4H), 1.28 (d, J=7.02 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.06, 172.77, 172.36, 137.47, 136.53, 129.76, 129.07, 116.09, 54.10, 52.87, 49.06, 38.31, 25.93, 30.03, 19.17.

C18H24N2O4 (MW= 332.40); mass spectroscopy (MNa') 355.0.

-- 189- Example 12 Synthesis of N-[N-(Dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-I-,phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylalanine methyl ester (Sigma) using General Procedure A, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y) and dec-4-enoic acid (prepare from ethyl dec-4-enoate (ICM) using General Procedure N), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 115.5-117.5'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.52 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes; 0.60 in 10% CH30H/CH2C12) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using % CH3011/C112C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H~nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.54 (bd, J=7.69 Hz, 111), 7.22-7.04 (in, 511), 6.91 (bd, J=7.69 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (m, 211), 4.73 (q, J=6.9 Hz, IH), 4.63 (quint, J=7.2 Hz, 111), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.02 (m, 211), 2.40-2.10 (in, 41-1), 1.89 (in, 211), 1.35-1.13 (in, 91-1), 0.82 (m, 311).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 173.26, 173.05, 172.38, 136.65, 132.30, 129.74, 128.99, 128.68, 127.48, 54.19, 52.74, 48.97, 38.28, 36.70, 33.04, 31.93, 29.68, 29.09, 23.06, 19.23, 14.61.

C23H34N2O4 (MW= 402.54); mass spectroscopy (MNa') 425.0.

Example 1 3
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3.5-Difluorophenvlacetvl)-I..-alan

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I..-alaninyll-1,-4 [3-(N,N-dimethylamino)propoxylphenylalanine Methyl Ester Following

General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2) and L-4-[3-(NN-dimethylamino)propoxy] phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared from N-BOC-L-tyrosine methyl ester (Bachem) and 3-dimethylamino-l-propanol (Aldrich) using a Mitsunobu procedure essentially as described in General Procedure AD, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was

-- 190- prepared as a solid (mp = 153-155'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.36 in 10% MeOH/DCM/1 %TEA) and the product was purified by acid/base washes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 6.973-6.947 (d, 214); 6.794-6.766 (d, 2H); 6.743 6.714 (d, 2H); 6.735-6.676 (t, 1H); 4.761-4.735 (q, 1H); 4.511-4.463 (q, 1H); 3.967-3.924 (t, 21-1); 3.703 (s, 311); 3.473 (s, 211); 3.019-2.977 (t, 2H); 2.443 2.394 (t, 211); 2.233 (s, 6H); 1.944-1.897 (t, 211); 1.319-1.296 (d, 31 1).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 172.292; 172.256; 169.808; 158.747; 130.731; 127.887; 115.149; 112.900; 112.672; 66.690; 56.945; 54.039; 52.971; 49. 400; 46.105; 43.302; 37.421; 28.129; 19.029.

C26H33F2N305 (MW= 505); mass spectroscopy (MH') 506. Example 14

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll

I,4-[(tett-butyloxycarbonyl)methoxy]phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure AE and using tert-butyl bromoacetate (Aldrich) and N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-tyrosine methyl ester (from Example 15 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 116-119'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.54 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.648-7.615 (d, 111); 7.513-7.407 (d, 111); 6.943 6.914 (d, 2H); 6.756-6.669 (d+t, 41-1); 6.621-6.562 (t, 1H); 4.662-4.590 (q+quintex, 2H); 4.382 (s, 211); 3.571 (s, 3H); 3.406 (s, 211); 3.006-2.648 (m, 211); 1.417 (s, 911); 1.243-1.221 (d, 311).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 =-- 173.14; 173.001; 172.294; 170.273; 168.614; 168.546; 165.107; 161.816; 157.428; 139.493; 130.749; 129.385; 115.077; 112.803; 103.250; 828.270; 66.039; 54.361; 52.730; 49.172; 42.832; 37. 288; 28.509; 19.018. -- 191 - C271-132172N207 Q*1W = 534); mass spectroscopy (MH') 535.

Example 15

Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll lAyrosine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-tyrosine methyl ester (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 85-88'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.27 in 50% Et0Ac/liexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 8.036 (b, 111); 7.369-7.344 (d, 1H); 7.205-7.151 (d, 11-1); 6.869-6.841 (d, 2H); 6.763-6.738 (d, 2H); 6.657-6.615 (in, 3H); 4.741 4.697 (q, IH); 4.566-4.491 (q, 1H); 3.671 (s, 3H); 3.415 (s, 2H); 3.061 2.771 is (din, 211); 1.271-1.250 (d, 3H).

OC-iimr (CDC13): 3 -"": 173.049; 172.666; 172.444; 170.768; 165.211; 161.917; 156.098, 130.862; 127.542; 116.093, 112.990; 112.659; 103.236; 61.112; 54.306; 49.441; 42.947; 18.923. C21H22F2N205 (MW= 420); mass spectroscopy (MH') 421.

Example 16 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll 1,-4-(carboxymethoxy)phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure N and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-4-[(tert-butyloxycarbonyl)methoxylphenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 14 above), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.49 in 10 % MeOl1/1)CM + 1 % AcOH) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

-- 192- 'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.817 (s, 1H); 7.648-7622 (d, 1H); 7.544-7.520 (d, IH); 6.956-6.914 (d, 2H); 6.762-6.703 (d+d, 4H); 6.650-6.590 (t, 1H); 4.678 4.636 (q, 1H); 4.567-4.503 (quinex + s, 3H); 3.622 (s, 3H); 3.431 (s, 2H); 2.987-2.811 (m, 2H); 1.241-1.219 (d, 3H).

13C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.618; 173.534; 172.215; 171.209; 171.108; 165.148; 164.973; 161.855; 161.683; 157.309; 139.052; 130.887; 129.376; 115.104; 112.895; 112.667; 103.083; 65.324; 54.155; 52.933; 50.538; 49.384; 42.683; 37.168; 18.678.

C23H24F2N2O7 (MW= 478); mass spectroscopy (MH') 479.

Example 17 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I-,-alaninyl]-I,-4 (2-morpholinoethoxy)phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure AD and using N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-tyrosine methyl ester (from Example 15 above) and <math>4-(2-hydroxyethyl)morpholine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 138-141'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.56 in 10%MeOH/DCM + I%TEA) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography, followed by trituation using diethyl ether.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 6.974-6.945 (d, 2H); 6.795-6.726 (d+t, 2H); 6.697 6.682 (t, 1H); 4.755-4.689 (q, IH); 4.535-4-.468 (quintex, 1H); 4.050-4.012 (t, 2H); 3.723-3.606 (t+s, 7H); 3.463 (s, 2H); 3.039-2.892 (m, 2H); 2.779-2. 741 (t, 2H); 2.562-2.531 (t, 4H); 1.297-1.274 (d, 3H). 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 -= 1721.477; 172.428; 172.303; 169.925; 158.397; 130.778; 128.504; 115.179; 112.988; 112.769; 112.659; 67.457; 66.249; 58.187; 54.631; 54.119; 52.956; 49.358; 43.202; 37.496; 19.028.

C27H33F2N306 (MW= 533); mass spectroscopy (MH') 534.

-- 193- Example 18 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-alaninyll (S)-2-amino-6-(N,N-diinethylamino)hexanoate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and NE,NE-dimethyl-L-lysine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 123-126'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.22 in 10% MeOH/DCM + 1 % TEA) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

```
'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6= 7.019-6.993 (d, 111); 6.828-6.801 (dd, 2H); 6.753
6.723 (m, 1H); 6.617-6.592 (d, 1H); 4.557-4.447 (q+q, 211); 3.730 (s,
3H); 3.522 (s, 2H); 2.593-2.572 (in, 2H); 2.196 (s, 6H); 1.837-1.642 (in,
21 1); 1.486-1.344 (m+d, 7H).
13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 173.070; 172.544, 169.809; 112.986; 112.655;
103.384: 59.393; 52.991; 49.368; 45.947; 43.427; 43.403; 43.375; 31.870;
27.376; 23.378; 19.155.
C20H29F2N304 (MW= 413); mass spectroscopy (MH') 414.
Example 19
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophepylacetyl)-Ialaninyll
(S)-2-amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionate Following General Procedure A and
using N-(3,5-diffuorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2) and methyl
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(S)-2-amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionate hydrochloride (Synthetech), the title

monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.39 in %MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by

compound was prepared as a solid (nip, 121-124'C). The reaction was

NMR data was as follows:

silica gel column chromatography.

```
-- 194- 'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 8.474-8.458 (d, 1H); 7.767-7.631 (m, 11-1);
7.625 7.574 (t, IH); 7.178-7.102 (t+d, 2H); 6.818-6.811 (d, 2H);
6.734-6.667 Q, 11-1); 6.593-6.542 (m, 11-1); 4.933-4.873 (m, 11-1);
4.566-4.496 (m, 1H); 3.646 (s, 3H); 3.499 (s, 21-1); 3.375-3.196 (m,
21-1); 1.393-1.370 (d, 3H).
```

13C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 ~-- 172.453; 172.020; 169.527; 157.454; 149.608; 137.449; 124.366; 124.328; 122.694; 113.032; 112.992; 112.661; 103.333; 53.032; 52.997; 52.349; 52.252; 49.427; 49.405; 43.464, 43.437, 38.486; 19.548; 19.232.

C20H21172N304 (~W= 405); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 406.

Example 20 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Lalaninyll (S)-2-amino-3-(3-pyridyl)propionate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-diffluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(3-pyridyl)propionate hydrochloride (Synthetech), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 101-103'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.48 in 10% Me011/1)CM) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 8.492 - 8.396 (m, 11-1); 8.359 - 8.322 (m, 1H); 7.5057.452 (m, 1H); 7.248-7.170 (m, 111); 6.976-6.908 (m, 111); 6.855-6.668 (m, 3H); 6.352-6.288 (m, 11-1); 4.866-4.798 (m, 11-1); 4.784-4.429 (m, 11-1)11-1); 3.750 (s, 31-1); 3.513 (s, 211); 3.220-2.964 (m, 21-1); 1.310-1.287 (d, 31-1).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.867; 171.831; 170.307; 161.942; 150.892; 150.753; 148.907; 148.750; 137.523; 137.388; 132.460; 124.106; 124.034; 112.981; 112.754; 103.228; 53.623; 53.461; 53.146; 49.368; 49.259; 43. 137; 43.115; 43.086; 35.485; 18.664.

 $C20H2,172N304 \sim = 405$); mass spectroscopy (MH') 406.

-- 195 - Example 21 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-alaninyl] 1.-proline Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-proline methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a viscous solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.57 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.524-7.498 (d, IH); 6.813-6.793 (d, 211); 6.681 6.613 (m, IH); 4.788-4.717 (m, 1H); 4.4844.442 (m, 111); 3.705-3.590 (m+s, 4H); 3.465 (s, 2H); 2.217-1.902 (m, 511); 1.332-1.309 (d, 311).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 172.753; 172.152; 169.843; 165.185; 161.894; 112.953; 112.850; 112.727; 112.624; 103.331, 102.996, 102.662; 59.352; 52.735; 47.495; 47.267; 43.069; 29.472; 25.403; 18.243.

C17H2OF2N2O4 NW= 354); mass spectroscopy (MH') 355.

Example 22 Synthesis of

Methyl 1-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

I,alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate Following General Procedure B and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and methyl pipecolinate hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf 0.30 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.2 (m, 51-1), 6.95 (dd, J=7.2, 15.2, 7.2 Hz, 111), 5.21 (dd, J=5.0, 11.0, 5.0 Hz, 111), 4.89 (q, J=7.1, 7.1 Hz, 111), 3.7 (m, 111), 3.59 (s, 311), 3.47 (s, 211), 3.1 (m, 111), 2.16 (d, J=11.5 Hz, 111), 1.4 (m, 411), 1.22 (dd, J = 1.3, 4.4, 1.2 Hz, 3H).

-- 196- 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 172.6, 171.8, 170.7, 135.5, 129.8, 129.3, 127.6, 52.9, 52.8, 46.0, 43.9, 27.1, 26.8, 25.6, 21.4, 19.9, 18.5.

C, gH24N2O4 (rVfW= 332); mass spectroscopy (MH') 333.

Example 23 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

1, alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionate Step A - Preparation of 3-(3-pyridyl)alanine methyl ester dihydrochloride Sodium metal (1.40 g, 61 mmol) was dissolved in Et011 (100mL) and diethyl acetamidomalonate (6.62 g, 30.5 mmol) and 3-picolylchloride hydrochloride (5.00g, 30.5 mmol) were added. The mixture was heated to reflux for 6 hours, and then cooled and filtered to remove NaCI (washed with EtOH). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the mixture was taken up into saturated aqueous NallCO3 (100 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 100 m L).

The solvent was removed and the residue purified by silica gel flash chromatography (95:5 CH2C12/Me014) to give diethyl 2-(3-pyridylmethyl)-2 acetamidomalonate (2.84 g, 30%).

Diethyl 2-(3-pyridyimethyl)-2-acetamidomalonate was dissolved in 6N 14Cl (30 mL) and heated to reflux for 19 hours whereupon it was cooled to room

-- 197- temperature and the HCl solution was removed by evaporation in vacuo. The intermediate amino acid dihydrochloride salt was taken up into MeO14 (30 mL) saturated with HCl gas and stirred for 3.5 hours. The MeO14/14Cl was removed by evaporation in vacuo to give 3-(3-pyridyl)alanine methyl ester dihydrochloride (2.235 g, 100%).

Step B - Preparation of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(4 pyridyl)propionate hydrochloride (prepared by the method set forth above using 4-picolylchloride hydrochloride), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.49 in 10% MeOH/13CM) and the product was purified by silica gel column chromatography. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD03): 3= 8.423-8.335 (dd, 214); 7.832-7.754 (q, IH); 7.342 7.246 (dd, 1H); 7.032-6.972 (dd, 2H); 6.764-6.667 (t, 211); 6.659-6.599 (m, 111); 4.837-4.768 (m, 1H); 4.590-4.515 (in, 1H); 3.675 (s, 3H); 3.426 (s, 2H); 3.112-2.804 (in, 211); 1.256-1.106 (dd, 3H).

13 C-ninr (CDC13): 3 = 173.037; 171.739; 170.258; 170.225; 165.201; 165.012; 161.904; 161.721; 150.183; 150.063; 146.115; 146.012; 139.100; 125.180; 125.122; 112.951; 112.915; 112.846; 103.492; 103.153; 53.088, 49.318; 42.977, 37.593; 37.547; 19.297; 18.882.

C20H21F2N304 (MW= 405); mass spectroscopy (MH') 406.

Example 24 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)

1, alaninyll-2-amino-3-methoxypropionate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-3-methoxypropionate hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $-198-165-168\,^{\circ}\text{C}$). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.48 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 6.971-6.944 (d, 111); 6.813-6.801 (m, 2H); 6.741 6.678 (m, 1H); 6.585-6.526 (m, 1H); 4.692-4.561 (quintex + q, 2H); 3.836 3.802 (m, 1H); 3.738 (s, 3H); 3.592-3.516 (m+ds, 3H); 3.312 (s, 3H); 1.408 1.355 (dd, 3H).

13 C-ninr (CDCl3): 3 = 172.705; 172.680; 170.908; 113.019; 112.978; 112.687; 112.646; 103.347; 72.434; 72.405; 59.885; 59.837; 53.263; 53.240; 49.413; 49.329; 19.389; 18.9196.

C16H2OF2N2O5 (MW= 358); mass spectroscopy (MH') 359.

N-FN-(3.5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3

Example 25 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl) Ialaninyll-2-amino-3-morpholinopropionate Step A methyl (2-N-CBZ-amino)-3-morpholino-12ropionat To a solution of N-CBZ-dehydro-alanine methyl ester (Sigma) in acetonitrile was added 2.0 equivalent of morpholine and 0.25 equivalents of anhydrous ferric chloride. The mixture was stirred for 16 hours and monitored by TLC. The solvent was stripped off and the residue extracted with ethyl acetate and washed with IN HCI. The aqueous layer was basified with IN potassium carbonate to pH = 9 and extracted with ethyl acetate again, dried over sodium sulfate and rotovapped to dryness to give methyl (2-N-CBZ amino) -3 - morpholino-propionate as a clear tan oil. See Perez et al., Tetrahedron 51(3) 8355-62 (1995) Step B Methyl

morpholinopropionate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

-- 199- L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-3 morpholinopropionate hydrochloride (prepared by General Procedure 0 above from methyl (2-N-CBZ-amino)-3-morpholino-propionate), the title compound was prepared as a viscous solid. The reaction was monitored by tie (Rf = 0.44 in 10% MeOH/WM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 7.408-7.384 (d, M); 7.247-7.173 (m, 111); 6.774 6.614 (m+t, M); 4.605-4.468 (m, M); 3.667 (s, 311); 3.642 (s, 2H); 3.576 3.561 (t, 4H); 3.479-3.461 (s+s, 2H); 2.639-2.618 (d, 2H); 2.395-2.366 (m, 4H); 1.344-1.307 (t, M).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 173.120; 172.245; 172.192; 170.275; 170.159; 165.189; 165.020; 161.897; 161.727; 139.167; 112.937; 112.863; 112.759; 112.610; 112.533; 103.103; 102.774; 67.379; 67.301; 59.346; 59.110; 54. 030; 52.936; 51.116; 49.283; 43.053; 18.980; 18.921.

C19H26F2N305 (MW = 413); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 414.

Example 26

Synthesis of

N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L,alaninyll-1,4-(2-morpholinoethoxy)phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure K and using 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich) and N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(2-morpholinoethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 17 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 165-168'C). The reaction was monitored by tie (Rf = 0. 67 in 10 % MeOH/WM + 1 % TEA) and the product was purified by acid/base washes.

NMR data was as follows: $^{\dagger}H-nmr \ (CDC'3): \ 3=8.258-8.232 \ (d,\ M); \ 8.014-7.989 \ (d,\ M); \ 7.532 \ 7.370$ $(t,\ M); \ 7.035-7.008 \ (d,\ M); \ 6.842-6.630 \ (m,\ 5H); \ 4.980-4.905 \ (m,\ M);$ $4.794-4.772 \ (m,\ M); \ 4.026-3.992 \ (t,\ M); \ 3.713-3.642 \ (t,\ 4H); \ 3.594 \ 3.453$ $(dd,\ M); \ 3.404-3.267 \ (t,\ M); \ 3.179 \ (s,\ M); \ 2.930-2.914 \ (t,\ M);$ $2.763-2.731 \ (t,\ 2H); \ 2.538-2.502 \ (m,\ 4H); \ 1.335-1.314 \ (d,\ M).$

--200- 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 ~ 172.956; 172.918; 171.756; 170.142; 161.677; 158.131; 130.973; 129.270; 114.968; 114.875; 112.908; 112.696; 112.571; 71.423; 71.367; 67.440; 66.164; 59.072; 58.232; 58.188; 54.636; 42.827; 42.800; 39.757; 39.642; 20.449; 20.135.

C29H38F2N406 (MW= 576); mass spectroscopy (MH') 577.

Example 27 Synthesis of

N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

1, alaninyll-2-amino-3-methoxypropionamide Following General Procedure K and using 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich) and methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3 methoxypropionate (from Example 24 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $\frac{1}{2}$)

181-184'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 43 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.728 - 6.706 (d, 21 - 1); 6.648 - 6.586 Q, 1H); 4.244 4213 (m, 11 - 1); 4.092 - 4.068 (m, 11 - 1); 3.553 - 3.503 (m, 21 - 1); 3.393 - 3.347 (m, 2H); 3.210 - 3.073 (m+ s, 7H); 3.053 (s, 3H); 1.183 - 1.138 (d, 31 - 1).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 176.31; 173.28; 172.59; 141.65; 114.02; 113.79; 113.69; 109.467; 103.528; 80.369; 73.210; 72.265; 72.011; 59.839; 59.801; 59.374; 55.584; 51.773; 51.731; 51.445; 42.915; 40.846; 17.751.

C18H25F2N305 (MW= 401); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 402.

Example 28 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1.-alaninyllglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and glycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 158-160'C). The

--201 - reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.61 in 10%MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 6.882-6.866 (in, 1H); 6.827-6.794 (m, 2H); 6.748 6.689 (t, 1H); 6.520-6.494 (d, 1H); 4.611-4.563 (quintex, IH); 4.00-3.99 (d, 2H); 3.746 (s, 3H); 3.528 (s, 2H); 1.389-1.366 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6:-- 172.926; 172.524; 170.524; 113.056; 112.951; 112.723; 103.769; 103.437; 103.214; 103.105; 85.309; 53.009; 49.333; 43.292; 41.692; 18.810.

C 411,6F2N2O4 (MW= 314); mass spectroscopy (MH') 315.

Example 29 Synthesis of

N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

I,alaninyll-2-amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionamide Following General Procedure K and using 2-methoxyethylamine and methyl

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4 pyridyl)propionate (from Example 23 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 202-206'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.72 in %MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 8.214-8.198 (d, 2H); 7.117-7.100 (d, 2H); 6.707 6.687 (m, 2H); 6.638-6.576 (t, 1H); 4.498-4.448 (m, IH); 3.985-3.939 (q, 1H); 3.386 (s, 2H); 3.190-3.084 (m, 4H); 3.060 (s, M); 2.918-2.629 (in, 2H); 1.077-0.905 (d, 3H).

13 C-timr (CDC13): 3 = 175.831; 173.229; 150.440; 150.249; 126.887; 113.995; 113.662; 103.662; 103.529; 72.081; 59.370; 55.201; 51.674; 42.949; 40.889; 38.350; 17.933.

C22H26F2N404 (MW= 448); mass spectroscopy (MH') 449.

--202- Example 30 Synthesis of N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyl]-2-amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionamide Following General Procedure K and using 2-methoxyethylamine and methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2 pyridyl)propionate (from Example 19 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 183-187'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.39 in 10% MeOH/13CM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH/DCM. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3= 8.457-8.442 (d, 1H); 8.029-8.005 (d, 111); 7.642 7.585 (t, 1H); 7.395-7.379 (m, 114); 7.267-7.141 (d+t, 2H); 6.828-6.802 (m,

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211); 6.754-6.679 (t, 11-1); 6.604-6.581 (m, 1H); 4.871-4.809 (q, 1H); 4.
532 4.485 (quintex, 111); 3.537 (s, 2H); 3.342-3.118 (m, 6H); 3.248 (s,
311); 1.394-1.371 (d, 3H).
13C-rimr (CDC13): 6 = 172.360; 171.140; 158.43; 149.113; 137.59; 124.98;
122.54; 113.02; 112.69; 103.40; 71.376; 59.203; 53.143; 49.984; 43.355;
43.328; 39.685; 39.626; 19.295.
C22H26F2N404 (MW= 448); mass spectroscopy (MH') 449.
Example 31
Synthesis.of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)
1, alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4-yl)propionate Following General
Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from
Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4 yl)propionate
hydrochloride (General Procedure H with methanol and HQ on methyl
(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4-yl)propyl acid (Synthetech)), the title compound
was prepared as a solid (mp = 136-139'C). The reaction was monitored by
fic (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by
recrystallization from DCM.
--203 - NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8.737-8.731 (d, 11-1); 7.410-7.385 (d, 111); 7.065
7.059 (d, ffl); 6.828-6.802 (m, 2H); 6.747-6.687 (m, IH); 6.542-6.518 (d,
11-1); 4.904-4.844 (q, 1H); 4.553-4.505 (quintex, 1H); 3.678 (s, 311); 3.
515 (s, 211); 3.402-3.232 (dq, 2H); 1.384-1.361 (d, 3H).
13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 172.497; 171.726; 169.619; 153.831; 152.613;
116.431; 113.019; 112.688; 112.014; 103.396; 53.113; 52.625; 49.476;
43.460; 43.435; 32.850; 19.422.
ClsH19F2N304S (MW= 411); mass spectroscopy (MH') 412.
Example 32
Synthesis of
Methyl 2-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-1,-alaninyll
1,2,3,4-tetrahydrolsoquinoline-3-carboxylate Following General Procedure
A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2
above) and methyl 1,2,3,4 tetrahydroisoquinoline 3-carboxylate (Aldrich),
the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 37 \ 'C). The reaction was
monitored by fic (Rf = 0.64 in 10% MeOH/DCM).
 NMR data was as follows:
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'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 7.500-7.475 (d, 11-1); 7.161-7.057 (m, 41-1); 6.815 6.795 (dm, 21-1); 6.656-6.596 (t, 11-1); 5.336-5.088 (m, 211); 4.924-4.841 (m, 111); 4.718-4.453 (m, 11-1); 3.530 (s, 31-1); 3.500 (s, 21-1); 3.329-3.058 (m, 2H); 1.423-1.400, 1.327-1.304 (d, 31-1).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 -":: 173.428; 173.329; 171.690; 171.559; 169.558; 165.020; 161.899; 161.728; 139.368; 132.549; 128.912; 127.723; 126.648; 112.929; 103.360; 60.915; 53.318; 53.001; 46.377; 43.121; 31.027; 21.537; 19.545; 18.771; 14.716.

C22H22F2N2O4 (MW= 416); mass spectroscopy (MH') 417.

--204- Example 33 Synthesis of N-(3-Methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-1, phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure B and using N-(N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine (prepared by coupling N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above)

with L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure E, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure Q and 3-methoxybenzylamine (TCI), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 117-130°C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 8 in 3 % MeOH/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH.

NMR data was as follows:

S-ninr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.4 (t, 1H), 8.32 (d, 1H), 8.1 (d, 1H), 6.95-7.2 (m, 9H), 6.7 (in, 3H), 4.5 (m, 1H), 4.2 (m, 3H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 3.3 (d, 2H), 3.0 (m, 2H), 2.5 (s, 3H), 1.2 (in, 4H).

OC-iimr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 172.40, 171.08, 169.28, 159.62, 141.09, 138.06, 129.62, 129.51, 128.41, 126.63, 119.56, 112.97, 112.79, 112.59, 112.46, 55.31, 48.77, 40.69, 40.42, 40.28, 40.14, 40.03, 39.86, 39.70, 39.58, 39.46, 39.44, 39.31, 39.20, 39.03, 18.45.

C28H29N304F2 (MW = 509); mass spectroscopy (MH') 509.

Example 34 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

Ialaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(1-naphthyl)propionate Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(1 naphthyl)propionate hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 103-130'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.8 in 5% MeOH/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by flash column chromatography using 6% MeOH/methylene chloride as the eluent.

--205- NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): $6=8.\ 10\ (d,\ 11-1)$, $7.85\ (d,\ 1H)$, $7.71\ (d,\ 1H)$, $7.50\ (m,\ 3H)$, $7.35\ (t,\ IH)$, $7.20\ (d,\ 1H)$, $6.70\ (m,\ 41-1)$, $6.30\ (d,\ 1H)$, $4.90\ (ni,\ 1H)$, $4.45\ (m,\ 11-1)$, $3.3-3.7\ (m,\ 8H)$, $1.7\ (bs,\ IH)$, $1.3\ (d\ 3H)$.

OC-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.43, 172.29, 169.77, 134.41, 132.61, 132.58, 129.51, 128.63, 128.33, 128.28, 128.06, 126.97, 126.80, 126.42, 126.29, 125.94, 125.86, 124.06, 123.90, 112.96, 112.63, 103.44, 78.03, 77.61, 77. 19, 61.01, 54.02, 53.83, 52.99, 51.40, 49.33, 43.29, 35.64, 18.82, 14.77.

C24H24N2O4F2 (MW= 442); mass spectroscopy (MH') 442.

Example 35

Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

L,alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2-naphthyl)propionate Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(2 naphthyl)propionate hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (nip = 166° C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.55 in % MeOH/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by preparative fic using 5 % MeOH/methylene chloride as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 1.3 (d, 31-1), 3.2 (in, 2H), 3.3 (s, 211), 3.7 (s, 311), 4.55 (m, 1H), 4.9 (quart, 1H), 6.7 (in, 411); 7.05 (d, 1H), 7.20 (d, 1H), 7.45 (in, 21-1), 7.55 (s, 11-1), 7.80 (in, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.43, 172.26, 169.86, 133.93, 133.76, 133.02, 128.86, 128.64, 128.23, 128.20, 127.69, 126.85, 126.45, 112.95, 112.62, 103.37, 78.05, 77.62, 77.20, 53.93, 53.05, 49.37, 43.12, 38.46, 18.81.

C24H24N204F2 (MW= 442); mass spectroscopy (MH') 442. --206- Example 36 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2-thienyl)propionate Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-3-(2-thienyl) propionate (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 145 147'C). The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf = 0.9 in 100% EtOAc) and the product was purified by preparative tic using EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.15 (d, 111), 6.9 (t, 111), 6.7-6.8 (in, 5H), 6.3 (d, IH), 4.8 (m, IH), 4.5 (m, 1H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 3.35 (d, 2H), 1. 35 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 172.22, 171.56, 169.79, 137.47, 127.71, 125.55, 113.04, 112.71, 103.48, 78.03, 77.60, 77.18, 53.78, 53.25, 49.51, 43.41, 32.37, 18.97.

C19H2ON204F2S (MW= 410); mass spectroscopy (MH') 410.

Example 37 Synthesis of

 $N^-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll 1, phenylaianine Benzyl Ester Following General Procedure B and using <math>N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L$ alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylalanine benzyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 170-171'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.7 in 5% MeOH/inethylene chloride) and the product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (MeOH): 3 = 7.3 (m, lOH), 6.9 (m, 3H), 5.2 (s, 2H), 4.75 (t, J = 7 Hz, 1 H), 4.4 (quart, J = 6 Hz, 1 H), 3.6 (s, 21-1), 3.1 (ra, J = 6 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H).

--207- 13 C-nmr (MeOH): 6 = 175.29, 173.09, 172.78, 141.54, 138.35, 137.53, 130.88, 130.08, 130.05, 129.92, 128.42, 113.93, 113.83, 113.60, 103.90, 103.55, 103.21, 68.59, 55.87.

C27H26N2O4F2 (MW= 480); mass spectroscopy (MH*) 480.

Example 38

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll 1-,-phenylalanine 3-Brornopropyl Ester Following General Procedure B and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine (prepared by coupling N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylalanine (Aldrich) using General Procedure B) and 3-bromo-1-propanol (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 138-142°C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.75 in 60% Et0Ac/hexaties) and the product was purified by flash column chromatography using 60% Et0Ac/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 7.3-6.6 (m, 10H), 4.8 (m, 1H), 4.55 (in, IH), 4.2 (t, J=6 Hz, 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.3 (ni, 2H), 3.05 (in, J=6 and 8 Hz, 2H), 2.1 (m, 2H), 1.3-1.2 (m, J=7 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (C1)C13): 3 = 172.49, 171.78, 171.71, 170.01, 169.96, 165.31,

162.02, 161.84, 138.91, 138.78, 138.66, 136.26, 136.19, 129.76, 129.72, 129.22, 129.18, 127.80, 113.04, 113.02, 112.93, 112.91, 112.82, 112.79, 112.71, 112.69, 103.72, 103.69, 103.36, 103.05, 103.03, 63.75, 63.70, 54. 11, 53.91, 49.38, 49.32, 43.26, 38.56, 38.51, 31.92, 29.76, 29.71, 19.14, 19. 06. C23H2,N204172Br (MW = 511. 1); mass spectroscopy (MH') 512.

Example 39 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] l,phenylalanine 3-lodopropyl Ester

--208- Following General Procedure B and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine (prepared by coupling N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylalanine (Aldrich) using General Procedure B) and 3-iodo-l-propanol (Aldrich) , the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.45 in 5% MeOH/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by preparative fic using 5% MeOH/methylene chloride.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 7.4-7.0 (m, SH), 6.9-6.6 (in, 4H), 6.3 (m, M), 4.8 (m, M), 4.5 (m, M), 4.2 (t, 2H), 3.5 (s, 2H), 3.1 (in, 4H), 2.1 (ni, 2H), 1.7 (s, M), 1.35-1.25 (m, M).
"C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 ~ 172.24, 171.72, 169.95, 136.12, 136.09, 129.77, 129.75, 129.28, 129.24, 127.87, 113.06, 113.02, 112.73, 112.70, 103.80, 103.49, 103.47, 65.73, 65.70, 54.00, 53.84, 49.42, 49.33, 43.38, 38.54, 38.50, 32.57, 18.97, 18.91.

Example 40 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll I, Ieucine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-leucine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (nip = $128\,^{\circ}$ C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.85 in 5% MeOH/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by flash column chromatography using 5% MeOH/methylene chloride as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 6.9-6.5 (ni, 5H), 4.6 (ni, M), 4.4 (m, M), 3.5 (s, 2H), 1.7-1.4 (m, 15H), 0.9 (t, 6H).

13 C-ninr (CDC'3): 3 = 172.41, 172.20, 169.87, 165.30, 162.00, 161.83, 139.01, 138.89, 112.92, 112.82, 112.69, 112.59, 103.62, 103.29, 102.95, --209-82.50, 78.03, 77.61, 77.18, 52.12, 49.39, 43.34, 41.86, 28.52, 25.42, 23. 26, 22.46, 19.18.

C27H30N2O4F2 QVIW= 412.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 413.

product was purified by recrystallization from EtOH.

Example 41 Synthesis of N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] 2-amino-2-(2-pyridyI)acetamide Following General Procedure L and using ethyl N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate (from Example 65 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 1 in 9: 1 CHC13/MeOH) and the

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NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.54 (m, IH), 8.43 (d, 1H), 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.59 (bs,
1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, M), 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, M), 6.98 (m, 2H),
5.41 (m, 1H), 4.46 (m, 1H), 4.46 (m, IH), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.26 (m, 3H).
C18H17N303F2 (MW = 376.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.
Example 42
Synthesis of
N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetamide Following General Procedure L and using
ethyl N-[N-(3,5)]
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate (from
Example 53 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The
reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.1 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH) and the
product was purified by recrystallization from EtOH.
NMR data was as follows:
S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.64 (m, M), 8.55 (d, IH), 8.52 (d, 1H), 8.41 (d,
M), 7.79 (m, M), 7.37 (m, M), 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.09 (ra, 1H), 6.98 (ra, 2H),
5.42 (m, IH), 4.42 (m, IH), 3.53 (s, 2H), 1.26 (m, 3H).
--210- C181117N403F2 (MW = 376.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.
Example 43
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll
N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine Methyl Ester Following General
Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophertylacetyl)-L alanine (from
Example B2 above) and NE-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl ester
(B4Chem), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was
monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.40 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was
purified by flash chromotography using 50% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (C1)C13): 6 = 6.80 (d, 2H), 6.66 (t, 111), 4.82 (bs, 1H), 3.73 (s,
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'H-nmr (C1)C13): 6 = 6.80 (d, 2H), 6.66 (t, 111), 4.82 (bs, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.04 (bs, 2H), 1.60-1.15 (m, 2H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.32 (d, 2H), 1.20-1.30 (m, 2H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 173.00, 172.80, 165.28, 165.11, 161.98, 161.78, 156.79, 138.95, 129.06, 128.72, 103.59, 103.26, 102.92, 79.81, 52.99, 52. 76, 49.44, 43.25, 31.92, 29.98, 28.99, 22.95, 18.94.

C23H33F2N306 (MW= 485.53); mass spectroscopy (MH') N/A.

Example 44 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-4-phenylbutanoate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-4-phenylbutanoate (prepared from (+)-u-amino-4-phenylbutyric acid (Bachem) using General Procedure AG), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 147 149.5'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.32 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

--211 - 'H-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 7.63 (bd, 2H), 7.04 (m, SH), 6.56-6.82 (m, 3H), 4.80 (p, 1H), 4.48 (q, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 2.50-2.65

(m, 2H), 1.80-2.16 (m, 2H), 1.29 (d, M).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 173.48, 172.89, 170.43, 165.17, 161.71, 140.91, 139.34, 129.07, 129.01, 128.89, 126.81, 126.76, 112.90, 112.67, 103.37, 103.03, 102.69, 52.86, 52.71, 49.36, 42.99, 33.79, 32.21, 19.34.

C22H24F2N2O4 (MW= 418.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 419.

Example 45 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) l,alaninyllglycine 2-Phenylethyl Ester Following General Procedure X and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]glycine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]glycine benzyl ester (from Example 73 below) using General Procedure 0) and 2-phenylethanol (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 154.0-155.2'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 15 in 15 % EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using % EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.35-7.20 (m, 5H), 6.76 (bs, 1H), 6.72-6.67 (m, 3H), 6.54 (bd, 1H), 4.58 (p, 1H), 4.34 (t, 2H), 3.96 (d, 2H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 2.93 (t, 2H), 1.26 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 ="~ 172.9, 170.1, 169.9, 137.8, 129.4, 129.1, 127.3, 112.94, 103.4, 103.0, 65.5, 49.3, 43.2, 41.8, 35.4, 18.8.

C2jH22N204F2 (MW== 404.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

Example 46 Synthesis of

the eluent.

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)] l,alaninyl]glycine 3-Phenylpropyl Ester

--212 - Following General Procedure X and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyllglycine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyllglycine benzyl ester (from Example 73 below) using General Procedure 0) and and 3-phenyl-1-propanol (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 137'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 15 in 50 % EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using 50% EtOAc/hexanes as

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.55-7.32 (in, 5H), 6.73 (d, 2H), 6.65 (in, 1H), 4.74 (p, 1H), 4.14 (t, 2H), 3.93 (in, 2H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 2.66 (t, 2H), 1. 94 (p, 2H), 1.41 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 -= 173.8, 170.5, 170.1, 165.2, 165.0, 161.9, 161.7, 141.5, 139.2, 129.1, 128.9, 126.7, 112.9, 112.8, 103.4, 103.1, 102.8, 65. 4, 49.3, 42.9, 41.8, 32.6, 30.6, 19.3.

C22H24N2O4F2 QV'W = 418.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 419.

Example 47

Synthesis of

N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll

2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl) acetamide Following General Procedure L and using ethyl N-[N~(3,5)

difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate (from Example 66), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 1 in CHC13/MeOH 9: 1) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 9:1 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.53 (in, 2H), 8.88 (bs, 1H), 7.41 (ra, 2H), 7.12 (in, 1H), 7.02 (in, 2H), 5.46 (m, IH), 4.46 (ra, 1H), 3.55 and 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.21 (m, 3H).

C18H18N403F2 (MW= 376.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.

--213- Example 48 Synthesis of N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1.~alaninyll-1.-threonine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure U and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and L-threonine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6= 7.45 (d, J=8.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.11-7.27 (m, 6H), 4.55 (quintet, J=7.2 Hz, 111), 4.43 (dd, J=2.6,8.8 Hz, IH), 4.20 (ra, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 1.29 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 311), 1.04 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 172.8, 171.1, 170.9, 134.5, 128.9, 128.4, 126.8, 67.5, 57.7, 52.1, 48.7, 42.8, 19.6, 18.3.

C16H22N2O5 (MW = 322.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 323.

Example 49 Synthesis of

N'-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyl]-I, Ieucinamide Following General Procedure T and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and L-leucinamide hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 207-209'C). The product was purified by extraction with EtOAc and washing with aqueous potassium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

S-rimr (C1)30D): 3 = 7.00-7.12 (m, 5H), 4.10-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.34 (s, 2H), 1.30-1.50 (ra, 2H), 1.12-1.23 (m, 4H), 0.65-0.76 (ra, 6H).

13 C-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 177.5, 174.9, 174.1, 136.8, 130.1, 129.6, 127.9, 52.8, 50.7, 43.4, 41.9, 25.8, 23.5, 21.8, 17.7.

Example 50
Synthesis of
N'-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-I.-alaninamide

--214- Following General Procedure U and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and L-alaninamide hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = > 260'C). The product was purified by washing with aqueous sodium hydroxide and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 8.27 (d, J=7.1 Hz, M), 7.88 (d, J=7.6 Hz, M), 7.26 (m, 6H), 6.99 (s, M), 4.25 (quintet, J=7.1 Hz, M), 4.16 (quintet, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.46 (s, 2H), 1.19 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 6H).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 174.1, 171.8, 170.0, 136.3, 129.0, 128. 1, 126.3, 48.3, 47.9, 42.0, 18.3, 18. 1.

Synthesis of

N'-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure T and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and L-phenylalaninamide (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 224-225'C).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6=8.24 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 111), 7.89 (d, J=8.2 Hz, M), 7.36 (s, 111), 7.13-7.34 (m, 10H), 7.11 (s, M), 4.40 (m, M), 4.21 (quintet, J=7.1 Hz, M), 3.44 (d, 211), 3.01 (dd, J=4.9, 13.7 Hz, M), 2.82 (dd, J=9.0, 13.7 Hz, 1 H), 1. 13 (d, J=6.9 Hz, M).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 172.7, 172.0, 170.0, 137.8, 136.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.2, 128.0, 126.3, 126.2, 53.6, 48.5, 41.9, 37.3, 18.0. Example 52

Synthesis of

 N^{-} -[N-(Phenylacetyl)-L,-alaninyl)-I,valinamide Following General Procedure T and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example BI above) and L-valinamide hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = > 2610C).

--215 - NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3=8.31 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 111), 7.62 (d, J=9.0 Hz, IH), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.15-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.05 (s, 11-1), 4.34 (quintet, J=7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.08 (dd, J=6.4, 15.3 Hz, 1 H), 3.45 (s, 211), 1.91 (m, 1 H), 1.19 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 311).

'C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 172.8, 172.1, 170.0, 136.3, 129.0, 128.2, 126.3, 57.2, 48.2, 42.0, 30.5, 19.2, 17.9, 17.8.

Example 53

Synthesis of

Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) I, alaninyl] -2-arnino-2- (3-pyridyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate (prepared as described in P. Kolar et al., J. Heterocyclic Chem., 28, 1715 (1991) and references cited therein), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 146-157C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 1 in CH03/Me01-1 98:2) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 959:5 C1-1C13/Me011 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from chlorobutane.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 8.60 (m, 11-1), 8.56 and 8.52 (m, 1H), 7.91 (m, IH), 7.63 (m, 111), 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.74 (ra, 2H), 5.55 (m, 11-1), 4.69 (m, 1H), 4.17 (m, 2H), 3.50 and 3.41 (s, 21-1), 1.33 and 1.29 (d, 31-1), 1.21 (m, 3H), 1.18 (m, 31-1).

C20H2IN304172 (MW= 405.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

Example 54

Synthesis of

N-Methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-]L,-alaninyl]-]L, Ieucinamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and N-methyl-L-leucinamide (prepared from N-methyl-N'-216-BOC-L-leucinamide (from Example D5 above) using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 233-235'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH.

'H-nmr (CDC'3/CD3OD): 6 = 7.25-7.40 (in, 5H), 4.36 (quartet, J=7.2 Hz, M), 4.27 (dd, J=5.1, 14.6 Hz, M), 3.56 (s, 2H), 2.72 (s, M), 1.40 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.32 (d, J=7.1 Hz, M), 0.89 (d, J=6.2 Hz, M), 0.86 (d, J=6.2 Hz, M).

Example 55 Synthesis of

N,N-Diirnethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl) I,alaninyll-I,phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(plienylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and NN-dimethyl-L-phenylalaninamide (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-phenylalanine (Bachem) with dimethylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 152-155'C). The product was purified by extraction with EtOAc, washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid, and trituration with Et20.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.49 (d, J=8.2 Hz, M), 7.20-7.26 (m, 8H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.45 (d, J=7.5 Hz, M), 5.08 (quartet, J=8.0 Hz, M), 4.60 (quintet, J=7.3 Hz, M), 3.56 (s, 2H), 2.95 (m, 2H), 2.86 (s, M), 2.61 (s, M), 1.26 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 171.6, 170.8, 170.4, 136.0, 134.7, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 127.1, 50.2, 48.7, 43.4, 39.5, 36.8, 35.6, 18.8.

--217- Example 56 Synthesis of N,N-Dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl) l,alaninyll-I,Ieucinamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and NN-dimethyl-L-leucinamide (prepared by coupling N BOC-L-leucine (Bachem) with dimethylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 130 132'C).

The product was purified by extraction by EtOAc, washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid, and trituration with $E{\sim}0$.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3= 7.23-7.36 (m, 5H), 7.04 (d, J=8.7 Hz, M), 6.30 (d, J=7.6 Hz, M), 4.92 (m, M), 4.56 (quintet, J=7.2 Hz, M), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 3H), 1.33-1.64 (m, M), 1.27 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.94 (d, J=6.4 Hz, M), 0.88 (d, J=6.5 Hz, M).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 172.0, 171.7, 170.4, 134.6, 129.2, 128.8, 1.27.2, 48.7, 47.3, 43.5, 42.1, 36.9, 35.8, 24.6, 23.3, 21.8, 18.6.

Example 57 Synthesis of

N,N-Dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-l~-alaninyll-l,valinamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(phertylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and N,N-ditnethyl-L-valinamide (prepared by coupling N BOC-L-valine (Bachem) with dimethylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 147 149'C).

The product was purified by extraction by EtOAc, washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid, and trituration with Et20.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.24 - 7.38 (m, 5H), 6.64 (d, M), 6.05 (d, M), 4.74 (dd, J=5.9, 8.9 Hz, M), 4.50 (quintet, J=7.1 Hz, M), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.08 (s,

--218 - 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 1.97 (in, 1H), 1.28 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 172.3, 171.4, 170.4, 134.6, 129.0, 128.5, 126.8, 53.5, 48.5, 43.2, 37.3, 35.6, 31.2, 19.2, 18.6, 17.5.

C18H27N303 (MW= 333.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 334.

Example 58

Synthesis of

N-Methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll-1, phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(phertylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and N-methyl-L-phenylalaninamide (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-phenylalanine (Bachem) with methylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3=8.23 (d, J=7.0 Hz, M), 7.95 (d, J=8.2 Hz, M), 7.79 (d, J=4.4 Hz, M), 7.10-7.32 (in, lOH), 4.37 (quintet, J=5.4 Hz, M), 4.19 (quintet, J=7.1 Hz, M), 3.44 (s, 2H), 2.96 (dd, J=5.5, 13.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.78 (dd, J=9.2, 13.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.52 (d, J=4.4 Hz, 3H), 1. 11 (d, J=7.0 Hz, M).

13 C-ninr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 172.0, 171.0, 170.1, 137.8, 136.3, 129. 11, 129.07, 128.2, 128.1, 126.31, 126.26, 53.9, 48.5, 41.9, 37.5, 25.5, 18.0.

Example 59

Synthesis of

N-Methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-L-valinamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and N-methyl-L-valinamide (prepared by coupling N-BOC L-valine (Bachem) with methylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General

--219- Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.30 (d, J=7.6 Hz, M), 7.88 (d, J=4.7 Hz, M), 7.69 (d, J=9.1 Hz, M), 7.17-7.32 (in, 5H), 4.34 (quintet, J=7.2 Hz, M), 4.04 (dd, J=7.0, 8.9 Hz, M), 3.45 (s, 2H), 2.56 (d, J=4.6 Hz, M), 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.18 (d, J=7.0 Hz, M), 0.76 (d, J=6.6 Hz, M), 0.75 (d, J=6.7 Hz, M).

"C-nmr (DMSO-d,,): 3 = 172.0, 171.1, 170.0, 136.3, 129.0, 128. 1, 126.3, 57.6, 48.2, 42.0, 30.6, 25.4, 19.2, 18.1, 17.9.

Example 60

Synthesis of

N-Methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

lalaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-methyl-L-norleucinamide (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-norieucine (Bachem) with methylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure

13, followed by removal of the 130C group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.37 (d, 7. 1, 1H), 7.88 (d, 8. 1, 1H), 7.78 (d, 4.4, 1H), 7.08 (t, 9.5, 1H), 6.98 (d, 6.90, 2H), 4.27 (quintet, 7.0, 1H), 4.13 (quartet, 5.5, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.54 (d, 4.4, 3H), 1.58 (m, IH), 1.46 (m, 1 H), 1. 19 (m, 7H), 0. 81 (t, 6.5, 3H).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 172.0, 171.9, 169.0, 162.2 (dd, J = 13.6, 244.0Hz), 140.7, 112.2(dd, J=8.3, 17.0 Hz), 101.9(t, J=25.5 Hz), 52.4, 48.4, 41.3, 31.8, 27.4, 25.5, 21.8, 17.9, 13.8.

CjgH25N303F2 (MW = 369.42); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 384.

--220- Example 61 Synthesis of N, N-Dimethyl-N, -[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide Following General Procedure U and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and NN-dimethyl-L-norieucinamide (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-norleucine (Bachem) with dimethylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure B, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 138-140 °C). The product was purified by extraction with EtOAc and washing with aqueous sodium carbonate and aqueous hydrochloric acid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.11 (d, 8.1, 1H), 6.81 (in, 2H), 6.71 (in, IH), 6. 60 (d, 7.6, 1H), 4.89 (q, J=5.0, IH), 4.57 (quint, J=7.1, 1H), 3.53 (s, 211), 3.08 (s, 3H), 2.97 (s, 3H), 1.70 (in, 1H), 1.55 (in, 1H), 1.20-1.38 (in, 7H), 0.85 (t, 6.9, 3H).

"C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 171.6, 171.5, 168.9, 163.0 (dd, J = 12.9, 247.3 Hz), 138.4, 112.2 (dd, J=7.8, 17.0 Hz), 102.7 (t, J=25.0 Hz), 49.1, 48.9, 42.9, 37.1, 35.8, 32.6, 27.1, 22.4, 19.1, 13.8.

Cj9H27N303F2 (MW= 383.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 384.

Example 62

Synthesis of

N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) l, alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamideFollowing General Procedure U and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-norleucinamide (prepared from N BOC-L-norleucinamide (from Example D6 above) using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = > 215'C). The product was purified by precipitation from water.

NMR data was as follows:

--221 - H-mmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.37 (d, 7.4, 11-1), 7.83 (d, 8.0, 11-1), 7.29 (s, 111), 6.95-7.14 (m, 4H), 4.29 (quintet, J=7.2, 11-1), 4.14(quartet, J=5. 0, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.61 (in, 111), 1.46 (m, IH), 1.21 (m, 711), 0.82 (in, 314).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 173.6, 171.9, 168.9, 162.0 (dd), 140.7, 112.2(dd, J=7.5, 16.6 Hz), 101.9 (t), 52.2, 48.3, 41.3, 31.8, 27.4, 21.8, 18.0, 13.8.

C17H23N3O3F2 ("= 355.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 356.

Example 63
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyll-2-amino-2(3-methoxyphenyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and
methyl 2-amino-2-(3 methoxyphenyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared by the
Bucherer Modification of the Strecker procedure as described in J. P.
Greenstein et al., "The Chemistry of Amino Acids", Vol. 1, p. 698, Wiley,
New York (1961)), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
163-170'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.45 in 9:1
CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography
using 97:3 CHC'3'MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.27 (m, IH), 7.18 and 7.06 (in, 1H), 6.87-6.67 (in, 61-1), 6.25 (m, 11-1), 5.46 (in, 11-1), 4.58 (in, -11-1), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.71 and 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.53 and 3.48 (s, 31-1), 1.39 and 1.30 (d, 31-1).

C21H22N2O5172 (MW= 420.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 421.

Example 64
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyll -2-amino-2(4-methoxyphenyl) acetate
--222- Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl
2-amino-2-(4 methoxyphenyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared by the
Bucherer Modification of the Strecker procedure as described in J. P.
Greenstein et al., "The Chemistry of Amino Acids", Vol. 1, p. 698, Wiley,
New York (1961)), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
170-1740C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 1 in 98:2
CHC'3/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography
using 98:2 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=7.26 (m, 2H), 7.01-6.68 (m, 5H), 6.14 (in, 1H), 5.41 (m, 1H), 4.56 (in, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.74 and 3.71 (s, 311), 3.54 and 3.47 (s, 311), 1.39 and 1.29 (d, 311).

C2jH22N2O5F2 (MW= 420.42); mass spectroscopy (MHI) 421.

Example 65 Synthesis of Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) I alaninyll-2-amino-2- (2-pyridyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared as described in P. Kolar et al., J. Heterocyclic Chem., 28, 1715 (1991) and references cited therein), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 123-125'C). The reaction was monitored by tle (Rf = 0. 1 in 98:2 C11C13/Me011) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 95:5 C1403/Me011 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from chlorobutane.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3=8.53 (m, 111), 7.70 (in, 2H), 7.48 (ra, 1H), 7.27 (m, 111), 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.74 (in, 111), 6.52 (m, 111), 5.58 (in, 111), 4.67 (m, 111), 4.18 (in, 2H), 3.54 and 3.50 (s, 211), 1.48 and 1.39 (d, 3H), 1.21 (in, 3H).

--223 - Example 66 Synthesis of Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) l,alaninyll-2-amino-2- (4-pyridyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared as described in P. Kolar et al., J. Heterocyclic Chem., 28, 1715 (1991) and references cited therein), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 175-181 'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 1 in 98:2 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 95:5 C11C13/MeO1-1 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from chlorobutane.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 8.59 (m, 211), 7.39 (m, 111), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.80 (ra, 3H), 6.21 (m, 111), 5.51 (m, 11-1), 4.62 (m, 11-1), 4.21 (m, 2H), 3.57 and 3.51 (s, 2H), 1.38 (m, 3H), 1.23 (m, 31-1).

C20H2IN304F2 (MW = 405.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

Example 67 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Cyclohexylacetyl)-l~-alaninyll 1,phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure U and using cyclohexylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phertylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N BOC L-alanine (Bachem) with L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure U, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (rap = 156 158'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in 1: 1 EtOAclhexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 0.95 (m, 211), 1.10-1.38 (m, 3H), 1.33 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 311), 1.60-1.86 (m, 6H), 2.02 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 21-1), 3.10 (ra, 2H), 3.71 (s,

--224-31-1), 4.49 (ra, 1H), 4.81 (m, 1H), 6.10 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J=7. Hz, 1 H), 7. 11 (m, 21-1), 7.26 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (C1)C13): 6:"'~ 18.4, 26.0, 26.1, 33.0, 33.1, 35.3, 37.8, 44.5, 48.5, 52.4, 53.3, 127.1, 128.6, 129.2, 135.6, 171.6, 172.0, 172.2.

C21H3ON204 (MW= 374.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 375.

Example 68

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Cyclopentylacetyl)-1, alaninyll 1, phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure U and using cyclopentylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N BOC L-alanine (Bachem) with L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure U, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 137 139°C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.23 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C1)C13): a = 1.13 (m, 2H), 1.33 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.58 (m, 4H), 1.80 (m, 21-1), 2.17 (m, 314), 3.10 (m, 21-1), 3.71 (s, 31-1), 4.50 (m, 1H), 4.83 (m, 11-1), 6.12 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 11-1), 6.69 (d, J=7.7 Hz, IH), 7.2 (m, 2H), 7.25 (m, 31-1).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 18.3, 24.9, 32.4, 32.5, 37.0, 37.7, 42.7, 48.4, 52.3, 53.3, 127.1, 128.5, 129.2, 135.7, 171.6, 172.0, 172.6.

C20H2gN204 (MW= 360.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 361.

Example 69 Synthesis of

 N^- [N-(Cyclohex-l-enylacetyl)-1,alaninyll L-phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure U and using cyclohex-l-enylacetic acid (Alfa) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N BOC

--225 - L-alanine (Bachem) with L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure U, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 139 142'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.27 in 1: 1 EtOAc/liexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 1.31 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.58 (m, 411), 1.89 (m, 2H), 2.04 (br s, 2H), 2.83 (s, 211), 3.00-3.20 (in, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.47 (m, 11-1), 4.81 (m, 1H), 5.60 (s, 111), 6.26 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 111), 7.11 (m, 211), 7.26 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 18.1, 21.9, 22.7, 25.3, 28.3, 37.7, 46.0, 48.4, 52.3, 53.3, 127.1, 127.2, 128.5, 129.1, 132.2, 135.7, 171.0, 171.6, 171.8.

C2,1428N204 (MW= 372.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 373. Example 70

Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

1,alaninyll-1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 1-aminocyclopropane-1 carboxylate hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.3 in 95:5 CHCl3/MeOV1) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 97:3 CHCl3/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.96 (bs, 1H), 6.82 (in, 211), 6.69 (m, 111), 6.48 (d, 11-1), 4.50 (m, 111), 3.67 (s, 311), 3.54 (s, 21-1), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.40 (d, 2H), 1.12 (m, 214).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -18' (c 1, Me011).

--226- Example 71 Synthesis of N-2-(N,N-Dimethylamino)ethyl-N-methyl-N' [N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll-L-alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and NN-trimethylethylene diamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.37 (ra, 2H), 8.19 (d, 1H), 8.08 (d, 2H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 4.67 (m, 111), 4.30 (m, 114), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.01 and 2.86 (s, 3H), 2.47 (t, 1H), 2.31 (t, 1H), 2.15 (s, 6H), 1.19 (ra, 61-1).

Optical Rotation: [$t-\sim 1$ 23 = -85' (c 1, MeOH).

C19H28N403F2 (MW = 398.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 398.

Example 72 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Cyclopropylacetyl)-I.,alaninyll L~phenylalanine Methyl EsterFollowing General Procedure U and using cyclopropylacetic acid (Lancaster) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-alanine (Bachem) with L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure U, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $128-13 \ 1$ 'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 14 in 1:1 EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C1)C13): 5 = 0.17 (m, 21-1), 0.59 (m, 2E1), 0.92 (m, 111), 1.35(d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 2.11 (m, 2H), 3.05 (dd, J=6.7, 13.9 Hz, 1H), 3.16 (dd, $_{\rm J=5.5,\ 13.9\ Hz,\ IH)}$, 3.73 (s, 3H), 4.52 (m, 1H), 4.82 (m, 111), 6.47 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 111), 6.70 (d, J=7.5 Hz, IH), 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.28 (m, 311).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3= 4.6, 6.9, 18.2, 37.7, 41.2, 48.4, 52.4, 53.2, 127.1, 128.5, 129.2, 135.7, 171.7, 171.9, 172.3.

--227- C18H24N2O4 Q~'~ = 332.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 333.

Example 73 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Diflnoropheny Iacety I)] lalaniny llglycine Benzyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and glycine benzyl ester (prepared from N BOC-glycine (Bachem) and benzyl alcohol (Aldrich) using General Procedure X, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 167.5'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.35 in 2% MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using 2% MeOH/CH2C'2 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.12 (m, 5H), 6.71 (in, 311), 6.60 (m, 2H), 4.95 (s, 2H), 4.18 (q, 1H), 3.76 (dd, 2H), 3.35 (s, 2H), 1. 13 (d, 311).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 176.0, 172.9, 171.5, 166.46, 163.30, 141.54, 137.70, 130.11, 129.88, 113.98, 113.87, 113.75, 113.64, 103.89, 103.55, 103.21, 68.44, 50.93, 43.25, 42.61, 18.65.

C20H2ON204F2 (MW= 390.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 391.

Example 74

Synthesis -of

N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinylj-l, alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 198-201 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by rerystallization from EtOAc.

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:5 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.25 and 1.30 (two d, 3H), 5.57 (d, 11-1), 5.60 (d, 1H).

C18H26N2O4 (MW = 334.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 335.

Example 75

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll 1, phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure Z and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine 2,4,5-trichlorophenyl ester (from Example D8 above) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 154-158'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 3 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 50-100% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:3 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.00 and 1. 18 (two d, 3H), 2.96 (in, 214).

C21H23N306 (MW = 413.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 413.

Example 76

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll 1, alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure Z and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine 2,4,5-trichlorophenyl ester (from Example D8 above) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 193 195'Q. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in EtOAc) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1.20 (m, 9H), 3.65 (s, 211); 4.05 (m, 211).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 -27.3' @ 589nm, (c = 1.02, DMSO). --229- C16H2jN306 (MW= 351.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 352.

Example 77

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyllglycine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (prepared from 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and glycine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 164-165'C). The product was purified by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOAc.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1.20 (in, 6H), 4.08 (q, 2H); 4.32 (in, 1H).

Optical Rotation: 101120 - 25' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C15HjqN306 (MW= 337.33); mass spectroscopy (MH') 338.

Example 78

Synthesis of

N-Hydroxy-N'-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl) 1~-alaninyl]-Dj,threoninarnide Following General Procedure Z and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine 2,4,5-trichlorophenyl ester (from Example D8 above) and D,L-threonine hydroxamate (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 180)

183'Q. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in 15% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 15% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOAc.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.22 (in, 3H); 0.98 (in, 3H).

C15H2ON407 (MW= 368.35); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.

--230- Example 79 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-I,phenylglycinyll-1,alanine iso-butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 2-methyl-1-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalystic DMAP), followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 181-186'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.31 (d, 3H); 5.59 (d, 1H).

Optical Rotation: 10120 = +19.0' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.03, DMSO).

C20H29N204 (MW = 362.47); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 363.

Example 80

Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)

1,alaninyll-2-amino-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)propionate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (prepared from 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and methyl

2-amino-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (prepared from

2-amino-3-(3-hydroxyphenyl)propionate (Biosynth AG, Switzerland) and methanol using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 155-159'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.4 in EtOAc) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

--231 - 11-1-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.02 and 1.20 (two d, 311); 3.62 (2 s, 3H).

C211-123N2O7 QVIW = 429.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 429.

Example 81

Synthesis of

 $N^-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alanin.vll-l^-, tyrosine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (prepared from 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-tyrosine ethyl ester (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 117-119'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in EtOAc) and the product was purified by$

silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

111-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.07 (t, 311); 1.20 (d, 311); 9.23 (s, 111).

Optical Rotation: N120 = -13.1' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.08, DMSO).

C221-125N307 (MW = 443.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 443/444.

Example 82 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Isovalery1)-Iisoleuciny1]-]Lalanine iso-butYl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(isovalery1)-L-isoleucine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and L-isoleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 2-methyl-1-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalystic DMAP), followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 142-146'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 4 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:4 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.26 (d, 3H), 7.70, 7.80 (doublets, 111); 8.30, 8.40 (doublets, 1H).

C18H34N2O4 QV'W = 342.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343.

Example 83

Step A --Synthesis of N-[N-[N-(teit-Butoxycarbonyl)-I,-valinyl]-D,L phenylglycinyll-l, alanine iso-butYl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-[N-BOC-L-valinyl]-D,L phenylglycine (prepared by coupling N-BOC-L-valine (Bachem) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis of the methyl ester using General Procedure AF) and L alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 2-methyl-l-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalytic DMAP), followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 5 % MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

111-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.25 (d, 311); 5.58 (d, 111).

C25H39N306 (MW= 477.61); mass spectroscopy (MH') 478.

Step B --Synthesis of N-[N-(IValinyl)-]Lphenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso butyl Ester Hydrochloride Following General Procedure P and using the product from Example 83 Step A above, the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $225\ 232$ 'C).

The product was purified by trituration in Et20.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:2 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.26, 1.32 (doublets, 3H); 5.60, 5.65 (doublets, 1H).

C20H32N3O4Cl (MW = 413.94); mass spectroscopy (MH') 378 (free base).

Step C --Synthesis of N-[N-(N-(Isovaleryl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycinyll I.-alanine iso-butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and the product from Example 83 - Step B above, the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 217-221'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13) as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:3 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 5.52, 5.58 (doublets, 1H).

C25H39N305 (MW= 461.60); mass spectroscopy (MH') 462.

Example 84 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Isovalery1)-L-phenylalaninyll-1, alanine iso-butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and N (L-phenylalaninyl)-L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N BOC-L-phenylalanine (Sigma) and L-alanine iso-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared as described in Example 83A above) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 135-138'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 3% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 0.75 (d, 3H), 0.84 (d, 3H); 0.90 (d, 6H); 1.33 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 :::-- +4.71' @ 589 nm, (c = t.02, DMSO).

--234- C211132N2O4 (MW= 376.50); mass spectroscopy (MH') 376.

Example 85 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll-L-alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 197-199'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.6 in EtOAc) and the product was purified from bi-products by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent,

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (m, 914); 3.52 (s, 211).

followed by recrystallization from EtOAc.

Optical Rotation: 1(420 = -76. 1' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO).

C16H2ON2O4F2 (MW = 342.34); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343.

Example 86

Synthesis of

Ethyl 1-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl) I.-alaninyllindoline-(S)-2-carboxylate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (prepared from 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and ethyl (S)-indoline-2-carboxylate (prepared from (S) indoline-2-carboxylic acid

(Aldrich) and ethanol using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 2:1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 2:1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:2 mixture of diastereomers): & = 1.05, 1.17 (triplets, 311); 1.29, 1.39 (doublets, 314).

C22H23N306 (MW= 425.44); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 425.

--235 - Example 87 Synthesis of N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-alaninamide hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 285-288'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.35 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOH.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.21 (m, 6H); 7.95 (d, 1H); 8.37 (d, 1H). Optical Rotation: IC1120 = -26.84' 9 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO).

C14H17N3O3F2 (MW = 313.31); mass spectroscopy (MH') 314.

Example 88
Synthesis of

N-Methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl) 1,phenylglycinyll-1,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine (prepared from N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L phenylglycinyl]-L alanine ethyl ester (from Example 74 above) using General Procedure AF) and N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.6 in EtOAc) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 3.67, 3.73 (singlets, 3H), 5.62 (m, 1H).

C18H27N304 (MW = 349.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 350.

--236- Example 89 Synthesis of N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using Nl-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-alanine ethyl ester (from Example 85 above) using General Procedure AF) and iso-butylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 258-260'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 0.80 (d, 6H); 1.20 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 1U120 = -30.4' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO).

CgH25N303F2 (MW = 369.41); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

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Example 90
Synthesis of
N, N-Di-n-propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninyll-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (prepared from
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester (from
Example 85 above) and di-n propylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was
prepared as a solid (mp = 137-146*C). The reaction was monitored by tlc
(Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel
chromatography using 5 % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.
NMR data was as follows:
IH-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:2 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 3.50 (s, 2H), 4.30
(in, 1H), 4.63 (m, IH).
C20H29N303F2 QV1"W= 397.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 397.
--237- Example 91 Synthesis of
N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I, valinamide Following
General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine
(from Example B2 above) and L-valinamide hydrochloride (Sigma), the title
compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf =
0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel
chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:4 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.22 (m, 311); 1.97
(m, 1 H).
CIAIN303172 (MW= 341.36) mass spectroscopy (MH') 342.
Example 92
Synthesis of
N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
l,alaninyl]-I,-alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (Fluka), the title compound
was prepared as a solid (mp = 242 244 ^{\circ}C). The reaction was monitored by
tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica
gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by
recrystallization from acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.24 (d, 3H); 1.33 (d, 311).
Optical Rotation: 10120 = -5.18' = 0.589 \text{ nm}, (c = 1.00, DMSO).
CM1120N405F2 (MW= 434.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 434.
Example 93
Synthesis of
N'-[N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-I,phenylglycinyll 1-.-alaninyll-L-phenylaianinamide
--238- Following General Procedure C and using
N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich)
and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General
Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and
N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylalaninamide (Sigma) using General
Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure
P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 272-276'C). The
reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.25 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product
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was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1: 1 mixture of diastereomers): 5 = 1.07, 1.17 (doublets, 3H); 5.40, 5.52 (doublets, 111).

C251-132N404 (MW= 452.55); mass spectroscopy (MH') 453.

Example 94 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll I,phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 173-175'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.6 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 17 (d, 311); 3.48 (s, 21-1). Optical Rotation: 1a120 - 32.47' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, MeOH).

C211122N204F2 QV'W = 404.41); mass spectroscopy (MH') 404.

--239 - Example 95 Synthesis of N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-]L, alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N'-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalaninamide (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp, = 252-253*C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 15% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 15% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOH.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.15 (d, 3H); 3.51 (s, 2H).

Optical Rotation: 1010 = -24.4' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO). C20H2jN3O3F2 (MW= 389.41); mass spectroscopy (MH') 389.

Example 96 Synthesis of

N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-I,phenylglycinyll-1,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine (prepared from N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L phenylglycinyll-L alanine ethyl ester (from Example 74 above) using General Procedure AF) and iso-butylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp, 227-232'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 5% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:4 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.58 (m, 1H); 1.95

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--240- Example 97 Synthesis of N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1,-alaninyl]-I,phenylalaninamide Following General
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C20HMN303 (MW = 361.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 361.

1,-alaninyl]-I,phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94) using General Procedure AF) and 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 206-208 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

(m, IH); 5.55 (d, 1H).

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.14 (d, 3H); 4.22 (in, 1 H); 4.45 (in, 1H).

Optical Rotation: 1010 = -25' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C23H27N304F2 (MW = 447.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 447.

Example 98 Synthesis of

N-(4-Nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

lalaninyl]-Ialaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester (from Example 85 above) using General Procedure AF) and 4-nitrobenzylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 257-259'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOH/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

1H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 3.53 (s, 2H); 4.39 (d, 2H).

Optical Rotation: N120 = -29.3' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.00, DMSO). I

--241 - C2jH22N4O5F2 (MW = 448.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 448.

Example 99

Synthesis of

N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)

lphenylglycinyll-Ialaninyll-lalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(isovaleryl) L-plienylglycinyll-L-alanine (prepared from N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L phenylglycinyll L-alanine ethyl ester (from Example 74 above) using General Procedure AF) and N-(4-nitrophenyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (Fluka), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 255-257'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:2 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 5.45, 5.55 (doublets, 1H); 10.20, 10.54 (singlets, 1H).

C2SH3IN406 (MW = 497.56); mass spectroscopy (MH') 497.

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Example 100
Synthesis of
N-(4-Nitrophenyl)-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
1, alaniny1]-I, phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
N-(4-\text{nitrophenyl})-L phenylalaninamide hydrochloride (Lancaster), the
title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 253-254 °C). The reaction was
monitored by fic (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was
purified by silica gel chromatography using 8% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr ffiMSO-d6): 3 = 1.17 (d, M); 10.52 (s, IH).
Optical Rotation: 1010 = +40.6' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.00, DMSO).
--242- C26H24N405F2 (MW = 510.50); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 510.
Example 101
Synthesis of
N-Benzyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
lalaninyl]-Ialaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (prepared from
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester (from
Example 85 above) using General Procedure AF) and N-benzyl-N-methylamine
(Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 167-169'C).
The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 4 in 5 % MeOH/CHC13) and the
product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as
the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:3 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 3.52 (singlets, 2H);
2.95 (s, 2H).
Optical Rotation: IC1120 = -55.8' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO).
C22H25N303F2 (MW = 417.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 417.
Example 102
Synthesis of
N-(3,5-Difluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
l, alaninyll-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
N-(3,5-difluorobenzyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 3,5 difluorobenzylamine (1-ancaster) using
General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General
Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
267-269 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in 10%)
MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel
 --243 - chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by
 recrystallization from acetonitrile.
 NMR data was as follows:
 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.21 (d, 3H), 1.24 (d, 3H).
 Optical Rotation: 1Ci120 :::-- +26.9' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.01, DMSO).
 C21H21N303F4 (MW = 439.41); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 439.
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Example 103

Synthesis of N-(3-Nitrobenzyl)-N--[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]lalaninyl]-Ialaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(3-nitrobenzyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 3 nitrobenzylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 245-247"C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.21 (d, 3H); 1.25 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: M20 = -32.8* @ 589'nm, (c = 1.00, DMSO). C21H22N405F2 (MW = 448.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 449. Example 104 Synthesis of N-Benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-benzyl-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and benzylamine (Aldrich) using --244- General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 260 262'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the

The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (d, 3H); 1.24 (d, 311). Optical Rotation: IC1120 = -29.3' @ 589 nm, (c = 1.03, DMSO). C2jH23N303F2 (MW = 403.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 403.

Example 105 Synthesis of N-(4-Nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94) using General Procedure AF) and 4-nitrobenzylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 248-250'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.4 in 12% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 12% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 15 (d, 3H); 7.35 (d, 211); 8.12 (d, 2H).

Optical Rotation: 1010 -27.6' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO).

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C271126N405F2 (MW= 524.52); mass spectroscopy (MH') 524.
Example 106
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll I.Aryptophan Methyl Ester
--245 - Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
L-tryptophan methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was
prepared as a solid (mp = 191-193'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc
(Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel
chromatography using 5 % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by
recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (d, 311); 3.55 (s, 3H).
Optical Rotation: IC1120 = -8.82' @ 589 nm (c = 1.02, DMSO).
C23H23N304F2 (MW = 443.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 443.
Example 107
Synthesis of
N-(4-Methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]
l,alaninyl]-]L,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and
N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 4 methoxybenzylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich)
using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using
General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
234-236'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 10%
MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography
using -10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from
EtOH/acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (d, 611); 3.51 (s, 211); 3.72 (s, 3H).
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Optical Rotation: [C'120 =+27.9' @ 589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C22H25N304F2 (MW = 433.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 433.

Example 108 Synthesis of N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-Ialanine Ethyl Ester

--246- Following General Procedure C and using phenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-phenylglycinyl)-L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 208-210'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 5% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from I chlorobutane/acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 3.55 (s, 2H); 5.55 (d, 1H). Optical Rotation: IC1120 = +44.8' @ 589 nm (c = 1.02, DMSO). C21H24N2O4 (MW = 368.43); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 369.

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Example 109
Synthesis of
N-[N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
L-phenylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General
Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine (prepared from N-[N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from
Example 94) using General Procedure AF) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester
hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp.
= 203-207 °C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 10%
MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography
using 10% MeO14/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by trituration using
1-chlorobutane.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d,,): 3 = 1.13 (d, 3H); 3.62 (s, 3H).
Optical Rotation: 10J20 = +42.1' @ 589 nm (c = 1.03, DMSO).
C29H29N30.5F2 (MW = 537.56); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 537.
--247- Example 110 Synthesis of N-[N-(Cyclohexylacetyl)-I,phenylglycinyl]
1, alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using
cyclohexylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-phenylglycinyl)-L-alanine ethyl
ester hydrochloride (prepared from N BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced
Chemtech) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General
Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure
P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 196-198'C). The
reaction was monitored by t1c (Rf = 0.3 in 5% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product
was purified by silica gel chromatography using % MeOH/CHC'3 as the
eluent, followed by trituration using I chlorobutane.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 2.08 (d, 211); 5.56 (d, 111).
Optical Rotation: la]20 = +26.3' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO).
C211130N204 (MW = 374.48); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 375.
Example 111
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-alaninyll L-phenyIglycine Methyl Ester
Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester
hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp
198-200'C). The reaction was monitored by t1c (Rf = 0.4 in 4% MeOH/CHC'3)
and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4%
{\tt MeOH/CHC13} as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1
chlorobutane/acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.26 (d, 311); 3.64 (s, 311).
Optical Rotation: (DMSO) 1010 =+69.9' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO).
--248- C20H2ON2O4F2 0'~ = 390.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 391.
Example 112
Synthesis of
N-[N-(N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyl]
1, alaninyll-L, -phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C
and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above)
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and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared

from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 243-245C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

recrystallization from acetonitrile. NMR. data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.19 (d, 311); 1.24 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: IC1120 $\sim +38.2'$ 9 589 nm (c = 1.02, DMSO). C23H25N305F2 (MW = 461.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 461. Example 113 Synthesis of N-(2-Phenylethyl)-N'-[N-(3,57difluorophenylacetyl)]L-alaninyl]-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(2-phenylethyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and phenethylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 241-243 °C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 8% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 8% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile. --249- NMR data was as follows: IH-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 14 (d, 3H); 1.21 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: 1010 - 33.7' @ 589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO). C22H25N303F2 (MW = 417.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 417.Example 114 Synthesis of N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll-I.-tryptophanamide Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N'-(L-alaninyl)-L-tryptophanamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-tryptophanamide hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 199 202'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 15%MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 15% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 17 (d, 31-1); 4.26 (in, 1H); 4.44 (in, 1H). Optical Rotation: 101120 - 31.0' (& 589 nm (c = 1.05, DMSO). C221-122N403172 (MW = 428.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 428. Example 115 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll(S)-2-amino-3-cyclohexylpropionate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and

methyl (S)-2-amino-3 cyclohexylpropionate (Novabiochem), the title

compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 116-119'C). The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf = 0.4 in 4% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4% MeOV1/C11C13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/hexanes.

--250- NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d, 311); 3.62 (s, 311).

Optical Rotation: 1010 = -21.2' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO).

C211-127NAF2 QV'W = 410.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 411.

Example 116 Synthesis of

N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

l,alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propionamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and N-(2-methoxyethyl)-(S)-2-amino-3-(4 nitrophenyl)propionamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-4 nitrophenylalanine (Advanced Chemtech) and 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 263 265'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from EtOH/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 1. 15 (d, 3H); 4.23 (m, 1H); 4.54 (m, 1H).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 -19.9' @ 589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C23H26N406F2 $0\sim = 492.48$); mass spectroscopy (MH') 493.

Example 117

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll-lserine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (prepared from 3-nitrophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-serine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 179-181'C). The reaction was

--251 - monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 5% MeOH/CHO3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (m, 6H); 4.30 (in, 1H); 4.41 (m, 1H); 5.04 (t, 1H).

Optical Rotation: [C1120 = -19.7' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO).

C16H21N307 (MW = 367.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.

Example 118

Synthesis of

N-[(R)-a-Methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)L-alaninyll-1,-alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(R)-a-methylbenzyl-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and (R)-a methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 9% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from

240-2420C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in % MeOH/CHC13) acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.19 (t, 6H); 1.31 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: 101120 = +1.0 = 6589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO). C22H25N303F2 (MW = 417.45); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 417.Example 119 Synthesis of N-[(S)-a-Methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)1,alaninyl]-1,alaninarnide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(S)-a-methylbenzyl-L-alaninamide --252- hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and (R)-ce methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 293-295'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 5 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (m, 6H); 1.30 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: 101120 = -65.9' @ 589 nm (c = 1.05, DMSO). C22H25N303F2 (MW = 417.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 417.Example 120 Synthesis of N-(4-Fluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) lalaninyll-lalaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-L-alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 4 fluorobenzylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 257-259 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 9% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by trituration using 1 chlorobutane. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1.20 (m, 6H); 3.52 (s, 2H). Optical Rotation: M20 -28.7' @ 589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO).

--253 - Example 121 Synthesis of N-(4-Pyridyknethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

C2jH22N3O3F3 (MW = 421.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 421.

l,alaninyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-(4-pyridylmethyl)-L-alaninamide dihydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 4 (aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 244-247'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.21 (d, 3H); 1.26 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 =: -30.3' @ 589 nrn (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C20H22N4O3F2 (MW= 404.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

Example 122 Synthesis of

N-(4-Trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninyll-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-L alaninamide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 4 (trifluoromethyl)benzylamine (Aldrich)
using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using
General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
244-247'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10%
MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography
using 8% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by triturated using
1-chlorobutane.

NMR data was as follows:

--254- 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6= 3.52 (s, 211); 4.35 (d, 2H).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 -= -27.4' @ 589 nm (c = 1.05, DMSO).

C22H22N303F5 (MW = 471.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 471.

Example 123 Synthesis of

Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and ethyl N-(L-alaninyl)-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and D,L-ci-methylphenylglycine ethyl ester (from Example D9 above) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 128-130'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.2 in 3% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1: I mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.72, 1.77 (singlets, 3H); 3.52 (s, 2H).

C22H24N204F2 (MW = 418.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 418.

Example 124 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 1,phenylalanine tert-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Advanced Chemtech) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a gel. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 4%--255 - MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.19 (d, 31-1); 1.30 (s, 9H). C24H2qN2O4F2 (MW = 446.50); mass spectroscopy (MH') 446. Example 125 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyll-2-amino-2-methylpropionate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and methyl 2-aminoisobutyrate (prepared from 2-aminoisobutyric acid (Aldrich) using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf 0.25 in CHQ3/Me01-1 95:5). NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d,,): 3 = 8.32 (m, 31-1), 7.13 (m, 11-1), 7.00 (m, 2H), 4.31 (M, 111), 3.53 (m, 5H), 7.08 (m, 111), 1.36 (s, 31-1), 1.34 (s, 31-1), 1. 19 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: I(A23 = -25' (c 1, MeOH). C16H2ON204F2 (MW= 342.34); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343. Example 126 Synthesis of Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate hydrochloride (prepared from cyclohexyIglycine (Advanced Cherntech) using General Procedure 11), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $146 \ 150$ °C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 3% Me011/C11C13) --256- and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 3 % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: 11-1-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 1.60 (m, 6H); 3.50 (s, 211). C21H28N2O4F2 QV'W= 410.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 410.

Example 127
Synthesis of
N-(2-Methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
lalaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-L phenylglycinamide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and 2-methoxyethylamine
(Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group

using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 252-254'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows: 111-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d,'31-1); 5.43 (d, 11-1). Optical Rotation: 10120 = +6.17' @ 589 nm (c = 1.04, DMSO). C22H25N304F2 (MW = 433.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 434. Example 128 Synthesis of N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetyll 1--alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(isovaleryl)-2-amino-2 cyclohexylacetic acid (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and D, L-a --257- cyclohexylglycine ethyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from cyclohexylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and ethanol using General Procedure H) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 220-224 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 2 in 5 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5 % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 0.85 (d, 6H); 4.04 (m, 2H). C18H32N2O4 QV'W = 340.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 341. Example 129 Synthesis of N-2-(N,N-Dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-dinuorophenylacetyl)Ialaninyll-lphenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl-L phenylglycinamide dihydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and N, N-dimethylethylenediamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 234 236'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 15 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13, followed by slurrying in acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d, 3H); 5.41 (d, 1H). Optical Rotation: M20 = +5.7' @ 589 nm (c = 1.01, DMSO). C23H28N4O3F2 (MW = 446.50); mass spectroscopy (MH') 446. --258 - Example 130 Synthesis of N-(2-Pyridyhnethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]I, alaninyll-1, phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-L phenylglycinamide dihydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and 2-(aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group

using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid

(mp = 272-275'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.24 (d, 3H); 5.50 (d, 1H).

Optical Rotation: 1010 : -- +12.4' @ 589 nm (c = 1.02, DMSO). C25H24N403F2 (MW = 466.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 467.

Example 131 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Pyridylacetyl)-1, alaninyll I,-phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (Aldrich) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 150-152'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

--259- 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 16 (d, 3H); 347 (s, 2H).

Optical Rotation: IC1120 -19.0' @ 589 nm (c = 1.03, DMSO).

C2(923N304 QV'W = 369.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

Example 132

Synthesis of

N-[N-(2-Pyridylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I--phenylalanineMethyI Ester Following General Procedure C and using 2-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (Aldrich) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 137-139'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 8% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 8% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 17 (d, 3H); 3.65 (s, 2H).

Optical Rotation: lab, -17.48' @ 589 nm (c = 1.09, DMSO).

C20H23N304 (MW = 369.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

Example 133

Synthesis of

N-[N-(4-Pyridylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I, phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 4-pyridylacetic acid hydrochloride (Aldrich) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 152-154'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel

--260- chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1. 17 (d, 314); 3.47 (s, 211).

Optical Rotation: 1010 - 17* @ 589 nm (c = 1.00, DMSO).

C201123N304 (MW = 369.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

Example 134 Synthesis of

Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) Ialaninyll-2-arnino-2- (4-fluorophenyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(4 fluorophenyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared from 4-fluorophenylglycine (Fluka) and ethanol using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 169 183 °C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 4% MeO11/CHQ3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4% MeO11/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1: lmixture of diastereomers): & = 3.49, 3.53 (singlets, 2H); 5.40 (m, 114).

C211-12IN204173 (MW = 422.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 422.

Example 135 Synthesis of

Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) l, alaninyll-2-amino-2- (2-flu orophenyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(2 fluorophenyl)acetate hydrochloride (prepared from 2-fluorophenylglycine (Fluka) and ethanol using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 153

--261 - 170'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 3 in 5 % MeOH/CHO3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5 % MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DN1SO-d.)(1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 3.50, 3.54 (singlets, 2H), 5.66 (m, 11-1).

C21H2IN2O4173 (MW= 422.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 422.

Example 136

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,phenylglycinyll 1--alanine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N-(L-phenylglycinyl)-L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and L-alanine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 3 in 3 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHCl3 as the eluent, followed by

recrystallization from I chlorobutane/acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 3.50 (s, 2H), 5.53 (d, 11-1). C211-122NAF2 (MW = 404.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405. Example 137 Synthesis of Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaniny11-2-amino-3-phthalhnidopropionate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and ethyl 2-amino-3 phthalimidopropionate --262- hydrochloride (from Example DIO above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 197-201'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.5 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: IH-nmr (DMSO-d6) (1:1 mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 7.88 (in, 4H), 8.29 (t, 1H), 8.48, 8.55 (doublets, 1H). $C24H23N306F2 \ QVIW = 487.46$); mass spectroscopy (MH') 487. Example 138 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll I, phenylglycine Neopentyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylglycine neopentyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and 2,2-dimethyl-l-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalytic DMAP), followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 133 136'C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.7 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 4% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1-chlorobutane/hexanes. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 3.50 (s, 2H), 5.42 (d, 1H). Optical Rotation: $[A20 = +45.9' \ @ 589 \ nm \ (c = 1.02, DMSO).$ CAHNNAF2 (MW= 446.50); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 446. Example 139 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyl]-1,phenylglycinarnide --263 - Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above), S-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich), benzaldehyde (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 233-2350C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 8% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from

1-chlorobutane/acetonitrile.

0.88 (d, 3H), 0.80 (d, 3H).

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'H-nmr (DMSO-d6)(1: I mixture of diastereomers): 6 = 3.52 (s, 2H), 5.40
(in, 1 H).
C23H27N303F2 (MW = 431.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 432.
Example 140
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] lphenylglycine ted-Butyl
Ester Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Advanced Chemtech), the
title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 145-147'C). The reaction was
monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 5% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified
by silica gel chromatography using 2.5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent,
followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/hexanes.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.26 (d, 3H); 5.20 (d, 1H).
Optical Rotation: 101120 :-- +14.8' @ 589 nm (c =1.01, MeOH).
C23H26N204F2 (MW = 432.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 433.
Example 141
Synthesis of
N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll-l, phenylglycinamide
--264- Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
L-phenylglycinamide hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine
(Advanced Chemtech) and ammonia using General Procedure C, followed by
removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound
was prepared as a solid (mp = 288 290'C). The reaction was monitored by
tlc (Rf = 0. 4 in 15 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica
gel chromatography using 15 % MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by
recrystallization from EtOH.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d, 3H), 5.36 (d, IH).
Optical Rotation: IC1120 '= +27.5' @ 589 nm (c = 1.03, DMSO).
CjqHjqN303F2 (MW = 375.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 376.
Example 142
Synthesis of
4-[N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-]Lalaninyl]-Ivalinyllmorpholine Following
General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from
Example D1 1 above) and 4-(L-valinyl)morpholine (prepared from N
BOC-L-valine (Aldrich) and morpholine (Aldrich) using General Procedure
M, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the
title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc
(Rf 0.5 in 9:1 CHC'3'MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel
chromatography using 98:2 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8.12 (d, 2H), 8.08 (dd, 1H), 7.59 (d, 1H, J=7 Hz),
7.42 (t, 1H), 7.32 (d, J=8 Hz, 114), 7.03(d, J=8 Hz, IH), 4.78 (m, IH),
4.68 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 10H), 1.90 (m, IH), 1.96 (d, 3H), 1.31 (d, 3H),
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Optical Rotation: M23 = -5' (c 5, MeOH).

--265 - Example 143 Synthesis of N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll-L-valine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and L-valine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 97:3 C11C13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 97:3 CHC13/MeOl-1 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8.13 (m, 214), 7.62 (d, J=7 Hz, 11-1), 7.47 (t, 1H), 6.52 (m, 21-1), 4.57 (m, 11-1), 4.46 (m, IH), 4.19 (m, 2H), 3.65 (s, 2H), 2.13 (m, 11-1), 1.38 (d, 31-1), 1.22 Q, 3H), 0.82 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -24X @ 589 nm (c 1, DMSO). C18H25N306 (MW= 379.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 380.

Example 144 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll-I, threonine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and L-threonine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 1 in 95:5 C14C13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 95:5 CHC13/MeOl-1 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 8.08 (d, 111), 7.96 (d, 11-1), 7.59 (d, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.34 (t, 11-1), 7.20 (d, 111), 4.43 (m, 11-1), 4.39 (dd, 1H), 4.13 (m, 11-1), 3.59 (s, 31-1), 3.51 (s, 2H), 1.20 (d, 3H), 1.03 (d, 31-1).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -20.8' (c 5, MeOH).

C161120N207 (MW = 367.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.

--266- Example 145 Synthesis of

4-[N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I-,alaninyl]

(S)-2-amino-3-teit-butoxybutyryl]morpholine Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and 4-[(S)-2-amino-3-tert-butoxybutyryl] morpholine (prepared from N-BOC-0-tert-butyl-L-threonine (Sigma) and morpholine (Aldrich) using General Procedure M, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 1 in 95:5 CHC'3/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 96:4 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8.12 (m, 2H), 7.66 (d, 1H), 7.47 (t, 1H), 6.88 (d, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.50 (m, 1H), 3.90-3.40 (m, 1 1H), 1.40 (d, 3H), 1.18 (s, 9H), 1.0 (d, 3H).

C23H33N307 (MW= 478.5); mass spectroscopy (MH') 479.

Example 146 Synthesis of

 (from Example D 11 above) and 4-(L-isoleucinyl)morpholine (prepared from N BOC-L-isoleucine (Aldrich) and morpholine (Aldrich) using General Procedure M, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 156-160'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.45 in 9:1 CM3/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 98:2 MC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 8.16 (d, M), 8.09 (d, M), 7.63 (d, M), 7.45 (t, M), 7.30 (d, M), 6.89 (d, M), 4.78 (m, M), 4.62 (m, M), 3.6 (m, 10H), 1.65 (m, M), 1.4 (m, M), 1.29 (d, M), 1.03 (d, M), 0.90-0.76 (m, 6H).

--267- Optical Rotation: 1013 = -55' @ 589 nm (c 1, MeO1-1).

Example 147

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll 1Asoleucine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D11 above) and L-isoleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 15 in 97:3 CHC13/Me01-1) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 97:3 CIAC13/Me0H as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 8.12 (m, 211), 7.66 (d, 11-1), 7.49 (t, 1H), 6.50 (m, 211), 4.52 (m, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 21-1), 1.87 (m, IH), 1.32 (m, 41-1), 1.07 (m, IH), 0.81(d, 6H).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -7.3' (c 5, MeOH).

C18H25N2O6 (MW= 379); mass spectroscopy (MH') 379.

Example 148

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I, isoleucine Following General Procedure AF and using <math>N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester (from Example 147 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

NMR data was as follows:

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -42' (c 5, Me011).

C17H23N206 (MW = 365.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 366.

--268 - Example 149 Synthesis of

N-[N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]-I, threoninyl] la-valine Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using

N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-threonine (prepared from N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L threonine methyl ester (from Example 144 above) using General Procedure AF) and L-valine ethyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 1 in 96:4 C14C13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 96:4 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows: S-nmr (CDC13): 3=8.12 (ni, 1H), 7.60 (d, IH), 7.48 (t, 1H), 7.05 (d, 111), 6.98 (d, 1H), 6.48 (d, IH), 4.60 (m, IH), 4.47 (m, 3H), 4.22 (in, 2H) 3.65 (s, 211), 2.19 (m, IH), 1.38 (d, 3H), 1.28 (t, 31-1), 1.09 (d, 3H), 0.87 (in, 6H).

Optical Rotation: I(A23 = -85' (c 5, Me011).

Example 150 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll (S)-2-aminopentanoate Following General Procedure C and usipg N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and methyl (S)-2-aminopentanoate hydrochloride (prepared from (S)-2-aminopentanoic acid (Novabiochem) using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.4 in 9:1 CHC13/N1e011).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.39 (m, 1H), 8.28 (ni, 111), 8.19 (in, 111), 8.11 (in, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 7.61 (d, 1H), 4.36 (m, 11-1), 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.64 (m, 511), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.26 (in, 2H), 1.22 (d, 311), 0.86 (in, 311). Optical Rotation: P1123 = -29' (c 1, Me011).

--269 - C17H23N306 (MW = 365); mass spectroscopy (MH') 366.

Example 151 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-1, aianinyll-1, Ieucine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and L-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.75 in 9:1 CHQ3/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 97:3 CHC13/MeOl-1 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3= 8.12 (m, 211), 8.04 (m, 111), 7.58 (m, 11-1), 7.48 7.30 (m, 21-1), 7.11 (d, 111), 4.63 (m, 11-1), 4.48 (m, 111), 3.68 (s, 211), 3.64 (s, 31-1), 1.63 (m, 111), 1.31 (m, 211), 0.85 (d, 311), 0.82 (m, 31-1).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -32' (c 1, MeOH). C18H25N306 (MW = 379); mass spectroscopy (MH') 380.

Example 152 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll IAeucine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.5 in 9:1 CHQ3/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.78 (m, 21-1), 6.69 (m, 111), 4.52 (ra, 211), 3.73 (M, 111), 3.52 (d, 21-1), 1.63 (m, 21-1), 1.36 (m, 311), 0.88 (m, 3H).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -34' (c 1, Me011).

C181124N204F2 \sim = 370); mass spectroscopy (MH') 370.

--270- Example 153 Synthesis of

N-2-Methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) l,alaninyll-L-alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and 2-methoxyethylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.35 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,,): 3 = 8.32 (m, 1H), 7.98 (d, IH), 7.82 (m, IH), 7.07 (M, 1H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.25 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 211), 3.32 (m, 3H), 3.20 (m, 4H), 1.19 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -50' (c 1, MeO11).

C17H23N304F2 (MW = 371); mass spectroscopy (MH') 372.

Example 154 Synthesis of

N-2-(N,N-Dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyll-l,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and N,N-dimethyl ethylenediamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.05 in 9:1 CHCl,MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.38 (m, 1H), 8.02 (m, M), 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.97 (m, 211), 4.22 (ra, 2H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.22 (m, 2H), 2.11 (m, 6H), 1.21 (d, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -55' (c 1, MeOH).

C18H26N4O3F2 (MW = 384); mass spectroscopy (MH') 384.

--271 - Example 155 Synthesis of N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) l,alaninyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and cyclohexylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 239-244'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.25 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 8.39 (m, 111), 7.94 (m, IH), 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.08 (M, 1H), 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.20 (m, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.27 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 4H), 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.20 (m, 1OH).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -58' (c 1, MeOH).

C20H27N303F2 (MW = 395); mass spectroscopy (MH $^{\circ}$) 395.

Example 156 Synthesis of

N-Neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyll-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and neopentylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.25 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.37 (d, 1H), 8.01 (m, IH), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.11 (m, 111), 6.98 (m, 2H), 4.28 (m, 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.88 (m, 211), 1.23 (d, 3H), 0.80 (m, 9H).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -54' (c 1, MeOH). C19H27N303F2 (1^{\sim} = 383); mass spectroscopy (MH') 383.

--272- Example 157 Synthesis of N-Tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) IL,alaninyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and tetrahydrofurfurylarnine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.20 in 9:1 CH03/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.3 6 (d, 1 H), 8.01 (m, 1 H), 7.81 (m, 1 H), 7.11 (M, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 4.25 (m, 2H), 3.77 (m, 2H), 3.58 (m, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.21 (m, 1H), 1.78 (m, 4H), 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.19 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -70' (c 1, MeOH).

C19H25N304F2 (MW = 397); mass spectroscopy (MH') 398.

Example 158 Synthesis of N-2-Pyridytmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) I,alaninyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and 2 (aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.1 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.49 (m, 1H), 8.41 (m, 2H), 8.14 (d, 1H), 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.09 (m, IH), 6.98 (m, 2H), 4.33 (m, 4H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.24 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -68' (c 5, MeOH).

C20H22N403F2 (MW = 404); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

--273- Example 159 Synthesis of 3-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] l, alaninyllthiazolidine Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)] L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and thiazolidine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf 0.25 in 9:1 C11C13/Me01-1).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d,,): 3 = 8.34 (m, 211), 8.22 (m, 111), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 4.68-4.23 (m, 4H), 3.81-3.6 (m, 2H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.01 (m, 2H), 1.19 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -67' (c 1, Me011).

C17H2IN303F2 (MW = 385); mass spectroscopy (MH') 385.

Example 160 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-aminobutanoate hydrochloride (prepared from (S)-(+)-2-aminobutyric acid (Aldrich) using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 103 106'C).

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 6.83 (m, 2H), 6.72 (m, 111), 6.49 (d, 1f1), 4.55 (m, IH), 4.48 (m, 1H), 3.72 (s, 31-1), 3.49 (s, 2H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 111), 1.39 (d, 3H), 0.86 (t, 311).

Optical Rotation: 10d23 = -70' (c 1, Me011).

C16H2ON2O4F2 (MW = 342.35); mass spectroscopy (MH') 342.

--274- Example 161 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]I, alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl (S)-2-aminopentanoate hydrochloride (prepared from (S)-2-aminopentanoic acid (Novabiochem) using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $154 \ 155$ °C).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.69 (m, 1H), 6.45 (d, 1H), 6.28 (d, 1H), 4.52 (m, 2H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.35 (d, 3H), 1.27 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, 311).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -69] (c 1, Me011).

Example 162

Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll (S)-2-aminobutanoateFollowing General Procedure C and using N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example D 11 above) and methyl (S)-2-aminobutanoate hydrochloride (prepared from (S)-(+)-2-aminobutyric acid (Aldrich) using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 154-157'C).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3= 8.13 (m, 1H), 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.57 (m, 111), 7.38 (m, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.39 (m, 111), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.61 (m, 111), 1.34 (d, 3H), 0.79 (t, 3H).

Optical Rotation: [C11,3 = -75' (c 1, MeOH).

Example 163

Synthesis of

N-(R)-sec-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

IL, -alaninyll-L-alaninamide

--275 - Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and (R)-(-)-sec-butylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.15 in95:5 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel

chromatography using 95:5 CHC13MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (13MSO-d6): 6 = 8.39 (m, M), 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.49 (ra, 1H), 7.09(ra, 1H), 7.01 (m, 2H), 4.20 (m, 4H), 3.61 (ra, IH), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.21 (m, 6H), 0.97 (d, 3H), 0.79 (m, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 10J23 = -50' (c 1, MeOH).

C19H25N303F2 (MW = 369.41); mass spectroscopy (MH') 370.

Example 164 Synthesis of

1-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll L-alaninyllpyrrolidine Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-diffluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and pyrrolidine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 15 in 95:5 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using CH03/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (13MSO-d6): 3 = 8.31 (m, 1H), '8.08 (m, 1H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 4.48 (m, 111), 4.29 (m, 1H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.44-3.22 (m, 4H), 1.80 (m, 4H), 1.27 (m, 6H).

C18H23N303172 (MW = 367.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 367.

Example 165
Synthesis of N-(S)-sec-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) 1,-alaninyl]-I,alaninamide

--276- Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-L-alanine (from Example D7 above) and (S)-(+)-sec-butylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.25 in 9:1 C1103/Me01-1) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using CHC13/Me0H as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.38 (m, 11-1), 7.92 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.18 (m, 111), 6.99 (m, 21-1), 4.20 (m, 41-1), 3.62 (m, 114), 3.52 (s, 214), 1.34 (m, 21-1), 1.20 (m, 6H), 1.01 (m, 311), 0.81 Q, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 101123 = -52' (c 1, MeOH).

C19H25N303F2 (MW = 369.41); mass spectroscopy (MH') 370.

Example 166 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L, alaninyll 1, valine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-valine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 6=6.81 (m, 21-1), 6.73 (m, 11-1), 6.48 (d, 111), 6.22 (d, 11-1), 4.48 (m, 21-1), 3.70 (s, 31-1), 3.51 (s, 21-1), 2.16 (m, 11-1), 1.37 (m, 111), 0.87 (t, 311).

Optical Rotation: 101123 = -65' (c 1, MeOH).

C17H22N2O4F2 (MW = 356.37); mass spectroscopy (MH') 360.

Example 167 Synthesis of

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N-2-Fluoroethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
l, alaninyll-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-L-alanine (from Example D7
above) and 2-fluoroethylamine
--277- hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a
solid (nip 230-235'C).
NMR data was as follows:
S-ninr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.38 (d, M), 8.04 (in, 2H), 7.07 (in, M), 6.99 (in,
2H), 4.39 (m, 2H), 4.24 (in, M), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.35 (in, 2H), 1.20 (in,
Optical Rotation: 1a123 = -33' (c 1, MeOH).
C16H2ON303F3 OY1W = 359.37); mass spectroscopy (MH') 359.
Example 168
Synthesis of
N-[(S)-6-Methyl-3-oxohept-2-yl]-N'
(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure M
and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above)
and (S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2-ylamine hydrochloride (prepared by treating
N-BOC-L-alanine N-metlioxy-N-Methyl amide (Weinreb et al., Tetrahedron
Lett., 22, 3815 (1981)) with isopropyl magnesium bromide (Aldrich),
followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure P), the
title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by
silica gel chromatography using CHC13/Me0H as the eluent.
 NMR data was as follows:
 S-timr (CDC'3): 3 = 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.69 (in, M), 6.31 (in, M), 4.50 (in,
 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 2.48 (m, 2H), 1.47(m, 2H), 1.32 (in, M), 0.90 (d, 6H).
 Optical Rotation: 1a123 = -42' (c 1, MeOH).
 C19H26N2O3F2 ~= 368); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.
 Example 169
 Synthesis of
 N-4-Nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]
 1,alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminobutyramide
 --278 - Following General Procedure C and using
 N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutyric acid
 (prepared from methyl N-[N-(3,5
 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate (from Example 160
 above) using General Procedure AF) and 4-nitrobenzylarnine (Aldrich), the
 title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc
 (Rf 0.3 in 95:5 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel
 chromatography using 97:3 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.
 NMR data was as follows:
  'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.57 (t, 111), 8.40 (d, IH), 8.21 (d, 2H), 8.02 (d,
 1H), 7.50 (d, 2H), 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 4.42 (d, 2H), 4.37 (m,
 1H), 4.17 (m, 1H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.21 (m, 3H), 0.83 (t,
  Optical Rotation: 1013 = -42' (c 1, MeOH).
 C22H24N4O5F2 (MW = 462.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 462.
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Example 170 Synthesis of

N-4-Nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminopentanamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoic acid (prepared from methyl N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate (from Example 161 above) using General Procedure AF) and 4-nitrobenzylarnine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf 0.3 in 95:5 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by recrystallization from acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (13MSO-dj: 3 = 8.57 (m, 1H), 8.41 (d, 111), 8.22 (d, 2H), 8.06 (d, 1H), 7.51 (d, 2H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.00 (m, 2H), 4.43 (d, 2H), 4.30 (m, 2H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.29 (m, SH), 0.91 (t, 3H). Optical Rotation: 101123 = +97' (c 1, MeOH). C23H26N405F2 CY1W= 476.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 476. --279- Example 171 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll2-amino-2-(3-fluorophenyl)acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(3 fluorophenyl)acetate hydrochloride (from Example D12 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 95:5 Cl1Cl3/Me0l1) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 95:5 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (C1)C13): 3 = 7.36 (ra, 111), 7.18 (m, 114), 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.06(m, 111), 6.87 (m, 211), 6.74 (m, 111), 6.09 (m, 1H), 5.49 (d, 1H), 4.59 (m, 111), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 211), 1.35 (d, 311), 0.97 (d, 3H). C20HI9N204F3 (MW= 408.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 408. Example 172 Synthesis of $N^{1}-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll$ (S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetamide Following General Procedure L and

using methyl N-[N-(3,5)]difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate (from Example 178 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp decomposition at 190 °C). The product was purified by preparative LC 2000 chromatography using 8:2 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3/DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.9-6.14 (Ar + N11's 10 11), 5.43-5.39 111), 4.16-4. 10 (m, J = 7 Hz, 1 H), 3.19 (s, 2H), 1. 15 (d, J = 7.05 Hz, 314).

C17HI7F2N303S (MW= 381.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 381.

Example 173 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyll-2-amino-2-(5-chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl) acetate

--280- Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(5 chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate (prepared from 5-chlorobenzothiophene-2 acetic acid [CAS No. 23799-65-71 using General Procedure G, followed by amination using a procedure essentially the same as that described in Example D4 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 189-190 °C).

The product was purified by titration using Et20/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 == 7.7-7.63 (in, 2H), 7.33-7.17 (in, 2H), 6.89-6.63 (in, 311), 6.16-6.03 (in, 1H), 5.85 (dd, 111), 4.7-4.53 (in, 111), 3.83 (s, 1.5H), 3.8 (s, 1.5H), 3.5 (s, 11-1), 1.4 (dt, 3H).

C22HI9CIF2N204S (MW = 481); mass spectroscopy (MH') 480.

Example 174 Synthesis of

Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyll-2-amino-2- (benzothiophen-2-yl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-2 yl)acetate [CAS No. 98800-64-71, the title compound was prepared as a solid (nip = 189-190'C). The product was purified by preparative LC 2000 chromatography using 2:8 EtOAc/liexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3=7.8-7.75 (in, 2H), 7.34-7.27 (in, 2H), 7.25-7.09 (in, 3H), 6.81-6.76 (m, 1H), 6.76-6.63 (m, 1H), 6.23 (dd, J=7 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J=7.07 Hz, IH), 4.61-4.59 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.2 (in, 2H), 3.54 (s, 1H), 3.50 (s, 111), 1.70 (d, J=11.9 Hz, 1.5H), 1.38 (d, J=11.9 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.36-1.23 (dt, 3H).

C23H22N2O4SF2 (MW= 460.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 460.

--281 - Example 175 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1.-alaninyll-2-amino-2- (benzothiophen-3-yl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3 yl)acetate (prepared from 2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3-yl)acetic acid [CAS 95834-94-91 using General Procedure H), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 185-186'C).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=7.86 (m, 211), 7.4-7.3 (m, 3H), 7.4-7.2 (m, 211), 6.9-6.6 (m, 3H), 6.3-6.13 (m, 1H), 5.95-5.85 (m, 1H), 4.55-4.5 (m, 1H), 3.75 (s, 1.51-1), 3.65 (s, 1.5H), 3.55 (s, 11-1), 3.35 (s, 1H), 1.4 (d, 1.5H), 1.3 (d, 1.5H).

C22H2ON204F2S (MW= 446); mass spectroscopy (MH') 446.

Example 176

Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-2-amino-2- Q-thienyl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate (prepared from L-a-2-thienylglycine (Sigma) using General Procedure G), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 161-162'C). The product was purified by preparative LC 2000 chromatography using 1:4 EtOAc/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.3-6.65 (Ar, 7H), 6.25 (bt, 1H), 5.8 (dd, 111), 4.68-4.5 (m, IH), 3.85 (s, 111), 3.75 (s, 114), 3.52 (s, 1H), 3.5 (s,

1H), 1.35 (overlaying d, 31-1).

C18H, gN204F2S (MW= 396); mass spectroscopy (MH') 396.1.

--282 - Example 177 Synthesis of Ethyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaniny1]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5-yl)acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and ethyl 2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5 yl)acetate (prepared as described in S. Kukolja et al., J. Med. Chem., 1985, 28, 1896-1903), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 126.5127.5'C). The product was purified by preparative LC 2000 chromatography using 1: 1 hexanes/EtOAc as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 8-1 (S, 111), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.6-7.5 (m, 2H), 7.4-7. 25 (in, 311), 7.15 (bd, J = 12 Hz, 5H), 7.05 (bd, J = 12 Hz, 5H), 6.89-6. 675 (in, 2H), 6.225 (bd, J = 12 Hz, 5H), 6.075 (bd, J = 12 Hz, 511), 4.55(q, J = 7.5 Hz, 111), 4.2 (dq, 211), 3.575 (s, 1H), 3.242 (s, 1H), 1.4(d, J=7.05 Hz, 1.5H), 1.15 (d, J=7.05 Hz, 1.5H). C23H22N2O4F2S (MW= 460); mass spectroscopy (MH') 460.1.

Example 178

Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) L, alaniny 11 - (S)-2-amino-2- Q-th ienyl) acetate Following General Procedure G and using

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetic acid (from Example 180 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 180-181'C). The product was purified by preparative LC 2000 chromatography using 6:4 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

111-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 7.3-6.6 (Ar + NE, 7H), 6.37 (bd, J=7 Hz, 111), 5.77(d, J=7 Hz, 1H), 4.6-4.56 (in, J=7 Hz, 1H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 3.4 (s, 211), 1.38 (d, J=7 Hz, 31-1).

ClagNASF2 (MW= 396); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 396.1.

--283 - Example 179 Synthesis of teil-Butyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)]1,alaniny1]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate Following General Procedure J and using N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetic acid (from Example 180 below), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 117-118 °C). The product was purified by tituraration using ether/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.24 (d, J=6.5 Hz, IH), 7.05-6.63 (in, 6H), 6.19 (bd, J = 7.2 Hz, 111), 5.66 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.64.5 (m, 111), 3.5 (s, 1.00)211), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.38 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 3H).

C21H24N2O4SF2 (MW = 438.5); mass spectroscopy (MH') 438.

Example 180 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-]L, alaninyll

(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetic Acid Following General Procedure M and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-ci-2-thienylglycine (Sigma), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by tituration using EtOAc/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 8.73 (d, J=7 Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, J=7 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.4 (m, IH), 7.2-6.9 (m, 4H), 5.54 (d, J=8 Hz, IH), 4.5-4.3 (in, 1H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 1.23 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H).

C17H16N2O4SF2 (MW= 382); mass spectroscopy (MH') 382.

Example 181
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll 2-amino-2- (1
H-tetrazol-5-yl) acetate

--284- Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(1H-tetrazol-5 yl)acetate (prepared from ethyl 1H-tetrazole-5-acetate [CAS 173367-99-21 using procedures essentially the same as those described in S. Kukolja, J. Med.

Chem., 1985, 28, 1886-1896), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was product was purified by tituration using EtOAc/liexanes. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 9.13 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 11-1), 8.39 Q, J=7 Hz, IH), 7.1-6.95 (m, 3H), 5.9 (dd, 11-1), 4.4-4.3 (in, 11-1), 4.14 (q, J=7 Hz, 214), 3.5 (s, 311), 1.27-1.11 (in, 61-1).

C161-118N604F2 (MW = 396.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 396.3.

Example 182 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll (S)-2-amino-2- (6-methoxy-2-naphthyi) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and methyl (S)-2-amino-2-(6-methoxy-2 naphthyl)acetate (from Example D3 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 177-178'C). The

product was purified by tituration using hexanes/EtOAc.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.84 (d, J=9.1--1z, 11-1), 8.4 (d, J=9 Hz, 1H), 7.90-7.76 (in, 21-1), 7.247-6.90 (m, 5H), 5.5 Q=7 Hz, 11-1), 4.243 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 114), 3.86 (s, 311), 3.6 (s, 3H), 3.29 (s, 211), 1.26 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 3H).

C25H24N2O5F2 (MW= 470.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 470.

Example 183
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-Lalaninyll
2-amino-2-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate

--285 - Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(3 trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate (prepared from 2-(hydroxyimino)-2-(3 trifluoromethylphenyl)acetic acid [CAS 179811-81-51 using General Procedures G and R above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 133 OCC). The product was purified by tituration from EtOAc/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3= 7.57-7.37 (m, 4H), 6.8-6.6 (m, 3H), 6.05 (BA, 111),

5.5 (A, J=7.5Hz, IH), 3.7 (s, 1.511), 3.675 (s, 1.511), 3.5 (s, 111), 3.45 (s, 1H), 1.33 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1.5H), 1.275 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1.5H). C21HI9N2O4F5 (MW = 458.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 459.

Example 184
Synthesis of
Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll is
2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate Following General
Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from
Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7
tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate (prepared from N-Boc-2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7 tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetic acid [CAS 95361-97-0] using
General Procedures G above and the Boc removal procedure described in
Example D3 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The
product was purified by tituration using Et20/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C1)C13): 6=7.05 (d, J=5 Hz, 111), 7.02 (d, J=5 Hz, 1H), 6.82 6.66 (m, 3H), 6.31 (bd, J=8 Hz, 114), 5.66 (dd, J=7.2 Hz, 111), 4.63-4. 55 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 1.5H), 3.75 (s, 1.5H), 3.52 (s, 1H), 3.50 (s, 1H), 2.67-2.65 (m, 2H), 2.54-2.52 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.7 (m, 411), 1.36 (dd, J=7 Hz, 3H). C22H24N204F2S CY1W= 450); mass spectroscopy (MH') 450.

--286- Example 185 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl] 2-amino-2- (thieno[2,3-blthiophen-2-yl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3 blthiophen 2-yl)acetate (from Example D4 above), the title compound was prepared as solid. The product was purified by titruation from Et20/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C1)C13): 3 = 7.35 (d, J=7.5 Hz, IH), 7.2-7.0 (m, 3H), 6.9-6.69 (m, 3H), 6.13-6.0 (m, 1H), 5.8 (dd, 1H), 4.63-4.5 (m, 111), 3.8 (s, 311), 3.58 (s, 111), 3.469 (111), 1.4 (dd, 311).

C20HI8N2O4F2S2 (MW = 452); mass spectroscopy (MH') 452.

Example 186 Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyll-2-amino-2- (2-methylthlazol-4-yl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol-4 yl)acetate (prepared from N-Boc-2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol-4-yl)acetic acid [CAS 105381-90-61 using General Procedure H above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by tituration using Et20/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 7.2-6.66 (pr + N11, 511), 5.69-5.6 (m, 111), $4.8 \ 4.69$ (ra, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 111), 3.5 (s, IH), 2.69 (s, 311), 1.4 (d, J = 14 Hz, 1.51-1), 1.35 (s, J = 14 Hz, 1.5H).

C18H19N3O4F2S (MW = 411); mass spectroscopy (MH') 411.

Example 187 Synthesis of Methyl (3S,4S)-N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,alaninyll-4-amino-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanoate

--287- Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example 132 above) and methyl (3S,4S)-4-amino-3-hydroxy-5 phenylpentanoate (Novabiochem), the title compound was prepared as a solid.

The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 95:5 CHC13/Me01-1) and the product was purified by flash column chromatography using 95:5 C11C13/Me0H as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 8.29 (d, 1H), 7.65 (d, 114), 7.40-7.20 (m, 51-1), 7.10 (m, 114), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.27 (d, 1H), 4.47 (bs, 2H), 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.57 and 3.51 (m, 3H), 2.72 (m, 21-1), 2.31 (m, 21-1), 1.19 (m, 21-1).

Optical Rotation: 10d23 = -66' (c 1, MeOH).

C23H26N205F2 (MW = 448); mass spectroscopy (MH') 449.

Example 188
Synthesis of

Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl] (S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate Step A -- Synthesis of (S)-3-(Hex-4-enoyl)-4-(phenyhnethyl)-2 oxazolidinone To a mechanically stirred solution of 9.50 g (83.2 mmol, 1. 10 equiv.) of 4 hexenoic acid (commericially available from Lancaster, Catalog #252-427 6) and 13.9 mL (10. 1 g, 99.7 mmol, 1.33 equiv.) of triethylamine in 150 mL of dry THF, cooled to $-78 \, {\rm ^{\star}C}$ under dry N2, was added 10.71 mL (10.49 g, 87.0 mmol, 1. 15 equiv.) of pivaloyl chloride (Aldrich). The mixture was warmed to O'C for 60 min, and then recooled to -78'C. A solution of 13.4 g (75.6 mmol, 1.00 equiv) of (S)-(-)-(phenylmethyl)-2-oxazolidone (Aldrich) and 22 mg of triphenylmethane (indicator) in 150 mL of dry THF, stirred at -300C to 450C under N2, was treated dropwise with n-butyllithium (- 2.5 M in hexanes) (Aldrich) until an orange color persisted (- 30 mL required). The resulting solution was cooled to -78'C and then added, via rapid cannulation, to the above stirred mixture containing the mixed anhydride. The residual lithiated oxazolidone was rinsed in with two 10-mL portions of dry THF and the

--288 - resulting mixture was stirred at -78T for 1.5 h, and then at O'C for 1 h. The mixture was partitioned between CH2C12 and pH 7 phosphate buffer. The CH2C12 phase was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 followed by half saturated aqueous NaCI, dried (M9SO4), and evaporated in vacuo. The residual cream-colored solid (22.4 g) was chromatographed (Waters Prep 2000, 5.0 cm x 25 em 10 g Kromasil KR60-10SIL-5025 column) in two batches eluting with 85:15 hexanes/EtOAc. The chromatographed product was recrystallized from hexane to yield 14.34 g (first crop, 69%) of the title compound as fine white needles. 'H NMR (300 MHz, CDC13) 3 7.37-7.20 (m, 5H, -C6H5), 5.60 5.43(m, 2H, CH=CHCH3), 4.71-4.63(m, 1H, NCH(Ph) CH2O), 4.23-4.14(m, 2H, NCH(Ph)CH2O), 3.295(dd, J = 13.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H, CHHC6H5), 3.11-2.90 (m, 2H, CH2C = 0), 2.75 8 (dd, J = 13.3, 9.6 Hz, 1 H, CHHC6H5), 2.42-2. 34 (m, 2H, CH = CHCH2), 1.67-1.65 (m, 2H, CH = CHCH3).

Step B -- Synthesis of (4S)-3-[(S)-2-Azidohex-4-enoyll-4 (phenyhnethyl)-2-oxazolidinone A solution of 5.47g (20.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv) of the product from Step A above in 60 ml, of dry THF, stirred at -78'C under dry N2, was added via rapid cannulation to a stirred, cooled (-78'C) solution of 43.6 mL (22.0 mmol, 1. 10 equiv) of potassium hexamethyldisilazide (0.505 M in toluene) (Aldrich) and 60 mL of dry THF. The residual imide solution was rinsed in with two 5 mL portions of dry THF. The resulting solution was stirred at -780C for 30 min. To the above

solution of the K-enolate, stirred at -78'C under dry N2, was added a cooled (-780C) solution of 7.43 g (24.0 mmol, 1.2 equiv) of trisyl azide (prepared as described in R. E. Harmon et al., J. Org. Chem., 1973, 38, 11-16) in 60 mL of dry THF via rapid cannulation. (Note the reaction exothermed to -68'C during the addition). After 1-2 min, 4.24 mL (4.45g, 74.1 mmol, 3.7 equiv) of glacial acetic acid was added in one portion. The resulting mixture was stirred at -78'C for 15 min, and was then allowed to warm to 25"C on stirring overnight. The mixture was partitioned between CH2C12 and pH 7 phosphate buffer. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH2C12 QX) and the organic extracts were combined, washed with dilute

--289- aqueous NaHCO3, dried (MgSO4), and evaporated in vacuo. The residual oil (9.55 g) was chromatographed (Waters Prep 2000, 5.0cm x 25 cm 10 g Kromasil KR60-10SIL-5025 column) eluting with a 3 L linear gradient from :70 to 80:20 CH2Cl2/hexanes. After rechromatographing the mixed fractions (2X), a total of 5.27 g (84% yield) of the title compound (faster eluting, major diastereomer) was isolated as a colorless, viscous oil. 'H NMR (300 MHz; CDCl3) 3 7.38-7.20 (m, 5H, -C6H5), 5.73-5.62 (m, 1H, CH=CHCH3), 5.52 5.41 (m, 1H, CH=CHCH3), 5.011 (dd, J=8.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H, CH(N3) C=O), 4.71-4.63 (m, 1H, NCH(Ph)CH2O), 4.236 (d, J=5.1 Hz, 2H, NCH(Ph)CH2O), 3.338 (dd, J= 13.4, 3.3 Hz, 1H, CHHC6H5), 2.827 (dd, J= 13.4, 9.5 Hz, 1H, CHHC6H5), 2.64-2.46 (m, 2H, CH2CH=CHCH3), 1.694 (dd, J=6.4, 1.1 Hz, 3H, CH=CHCH3).

Step C -- Synthesis of (S)-2-Azidohex-4-enoic Acid A solution of 5.00 g (15.91 mmol) of the product from Step B above in 240 mL of THF and 80 mL of deionized water, stirred at O'C under N2, was treated with 762 mg (31.8 mmol, 2.00 equiv) of LiOH (anhydrous powder).

After stirring at WC for 30 min, 100 mL of 0.5 N aqueous NaHCO3 was added and the THF was removed by rotary evaporation in vacuo. The residue was diluted to 400-500 mL with H2O and extracted with 5 portions of CH2C12. The aqueous phase was acidified to pH 1-2 by the cautious addition of 5 N HG, and then was extracted with 4 portions of EtOAc. The EtOAc extracts were combined, dried (Na2SO4), and evaporated in vacuo to yield 2.45 g (99%) of the title compound as a light amber oil. 'H NMR (300 MHz, CDC13) 3 11.38 (br s, 1H, CO2H), 5.73-5.62 (m, 1H, CH3CH=CH), 5.48-5.38 (m, 1H, CH=CHCH2), 3.928 (dd, J= 7.8, 5.4 Hz, 1H, CH(NXO2H), 2.66 2.47 (m, 2H, CH=CHCH2), 1.703 (dd, J=6.4, 1.1 Hz, 3H, CH3.

Step D -- Methyl N-[N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-lalaninyll-(S)-2 aminohex-4-enoate A solution of 504.7 mg (3.25 mmol) of the product from Step C above in diethyl ether, cooled to O'C, was treated dropwise with ethereal diazomethane

--290- (prepared as described in L. F. Fieser et al., "Reagents for Organic Synthesis", Vol. 1, p. 191, Wiley & Sons (1967)) until a yellow color persisted. The excess diazomethane was removed by entraining with N2, and the ether was evaporated under a stream of N2. The residual oil was dissolved in 10 mL of anhydrous methanol. The solution was cooled to O'C under dry N2 and 1.24 (6.54 mmol, 2.0 equiv) of anhydrous SnCl2was added. The mixture was stirred at :5250C for 4 h, and the solvent was evaporated in vacuo to afford a solid tin-amine complex.

A solution of 1.23 g (6.50 mmol, 2.00 equiv.) of N-Boc-L-alanine (Sigma) and 0.715 mL (0.658 g, 6.50 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) of 4-methylmorpholine (redistilled, 99.5%) (Aldrich) in 15 mL of anhydrous THF, cooled to -15 to 200C under dry N2, was treated dropwise with 0.861 mL (0.907 g, 6.50 mmol, 2.00 equiv.) of iso-butyl chloroformate (Aldrich). After stirring at -15 to 'C for 20 min, the resulting mixture containing the mixed anhydride was added via cannulation to the solid tin-amine complex (vide supra). The residual mixed anhydride was rinsed in with 7 mL of THF and 1.1 g (13.1 mmol, 4. equiv.) of NaHCO3 powder and 5 mL of H20 was added.

The mixture was stirred at O'C for 5 h. An additional 1. 1 g (13. 1 mmol, 4. 0 equiv -) of NaHCO3 powder and 5 mL of H2O was added and the mixture was stirred at 200C for 1.5 h. The mixture was filtered to remove the gelatinous precipitate, and the filter cake was washed with several portions of EtOAc. The filtrate was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO3 (the aqueous phase was back extracted with 3 portion of EtOAc), followed by pH 4-5 phosphate buffer (the aqueous phase was back-extracted with 3 portions of EtOAc). The organic phase was dried (Na2SO4) and evaporated in. vacuo. The residual straw colored oil (1.21 g) was chromatographed (Waters Prep 2000, 5.0 cm x 25 cm 10 A Kromasil KR60-10SIL-5025 column) eluting with a 3-L linear gradient from 80:20 to 40:60 hexane/EtOAc to yield 0.9088 g (89%) of the title compound as a white solid. Tlc Rf 0.25 [silica, hexane/EtOAc 6:4)]; 'H NMR (300 MHz, CDC13) 6 6.61 (d, J= 7.6 Hz, 1H, NH), 5.60-5.48 (m, 1H, CH=CHCH3),

--291 - 5.33 - 5.23 (m, 1H, CH=CHCH3), 5.08 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, N-H), 4.591 (dt, Jd = 7.8 Hz, J, = 5.7 Hz, 1H, HNCH(CH2CH=CHCH3)), 4.19 (br m, 1H, HNCH(CH3), 3.74(s, 3H, OCH3), 2.56 - 2.39 (sym m, 2H, CH2CH=CHCH3), 1.658 (dd, J= 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 3H, CH2CH=CHCH3), 1.454 (s, 9H, OC(CH1), 1.358 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 3H, HNCH(CH3)).

Step E -- Synthesis of Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Lalaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate A solution of 0.811 g (2.58 mmol) of the product from Step D above in 5 mL of CH2C12was cooled to O'C under dry $\overline{\text{N2}}$ and 5 mL of trifluoroacetic acid was introduced by syringe at < 4'C. The solution was stirred at O'C for 40 min. Toluene (15 mL) was added and the mixture was evaporated in vacuo on the rotary evaporator. The addition of toluene and solvent evaporation was repeated. The residue was dissolved in 20 ml, of CH202 and the solution was cooled to O'C under dry N2. To this was added 1.35 ml, (1.00 g, 7.74 mmol, 3.0 equiv) of ethyldiisopropylamine (Aldrich), followed by the dropwise addition at :5 6'C of 0.728 ml, (0.938 g, 5.16 mmol, 2.0 equiv) of 3.5difluorophenylacetyl chloride (prepared from 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) using General Procedure H'). The resulting solution was stirred at O'C for 2 h. Excess saturated aqueous NaHC03was added and the two phase mixture was stirred in an ice bath for 30 min. The mixture was diluted with CH2Cl2 and washed successively with aqueous NaHC03/Na2CO3 (pH 10), 1 N aqueous NaHS04, and saturated aqueous NaCl. The CH2Cl2 solution was dried (Na2SO4) and evaporated in vacuo to afford 1. 17 g of a yellow solid. This was recrystallized from EtOAc to yield 602 mg (63%) of the title compound as fluffy white solid. This material was found by 300 mHz 'H NMR analysis to consist of a 92:8 mixture of E and Z isomers, respectively.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (300 MHz, CDC13): 6= 6.85-6.69 (m, 3H), 6.335 (br d, J=7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.289 (br d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.58-5.47 (m, 1H), 5.28-5.18 (m, 1H), 4.58-4.45 (m, 2H) 3.745 (s, 3H), 3.528 (s, 2H), 2.457 (apparent t, J=6.4 Hz,

--292- 2H), 1.650 (dd, J=6.5, 1.311z, 3H), 1.58 (dm, J=6.5 Hz, 0.08H), 1.375 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). IR (CHC13) 3421, 1742, 1667, 1626, 1597, 1503, and 1120 cm-' Anal. Calcd for C18H22F2N204: C, 58.69; H, 6.02; N, 7.60. Found: C, 58.83, H, 5.89; N, 7.67.

C18H22F2N2O5 (MW = 368); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.

Example 189
Synthesis of
N-[N-(Cyclopropylacetyl)-1, alaninyll IphenyIglycine tett-Butyl Ester
Following General Procedure U and using cyclopropylacetic acid

(Lancaster) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylglycine tell-butyl ester (General Procedure U of Z-alanine (Bachem) to phenylglycine-t-butyl (Novabio) and then General Procedure 0), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 105-107'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.33 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexane, 0. 13 in 5 % MeOH/DCM).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 0.15 (m, 2H), 0.56 (m, 2H), 0.91 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 12H), 2.09 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.62 (m, IH), 5.39 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, IH), 6.52 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 111), 7.31 (m, 611). 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 4.53, 4.55, 6.9, 18.4, 27.8, 41.2, 48.4, 57.1, 82.6, 127.0, 128.2, 128.7, 136.8, 169.4, 171.4, 172.3.

C20H28N204 (MW= 360.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 361.

Example 190 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl]
(S)-2-amino-2-(4-phenylphenyl)acetamide Following General Procedure AB
and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and
4-biphenylcarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), the

--293- title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 266-267'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from EtOAc and/or EtOAclhexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 8 = 8.42 (d, 1H, J=7 Hz), 8.31 (d, 1H, J=7 Hz), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.6-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.59 (m, 5H), 7.2-7.69 (m, 3H), 5.42 (d, 1 H, J = 8 Hz), 4.42 (pentet, 1 H, J = 8 Hz), 3.5 (s, 1 H), 1.2 (doublet on top of a singlet, 12H). C29H3IN303F2 (MW= 508); mass spectroscopy (MH') 508.4.

Example 191

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyll l,phenylglycine teil-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure D and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-[(S)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (from Example D13 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 138. 7 140.0°C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.24 in 2/1 hexanes:EtOAc) and the product was purified by flash chromromatography and HPLC.

NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (DMSO-d., 250 MHz): 6 = 8.66 (d, J = 6.75 Hz, 1 H), 8.30 (d, J=8.26 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (bs, 5H), 7.11-6.96 (m, 3H), 5.23 (d, J=7.00 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (td, J=7.88, 5.50 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (ABq*, JAB = 14.05 Hz, AVAB=7.75 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 0.88 (t, J=7.38 Hz, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 10120 = 21.8' (c 1.0, MeOH). C24H2gN204F2 QV'W= 446.50); mass spectroscopy (MH', minusC02-tBu) 345.2.

Example 192

Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, valinyl] L-phenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester

--294- Following General Procedure D and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-valinyl)-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (from

Example D14 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 170.5-171.8 °C).

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.39 in 2:1 hexanes/EtOAc) and the product was purified by flash chromromatography and HPLC.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6, 250 MHz): 6=8.71 (d, J=6.75 Hz, 1 H), 8.22 (d, J=9.26 Hz, IH), 7.37 (bs, 5H), 7.11-6.96 (in, 3H), 5.23 (d, J=6.50 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (dd, J=8.88, 6.38 Hz, IH), 3.55 (Al3q~ JAB= 13.88 Hz, AVAB= 21.56 Hz, 2H), 2.10-1.95 (in, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 0.88 (d, J=6.75 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, J=6.50 Hz, 3H). Optical Rotation: 1(31120 = 20.8" (c 1.0, MeOH).

C25H3ON204F2 (MW = 460.53); mass spectroscopy (MH', minus C02-tBu) 359.2.

Example 193 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-methioninyll 1,phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-methioninyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-methionine (Sigma) and L-phertylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (nip = 189.3'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.53 in 5:95 MeOH/CH,C12) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.85 (d, J=6.7 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (in, 5H), 7.09 (ni, IH), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.38 (d, J=6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (in, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.51 (d, 2H), 2.46 (t, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.89 (in, 2H).

--295 - "C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 172.036, 171.729, 169.883, 164.658, 164.479, 161.406, 161.227, 141.689, 141.557, 141.427, 136.524, 129.512, 129.213, 128.717, 126.274, 113.187, 113.085, 112.961, 112.862, 103.023, 102.684, 102.340, 93.065, 57.205, 53.063, 42.231, 33.075, 30.221, 15.465.

C22H24N2O4F2S (' \sim = 450.51); mass spectroscopy (MH') 450.

Example 194 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, valinyll I, phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-valinyl)-L-plienylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-valine (Sigma) and L-plienylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 226.5'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.49 in 5:95 MeOH/C1-12C12) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using MeOH/CH2C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.84 (d, J=6.2 Hz, 111), 8.23 (d, J=8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 51-1), 7.07 (m, 11-1), 6.98 (m, 211), 5.37 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 111), 4.34 (m, J=8.9 Hz, 11-1), 3.55 (in, 5H), 2.01 (in, 11-1), 0.87 (m, 61-1).

13 C-timr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 171.988, 171..690, 169.861, 164.633, 164.456, 161.382, 161.204, 141.987, 141.859, 141.727, 136.553, 129.470, 129.192, 128.791, 113.128, 113.026, 112.902, 112.803, 102.961, 102.619, 102.281,

57.914, 57.262, 52.935, 42.274, 31.728, 19.845, 18.815.

C22H24N2O4F2 (MW= 418.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 418.1.

Example 195 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyll 1,-phenyIglycine Methyl Ester

--296- Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(2-aminobutanoyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-aminobutyric acid (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp, = 215.3"C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf 0.46 in 5:95 MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.83 (d, J=6.8 Hz, IH), 8.32 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (m, 5H), 7.08 (in, IH), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.38 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (m, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.52 (d, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 0.88 (t, 3H).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 171.684, 170.934, 168.984, 164.193, 163.980, 160.295, 160.083, 141.059, 140.902, 140.743, 135.857, 128.689, 128.372, 127.892, 112.387, 112.257, 112.131, 111.999, 102.254, 101.845, 101.438, 56.351, 53.441, 52.212, 41.436, 25.675, 10.067.

C2jH22N2O4F2 (MW= 404.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.1.

Example 196
Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-l~, leucinyll l,phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-leucinyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-leucine (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 178.4'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.51 in 5:95 MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by flash chromotograph using MeOH/CH2C'2 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

--297- S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.85 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 11-1), 8.33 (d, J=8.3 Hz, IH), 7.37 (m, 51-1), 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.95 (m, 21-1), 5.37 (d, J=6.8 Hz, IH), 4.46 (m, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.49 (d, 21-1), 1.55 (m, 31-1), 0.89 (d, 3H), 0.82 (d, 3H).

13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 172.225, 170.899, 168.888, 164.197, 163.984, 160.298, 160.086, 141.029, 140.887, 140.723, 135.875, 128.657, 128.348, 127.944, 112.340, 112.207, 112.084, 111.951, 102.251, 101.842, 101.435, 56.343, 52.214, 50.697, 41.510, 40.982, 24.449, 23.056, 21.575.

C23H26N2O4F2 (MW= 432.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 432. 1.

Example 197 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, phenylalaninyll I.-phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and <math>N-(L-phenylalaninyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester

hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylalanine (Aldrich) and L-phertylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 1883'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.59 in 5:95 MeOH/CH2C12) and the product was purified by flash chromotography using MeOH/C1-12C12 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 6 = 8.99 (d, J=6.9 Hz, 11-1), 8.44 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.4 (m, 51-1), 7.21 (m, 511), 7.03 (m, 11-1), 6.77 (m, 2H), 5.42 (d, 51)J=6.9 Hz, 11-1), 4.70 (m, J=8.5 Hz, 111), 3.63 (s, 31-1), 3.40 (m, 21-1), 3.08 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1 H).

'C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 171.428, 170.896, 168.853, 164.127, 163.915, 160.222, 160.010, 140.756, 140.601, 140.438, 137.662, 135.918, 130.638, 129.247, 128.737, 128.415, 127.908, 126.281, 112.147, 112.025, 111.892, 102.189, 101.782, 101.373, 56.411, 53.461, 52.306, 41.513, 37.796. C26H24N2O4F2 (MW= 466.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 466.

--298- Example 198 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)]glycinyll 1.-phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(glycinyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-130C-glycine (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 142.3'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.33 in 5:95 MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by recrystallization from diethyl ether/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.82 (d, J=7.2 Hz, IH), 8.39 (t, 111), 7.37 (m, 5H), 7.05 (m, 31-1), 5.44 (d, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, 211), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 211).

"C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 170.956, 169.427, 168.788, 164.226, 164.013, 160.329, 160.115, 140.817, 140.663, 140.499, 136.222, 128.728, 128.338, 127.687, 112.494, 112.360, 112.238, 112.104, 102.310, 101.900, 101.492, 56.200, 52.321, 41.731, 41.464. C191118N204F2 (MW = 376.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 376.0.

Example 199

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, phenylglycinyll L-phenylglycine MethylEster Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-(L-phenylglycinyl)-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Novabiochem) and L-phertylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 222.8'C). The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf

--299- 0.61 in 5:95 MeOH/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 9.22 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 11-1), 8.85 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (m, 10H), 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, 21-1), 5.69 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (d, J=6.8 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, 21-1), 3.55 (s, 3H). 13 C-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 170.606, 169.727, 168.777, 164.194, 163.982,

160.296, 160.082, 140.920, 140.757, 140.603, 138.391, 135.900, 128.732, 128.425, 128.233, 127.871, 127.556, 127.222, 112.467, 112.340, 112.209, 112.082, 102.292, 101.884, 101.475, 56.431, 55.621, 52.203, 41.205.

C25H22N2O4F2 (MW= 452.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 452.2.

Example 200 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll-1, alanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example 131 above) and L-alanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 140.5-142'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.17 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 1.3-1.4 (m, 61-1), 3.55 (s, 21-1), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.4 4.6 (m, 21-1), 6.1-6.3 (brd, 111), 6.6-6.7 (brd, 11-1), 7.2-7.4 (m, 51-1).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 "": 18.4, 19.0, 44.1, 48.6, 49.3, 53.0, 127.9, 129.5, 129.8, 135.1, 171.5, 172.4, 173.6.

C15H2ON2O4 $Q^* \sim = 292.34$); mass spectroscopy (MH') 293.

Example 201

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll-l--leucine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and L-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title

--300- compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 102.5-105 °C). The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.25 in 50% EtOAcMexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

"H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 0.8-0.95 (m, 61-1), 1.3 (d, J=7 Hz, 31-1), 1.44.6 (m, 3H), 3.58 (s, 211), 3.75 (s, 31-1), 4.44.6 (m, 211), 6.2 (brd, 1H), 6.7 (brd, 11-1), 7.2-7.4 (m, 5H).

'C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 18.7, 22.3, 23.4, 25.3, 41.5, 44.1, 49.2, 51.4, 52.8, 127.9, 129.5, 129.8, 135.0, 171.5, 172.6, 173.7. C181-126N204 (MW= 334.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 335.

Example 202

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1~, alaninyll-L-Isoleucine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and L-isoleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Sigma), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0. 24 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (C1)C13): 3 = 0.8-0.95 (m, 61-1), 1.0-1.2 (m, 11-1), 1.2-1.4 (m including 1.3 (d, J=7 Hz, 4H)), 1.8-1.9 (m, 111), 3.58 (s, 21-1), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.44.6 (m, 21-1), 6.2 (brd, 11-1), 6.7 (brd, 11-1), 7.2-7.4 (m, 51-1).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 12.1, 16.0, 18.5, 25.6, 38.1, 44.1, 49.3, 52.7, 57.2, 127.9, 129.6, 129.8, 135.0, 171.5, 172.5, 172.6.

C18H26N2O4 (MW= 334.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 335.

Example 203 Synthesis of

 $N^-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-L\sim alaninyll-l, proline Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and L-proline methyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem), the$

--301 - title compound was prepared as an oil. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.12 in 50 % EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 1.33 (d, J=7 Hz, 311), 1.9-2.1 (m, 311), 2.1-2.25 (m, 11-1), 3.5-3.8 (m including 3.58 (s) and 3.75 (s), total 711), 4-4.4 (m, 111), 4.74.8 (m, 111), 6.5 (brd, IH), 7.2-7.4 (m, 5H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 18.5, 25.5, 29.5, 44.1, 47.3, 47.4, 52.8, 59.3, 127.8, 129.42, 129.48, 129.9, 135.2, 170.9, 171.8, 172.8.

C17H22N2O4 (MW= 318.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 319.

Example 204 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1-~alaninyll-1-phenylalanine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and L-phenylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 148-149.5°C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.24 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was not purified.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 1.25 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H), 3.02 (dd, J=7, 14Hz, 1H), 3.12 (dd, J=5, 14 Hz, 111), 3.53 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 311), 4.44.5 (ra, 1H), 4.75 (4.85 (m, 111), 5.9 (brd, 1H), 6.5 (brd, 1H), 7.0-7.5 (m, 101-1).

'C-nmr (CDC13): 3 ":: 18.6, 38.3, 44.0, 49.2, 52.9, 53.9, 127.7, 128.0, 129.1, 129.6, 129.8, 129.9, 135.0, 136.3, 171.4, 172.2, 172.3.

C2,1124N2O4 (MW= 368.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

Example 205

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll N,-(tett-butoxycarbonyl)-1, Iysine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl ester

--302- hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (rap $119-12\ 1$ 'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 46 in 90: 10: 1 CH2C'2~MeOH/NH4OH).

NMR data was as follows:

S-ntnr (CDC13): $3\ 1.2-1.9$ (m, 18H) (includes 1.3 (d, J=7 Hz) and 1.4 (s)), 3.0-3.15 (m, 21-1), 3.12 (dd, J=5, 14 Hz, 111), 3.57 (s, 21-1), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.44.5 (m, 21-1), 4.75-4.85 (m, 11-1), 6.2 (brd, 111), 6.75 (brd, 1H), $7.\ 2-7.4$ (m, 5H).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 18.6, 22.9, 29.0, 29.9, 32.0, 40.5, 44.0, 49.4, 52.7, 53.0, 79.8, 127.9, 129.5, 129.8, 135.1, 156.7, 171.6, 172.7, 173.0.

C23H35N306 (MW= 449.55); mass spectroscopy (MH') = 450.

Example 206 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-I, alaninyllglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and glycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 152-153.5'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 10 in 50 % EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 1.33 (d, J=7 Hz, 311), 3.59 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 31-1), 3.97 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 211), 4.5-4.6 (m, 11-1), 6.1 (brd, 11-1), 6.8 (brs, 111), 7.2 7.6 (m, 5H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.7, 41.6, 43.9, 49.2, 52.9, 127.9, 129.5, 129.9, 135.0, 170.6, 171.7, 173.2.

C141-118N204 (MW = 278.31); mass spectroscopy (MH') 279.

Example 207 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll-1, valine Methyl Ester

--303 - Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (fromo Example 131 above) and L-valine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 112-115'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.33 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was not purified.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 0.8-0.9 (overlapping d appearing as t, J=6 Hz, 6H), 2.0-2.2 (in, 111), 3.57 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.4-4.5 (m, 1H), 4.5-4.65 (m, 111), 6.2 (brd, 1H), 6.75 (brd, 1H), 7.2-7.4 (m, 511).

13C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 18.3, 18.5, 19.5, 31.5, 44.1, 49.3, 52.7, 57.9, 127.9, 129.5, 129.8, 135.0, 171.5, 172.7, 172.7.

C17H24N2O4 (MW= 320.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 321.

Example 208 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll-2-(S)-aminobutanoate Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B1 above) and methyl L-2-aminobutanoate hydrochloride (prepared from L-2-aminobutanoic acid (Bachem) using General Procedure H (without extractions)), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 120'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.2 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 0.85 (t, J=6 Hz, 3H), 1.32 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H), 1.6 1.9 (m, 21-1), 3.57 (s, 21-1), 3.72 (s, 311), 4.44.6 (m, 211), 6.2 (brd, 111), 6.75 (brd, 11-1), 7.2-7.4 (m, 511).

'C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 10.2, 18.9, 25.8, 44.0, 49.3, 52.8, 54.0, 127.9, 129.5, 129.8, 135.1, 171.5, 172.7, 173.0.

C16H22N2O4 (MW= 306.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 307.

Example 209 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll-2-(S)-aminopentanoate

--304- Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example Bl above) and methyl 2-(S)-aminopentanoate hydrochloride (prepared from L-2-aminovaleric acid (Bachem) using General Procedure H (without extractions)), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 135 137'C).

The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.30 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 0.87 (t, J=6 Hz, 314), 1.2-1.4 (m with d, J=7 Hz, 5H), 1.5-1.8 (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 211), 3.72 (s, 3H), 4.44.5 (m, 2H), 6.4 (brd, 1H), 7.0 (brd, 1H), 7.2-7.4 (m, 514).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 "= 14.2, 19.0, 19.2, 34.5, 44.0, 49.2, 52.7, 52.8, 127.8, 129.4, 129.8, 135.2, 171.5, 172.8, 173.3.

C17H24N2O4 (MW= 320.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 321.

Example 210

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3-Nitrophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl]-Ivaline Following General ProcedureAF and using N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-valine ethyl ester (from Example 143 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.05 in 9:1 CHQ3/Me011).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 8.41 (d, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 8.09 (d, IH), 7.91 (d, IH), 7.68 (d, 111), 7.56 (t, IH), 4.4 (m, 114), 4.10 (m, 111), 3.63 (s, 2H), 2. 01 (m, 111), 1. 19 (m, 3H), 0. 89 (d, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -49' (c 1, MeOH).

C16H2IN306 (MW= 351.3); mass spectroscopy (MH') 352.

Example 211 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll-1-,-N-methylalanine Methyl Ester

--305 - Following General Procedure A and using N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B 1 above) and L-N-methylalanine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from L-N-methylalanine hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure H (without extractions)), the title compound was prepared as an oil.

The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.13 in 50 % EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by column chromatography using 60% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

S-ntnr (CDC13): $3 \sim 1.2-1.6$ (m including 1.32 (d, J=7 Hz, 6H), 2.97 (s (rotomers), 3H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 17-3.8 (s (rotomers), 311), 4.4-5.2 (in, 211), 6.6 (brd, IH), 7.2-7.4 (m, SH).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 14.7, 15.0, 18.8, 19.1, 31.6, 32.3, 44.3, 46.2, 46.3, 52.7, 52.88, 52.93, 53.6, 127.81, 127.85, 129.45, 129.48, 129.9, 135.2, 170.60, 170.67, 172.19, 172.4, 173.25. 173.31.

C16H22N2O4 (MW= 306.36); mass spectroscopy (MH') 307.

Example 212

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-I-,-alanine Isobutyl Ester Following

General Procedure C and using N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-alanine isobutyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 2-methyl-l-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalystic DMAP), followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 181-186'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 1.31 (d, 3H), 5.59 (d, 111).

--306- Optical Rotation: 101120 ~-- + 19' @ 589 nm (c 1.03, DMSO).

C20H3ON204 (MW = 362); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 363.

Example 213 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Isovaleryl)-Iisoleucinyl]-Ialanine Isobutyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucine (prepared from isovaleric acid (Aldrich) and L-isoleucine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by hydrolysis using General Procedure AF) and L-alanine isobutyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and 2-methyl-1-propanol (Aldrich) using General Procedure C (with catalystic DMAP), followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 142-146'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 4 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent to provide a 1: 4 mixture of diastereomers.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.26 (d, 3H), 7.70 (d, IH), 7.80 (d, 1H), 8.30 (d, 1H), 8.40 (d, IH).

C,gH34N2O4 (MW= 342.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343.

Example 214

Synthesis of

N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-cyclohexyl-L-phenylglycinamide (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Chemtech) and cyclohexylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure M, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as

--307- a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.5 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by trituration from ethanol.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 6=8.55 (m, 21-1), 8.08 (d, 1H), 7.30 (m, 511), 7.08 (m, 11-1), 6.97 (d, 2H), 5.37 (m, 111), 3.47 (s, 2H), 1.8-1.6 (m, 61-1), 1.23-0.98 (ra, 7H).

Optical Rotation: 101123 = -32.7' (c 1, MeOH).

C25H29F2N3O3 (MW = 457); mass spectroscopy (MH') 458.

Example 215 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] 1,4-hydroxyproline Ethyl Ester Following General Procedure F and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-4-hydroxyproline ethyl ester hydrochloride (Pfaltz & Bauer), the title compound was prepared as a foam.

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.32 in 95:5 CH2C'2'MeOH) and the product was purified by flash column chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13, 250 Mz): 6 = 7.31 (d, 114, J= 7.00 Hz), 6.83-6.64 (m, 31-1), 4.67 (p, 11-1, J=7.09 Hz), 4.58 (t, 111, J= 8.26 Hz), 4.47 (bs, 114), 4.25 4.06 (m, 21-1), 3.81 (bd, 1H, J=11.01 Hz), 3.62 (dd, 111, J=10.76, 3.75 Hz), 3.46 (s, 21-1), 2.30 (dd, 1H, J= 13.51, 8.26 Hz), 1.96 (ddd, 111, J= 13.44, 8.82, 4.56 Hz), 1.33 (d, 3H, J= 6.75 Hz), 1.24 (t, 314, J= 7.13 Hz).

C18H23F2N2O5 (MW= 384.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 385.1.

Example 216 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll-1, Iysine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure Y and using <math>N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)] L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl ester (from Example 43 above), the title compound was prepared as an oil. The title compound was

--308 - isolated as the trifluoroacetic acid salt (containing about 5 % excess trifluoroacetic acid).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (C13C13 + 2 drops of CD3013): 3 = 6.40-6.52 (m, 3H), 4.17 (t, 1H), 4.40 (q, 1H), 3.42 (s, 311), 3.23 (s, 314), 2.53 (bs, 2H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.32 (m, 3H), 1.02-1.13 (ni, 2F1), 1.10 (d, 2H).

13 C-ninr (CDC13 + 2 drops of CD30I3): 6 = 174.1, 166.4, 166.2, 163.1, 163.0, 141.3, 113.8, 113.7, 113.5, 103.5, 55.2, 56.3, 43.0, 40.9, 32.2, 28.1, 24.0, 18.2.

C21H26F5N306 (MW= 511.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 512.

Example 217

Synthesis of N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-I, glutamide Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-glutamide hydrochloride (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 260-263'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.77 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 8.40 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 114), 8.02 (d, J=6.9, 11-1), 7.2 (M, 211), 7.0 (m, 411), 6.76 (s, IH), 4.2 (m, 1H), 3.56 (s, 214), 2.1 (in, 211), 1.9 (m, 2H), 1.21 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H).

"C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 173.5, 172.4, 169.5, 112.5, 110.4, 102.3, 52.5, 49.0, 41.6, 35.7, 31.8, 28.1, 18.4.

C161420172N404 OY1W= 370); mass spectroscopy (MH') 371.

Example 218 Synthesis of Methyl 1-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate Following General Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

--309- L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl pipecolinate hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 114-118'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.71 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by acid/base washes. NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 6.95 (dd, J=7.1, 7.1, 7.1 Hz; 1H), 6.81 (d, J=6.1 Hz, 2H), 6.7 (m, 1H), 5.28 (dd, J=5.0 Hz, 12.6, 5.4, 1H), 4.93 (q, J=7.0, 6.9, 7.0 Hz, M), 3.75 (s, M), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.50 (s, 2H), 3.2 (m, 1H), 2. 27 (d, J=3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.5 (m, 5H), 1.31 (d, J=5.2 Hz, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 172.8; 172.6; 171.7; 171.6; 169.2; 169. 1; 112.9; 112.8; 112.7; 112.6; 103.2; 102.8; 53.0; 52.9; 52.9; 52.7; 46.2; 46.1; 43.9; 43.9; 27. 1; 26.8; 25.6; 21.4; 19.9; 18.5.

C18H22F2N2O4 (MW = 368); mass spectroscopy (MH') 369.

Example 219 Synthesis of

N-[(S)-3-Hydroxy-6-methythept-2-yll

N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure AA and using N+S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2

yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide (from Example 168 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf 0.75 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 99:1 CHC13/McOH as the eluent. NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 6.81 (m, 1H), 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.39 (m, 2H), 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.60 (m, M), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.4 (m, 5H), 1.09 (m, 3H), 0.9 (m, 6H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -39' (c 1, MeOH).

C19H28F2N2O3 (MW= 448); mass spectroscopy (MH') 449.

--310- Example 220 Synthesis of N-[(S)-2-Hydroxy-l-phenyleth-1-yi] N'-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (S)-2-hydroxy-l-phenyleth-1 ylamine (e.g., (S)-phenylglycinol) (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 204-206'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 1.24 (d, 311), 4.38 (in, 1H), 4.80 (m, 2H). Optical Rotation: 1012, +3.56' @ 589 nm (c 1.10, DMSO).

CjqH20F2N2O3 (MW = 362.38); mass spectroscopy (MH') 363.

Example 221 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenyi-oz-fluoroacetyl)-I, alaniny] l, phenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure M and using

3,5-difluorophenyl-a fluoroacetic acid (from Example D1 above) and N-(L-alaniny)-L phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared using N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a clear oil. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 44 and 0.51 in 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by LC 2000 chromatography using 20% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13) (l:lmixture of diasteromers): 6=1.37 (s, 911), 1.39 (s, 9H), 1.42 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.48 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.80 (d, J=7.1 Hz, IH), 4.62 (pent, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (d, J=7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (d, -311-7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (d, J=4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, J=4.7 Hz, IH), 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.97 (m, 4H), 7.20-7.33 (m, 12H).

 \sim C23H25F3N2O4 (MW = 450.2); mass spectroscopy (MH') 451.

Example 222 Synthesis of

N-[(S)-oz-Hydroxy-a'-phenylisopropyll

N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (S)-a-hydroxy-ce' phenylisopropylamine (e.g., L-phenylalaninol) (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.5 in 9:1 CHC13/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 95:5 CHC13/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.33-7.17 (m, 5H), 6.72 (m, 3H), 6.62 (d, 1H), 6.32 (d, 1 H), 4.43 (m, 1 H), 4.10 (m, 1 H), 3.61 (m, 2H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 2.84 (m, 2H), 1.32 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: 1013 = -60' (c 1, MeOH).

C20H22F2N2O3 (MW = 376); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.

Example 223 SynthesLS of

N-[(IS, 2R)-1-Hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-yi]

N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (1S,2R)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2 ylamine hydrochloride (e.g., (1S,2R)-norephedrine hydrochloride) (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.5 in 9:1 CHC'3/MeOH) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 98:2 CHC'3/MeOH as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

-312 - 'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.31 (m, 5H), 6.84-6.64 (m, 4H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 4.51 (m, IH), 4.23 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.38 (d, 3H), 0.97 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 1013 = -44' (c 1, MeOH). C20H22F2N2O3 (1~ = 376); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.

Example 224 Synthesis of

N-2-Methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyllglyeinamide Following General Procedure K and using <math>N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

L-alaninyllglycine methyl ester (from Example 28 above) and 2 methoxyethylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 148-151 °C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.53 in 10% MeOH/DCM + 1% TEA) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 8.2 (m, 1H), 7.1 (m, 111), 6.6 (m, 8HO, 4.7 (m, 1H), 4.0 (m, 1H), 3.6 (m, 211), 3.39 (s, 2H), 3.2 (m, 4H), 3.1 (s, 3H), 1.17 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 311).

'C-nmr (C1)C13): 6 = 176.3, 173.4, 172.2, 166.5, 163.4, 150.4, 141.6, 114.1, 114.0, 113.9, 113.8, 103.9, 103.5, 72.2, 72.1, 59.4, 51.9, 44.0, 43.0, 40.7, 17.9.
C16H21F2N304 (MW = 357); mass spectroscopy (M11+) 358.

Example 225 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll lphenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and N-[2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-cyclohexylglycine (Sigma) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title

-- 313 - compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 234.CC). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.65 in 5:95 MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (13MSO-d3): 6 = 8.85 (d, J=6.5 Hz, IH), 8.21 (d, J=8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 5H), 7.07 (in, 1H), 6.97 (d, 2H), 5.36 (d, J=6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, J=7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (m, 5H), 1.65 (in, 6H), 1.06 (in, 5H). 13 C-ninr (13MSO-d3): 3 = 171.065, 170.865, 168.953, 164.179, 163.967, 160.282, 160.070, 141.210, 141.058, 135.766, 128.657, 128.374, 128.004, 112.371, 112.238, 112.115, 111.981, 102.217, 101.808, 101.399, 56.568, 56.471, 41.467, 40.354, 28.884, 28.025, 25.926, 25.669.

C25H28N204F2 (MW= 458.51); mass spectroscopy (MH') 458.1.

Example 226

Synthesis of

N-[(lR,2S)-l-Hydroxy-l-phenylprop-2-yll N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (lR,2S)-t-hydroxy-l-phenylprop-2 ylamine hydrochloride (e.g., (lR,2S)-norephedrine hydrochloride) (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a foam. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.5 in 9:1 CHC'3/MeOH).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.35 (in, 5H), 7.75 (m, 3H), 6.57 (d, 1H), 4.47 (d, 1H), 4.26 (in, IH), 3.48 (s, 211), 1.32 (d, 3H), 1.01 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: 1("123 = -64") (c 1, MeOH).

C20H22F2N2O3 (MW = 376); mass spectroscopy (MH') 377.

Example 227

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Synthesis of
N-[(IR,2S)-l-hydroxy-1,2-diphenyleth-2-yil
N'-(3,5-dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide
--314- Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and
(lR,2S)-2-amino-1,2 diphenylethanoI (Aldrich), the title compound was
prepared as a solid (mp = 217-219 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc
(Rf = 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel
chromatography using 7% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by
recrystallization from acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 0.76 (d, 3H), 5.43 (d, 1H).
Optical Rotation: IC1120 ~ -6.9' @ 589 nm (c 1. 10, DMSO).
C25H24F2N203 (MW = 438.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 439.
Example 228
Synthesis of
N-[(S)-1-Hydroxyhex-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-1,-alaninamide
Following General Procedure S and using methyl N-[N-(3,5)]
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate (from Example 1
above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 157-158.5'C).
The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.62 in 10% CH30H/CH2C12).
NMR data was as follows:
S-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 5.9 (m, 2H), 5.8 (m, IH), 4.37 (q, IH), 3.8 (m, 111),
3.58 (s, 2H), 3.5 (m, 2H), 1.4 (m, 911), 0.9 (m, 3H).
 13 C-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 175.4, 172.9., 166.7, 166.5, 163.5, 163.2, 141.8,
 141.7, 113.9, 113.8, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2, 65.6, 53. 2,
 51.2, 43.3, 32.3, 29.7, 24.1, 18.7, 14.9.
 C17H24F2N2O3 (MW= 342.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343.
 Example 229
 Synthesis of
 N-[ix-Hydroxy-n!'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)isopropyll
 N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninamide Following General Procedure S
 and using N-[N-(3,5 \text{ difluorophenylacetyl})-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine methyl
 ester (from Example 15
 -- 315 - above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = \frac{1}{2}
 179-183'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.42 in 10\% MeOH/DCM)
 and the product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH/diethyl
 ether.
 NMR data was as follows:
 S-nmr (CD03): 3 = 6.82 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.7 (m, 2H), 6.62 (t, J=9.1,
 9.1 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.1 (m, IH), 3.7 (m, 1H), 3. 34 (s,
 2H), 3.2 (m, 2H), 2.5 (m, 2H), 1.08-0.94 (dd, J=7.1, 36.0, 7.1 Hz, 3H).
 13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 6 = 175.0, 172.8, 157.4, 131.8, 131.8, 130.7, 116.6,
 116.5, 113.9, 113.5, 64.1, 54.9, 51.1, 43.3, 37.4, 18.6.
 C_{,,\sim}H22F2N204 (MW= 392); mass spectroscopy (MH')= 393.
  Example 230
  Synthesis of
 N-2-Pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]
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1,-alaninyll-1,phenylalaninamide Following General Procedure K and using $N-[N-(3,5\ difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester (from Example 94 above) and 2-(aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.$

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 5 = 8.45 (d, 1H), 7.75 (t, 1H), 7.2-7.4 (m, 6H), 7.1 (d, 1H), 6.8-7.0 (m, 311) 4.63 (t, 1H) 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.2-4.35 (m, IH), 3.6 (s, 2H), 3.6 (s, 2H), 3.0-3.25 (m, 2H), 1.30 (d, 3H) 13 C-nmr (CD30D): 5 = 175.4, 174.0, 173.3, 166.6, 163.3, 163.2, 159.5, 150.0, 141.4, 139.4, 138.9, 130.9, 130.1, 128.4, 124.2, 123.2, 114.0, 113.9, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.2, 56.9, 51.4, 45.8, 43.1, 39.0, 18.2 C26H26F2N403 (MW= 480.52); mass spectroscopy (MH') = 481.

Example 231 Synthesis of N-[ot-Hydroxy-ot'-pyrid-2-ylisopropyl] N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninamide --316- Following General Procedure S and using methyl N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionate (from Example 19 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 225 229'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.66 in 10% Me0E1/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from Me014/diethyl ether.

NMR data was as follows:

S-timr (CDC13): 3=8.21 (d, J=4.5 Hz, 114), 7.46 (t, J=6.3, 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.11 (d, J=7.6 Hz, 111), 7.01 (t, J=5.5, 7.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.70 (d, J=6.3 Hz, 2H), 6.62 Q, J=9.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.1 (m, 111), 3.4 (m, 1H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 3.3 (m, 2H), 1.06 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 3H).

13 C-ninr (CDC'3): 6 = 172.754, 160.222, 150.134, 139.137, 126.198, 123.680, 113.936, 113.602, 103.578, 64.854, 53.689, 51.191, 43.304, 40.394, 18.769.

C19H21F2N3O3 (MW= 377); mass spectroscopy (MH') 378.

Example 232 Synthesis of

N-[ct-Hydroxy-a'-pyrid-4-ylisopropyll

N'-(3,5-diffluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure S and using methyl <math>N-[N-(3,5-diffluorophenylacetyl)]

difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionate (from Example 23 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = $189\ 193$ 'C). The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.47 in 10% MeOH/13CM) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC'3): 3=8.18 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 211), 7.27 (d, J=5.6 Hz, 2H), 6.7 (in, 2H), 6.6 (m, 1H), 4.0 (in, 1H), 3.9 (m, 111), 3.32 (s, 2H), 3.10 (s, 2H), 2.9 (m, 2H), 1.07 (d, J=7.2, 3E1).

13 C-nmr (CDC'3): 3 = 175.8, 150.4, 150.2, 126.8, 113.9, 113.6, 103.6, 103.5, 72.0, 59.3, 55.2, 51.6, 42.9, 40.8, 38.3, 17.9.

C19H21172N303 (MW= 377); mass spectroscopy (MH') 378.

--317- Example 233 Synthesis of N-[(S)-l-Hydroxy-4-methylpent-2-yll N~-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-]L, alaninamide Isomer A: Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)

L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (S)-1-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2 ylamine (leucinol) (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 141 151'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.5 in 5%Me011/methylene chloride) and the product was purified by recrystallization from EtOAc/liexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 8.15 (s 1H), 7.5 Q, J=8 Hz, 111), 6.80-6.55 (in, 3H), 4.15 (in, J=3.5 Hz, IH), 3.7 (m 1H), 3.35 (s 2H), 3.22 (t, J=3 Hz, 211), 1. 4 (in, 1 H), 1. 1 (in, 5 H), 0. 7 (in, 6H).

"C-nmr (CD301)): 3 = 175.4, 175.3, 173.0, 113.9, 113.9, 113.6, 113.5, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2, 66.1, 51.6, 51.4, 51.3, 51.3, 43.4, 41.7, 41.6, 26.5, 26.3, 24.3, 22.8, 22.7, 19.0, 18.7, 18.6.

C17H24N2O3F2 (MW= 342.19); mass spectroscopy (MH') 343.

Isomer B:

Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (S)-1-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2 ylamine (leucinol) (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 151 153'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.8 in 10%MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization, followed by flash column chromatography, followed by a preparative fic using 10% MeOH/DCM as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 8.15 (s 1H), 7.5 (t, J=8 Hz, 1H), 6.80-6.55 (in, 3H), 4.15 (m, J=3.5 Hz, IH), 3.7 (in, IH), 3.35 (s, 2H), 3.22 Q, J=3 Hz, 2H), 1. 4 (in, 1 H), 1. 1 (in, 5 11), 0. 7 (in, 6H).

-- 318 - 13 C-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 175.2, 172.9, 166.6, 166.5, 141.7, 113.9, 113.9, 113.8, 113.6, 113.6, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2, 66.1, 51.2, 50.4, 50.1, 50.0, 49.8, 49.7, 49.6, 49.4, 49.38, 49.3, 49.0, 48.7, 43.4, 43.3, 41.7, 26.3, 24.3, 22.8, 18.7.

C17H24N2O3F2 (MW= 342.19); mass spectroscopy (MH') 342.

Example 234

Synthesis of

N-[1-Methoxyprop-2-yi]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamideFollowing General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and 2 -amino- 1 - methoxypropane (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 152'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.45 in 5% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from methanol/water.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 6.9-6.7 (in, 3H), 6.6 (d, J=7 Hz, 1H), 6.3 (m, 1H), 4.5 (in, J=7 Hz, 1H), 4.1 (in, IH), 3.5 (s, 2H), 3.3 (m, 5H), 1.4 (d, J=7 Hz, 3 H), 1. 15 (t, J = 8 Hz, 3 H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 172.0, 113.0, 112.9, 112.62, 112.60, 103.7, 103.4, 78.0, 77.6, 77.2, 75.8, 75.7, 59.6, 59.58, 49.6, 49.5, 45.6, 45.6, 43.4, 19.4, 19.38, 18.9, 18.0.

C17H2ON203F2 (MW= 314.14); mass spectroscopy (MH') 315.

Synthesis of

N-[1-Hydroxy-3-methylbut-2-yll N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninamide Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and valinol (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 176-179'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 4 in 5 % MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from EtOAc/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (C1330D): 3 = 7.5 (d, J=9 Hz, 1H), 6.8-6.5 (m, 3H), 4.15 (m, IH), 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.35 (m, 3H), 1.65 (ra, J=7 Hz, 1H), 1.20 (d, J=5 Hz, 3H), 0.7 (m, 6H).

13 C-nmr (acetone-d.): 3 = 113.7, 113.4, 103.0, 63.3, 57.7, 57.69, 50.5, 50.4, 43.2, 31.1, 30.8, 30.6, 30.5, 30.3, 30.2~ 30.1, 29.9, 29.9, 29.8, 29.7, 29.6, 20.5, 20.4, 19.5, 19.1, 19.0, 18.8.

C16E122N2O3F2 (MW= 329.19); mass spectroscopy (MH') 329.

Example 236 Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll 2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2-yl) acetate Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl 2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2 yl)acetate (prepared from 2-(methoxyimino)-2-(6-aminopyrid-2-yl)acetic acid [CAS 71470-33-21 using General Procedures G and AC above), the title compound was prepared. The product was purified by LC 2000 preparative column chromatography using 1: 1 EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 7.65-6.5 (m, 6H), 6.4 (d, J=8.19 Hz, 1H), 5.49 5.33 (m, 114), 4.84.5 (m, 2H), 3.7 (s, 3H), 3.6 (s, 1H), 3.5 (s, IH), 2.06 (bs, 2H), 1.44 (d, J=7.06 Hz, 1.5 H), 1.35 (d, $\sim.06$ Hz, 1.511).

C19H2ON404F2 (MW= 406.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 406.3.

Example 237 Synthesis of

N-[1-Hydroxyprop-2-yIj N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example 132 above) and alanol (Bachem), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 158-163'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc

--320- (Rf = 0.7 in 10% MeOH/DCM) and the product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate, followed by flash column chromatography using 10% MeOH/DCM.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 8.2 (in, 1H), 7.6 (in, 1H), 4.1 (in, J=7 Hz, M), 3.7 (in, J=5 Hz, IH), 3.35 (s, 2H), 3.25 (in, 2H), 1.15 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H), 0.9 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H).

13C-ninr (CD30D): 3 = 175.1, 175.06, 172.9, 166.6, 166.5, 163.4, 163.2, 141.6, 113.9, 113.8, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2, 66.5, 51. 4, 51.3, 51.3, 51.2, 50.4, 50.1, 49.8, 49.77, 49.6, 49.5, 49.3, 49.1, 49.0, 48.7, 43.3, 18.8, 17.5.

CIA8N203172 (MW= 300); mass spectroscopy (MH') 301.

Example 238 Synthesis of N-[(S)-2-methoxy-1-phenyleth-1-yllN'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Oakwood) and N-[(S)-2-methoxy- 1-phenyleth- I -yl] -L-alaninamide (prepared from N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and (S)-phenylglycinol methyl ether (from Example D15 above) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as solid (mp = 180-182 °C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.4 in % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent, followed by recrystallization from 1 chlorobutane/acetonitrile. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d, 3H), 3.23 (s, 3H). Optical Rotation: 1a120 = +12.3' @ 589 nm (c 1.04, DMSO). C20H22F2N2O3 (MW = 376.41); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 377.--321 - Example 239 Synthesis of N-[(S)-l-Methoxy-2-phenylprop-2-yl] N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure B and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and L-phenylalaninol methyl ether hydrochloride (Fluka), the title compound was prepared as a fluffy solid. The product was purified by recrystallization from MeOH/EtOAc. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (CDC13): 3 -= 1.31 (d, J=7 Hz, 3H), 2.8 (d, J=7 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (d, J=3 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 2H), 4.15-4.3 (m, 1H), 4.35 4.5 (m, 1H), 6.3-6.5 (m, 2H), 6.6-6.9 (m, 3H), 7.1-7.35 (m, 5H). 13 C-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 19.1, 37.8, 43.4, 49.6, 51.0, 59.6, 72.7, 103.4, 112.6, 113.0, 127.1, 129.0, 129.9, 138.3, 169.8, 172.1. Example 240 Synthesis of N+S)-1-Acetoxyhex-2-yll N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-1, aianinamide Following General Procedure V and using N-[(S)-1-hydroxyhex-2-yll-Y (3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide (from Example 228 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 144-145'C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.42 in 10% CH30H/CH2C12). NMR data was as follows: S-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 6.7 (m, 2H), 6.6 (m, 1H), 4.09 (q, 1H), 3.9-3.7 (m, 3H), 3.35 (s, 2H), 1.79 (s, 3H), 1.4-1.0 (m, 9H), 0.6 (m, 3H). 13 C-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 175.5, 173.2, 172.8, 166.6, 166.5, 163.4, 163.2, 141.8, 141.7, 141.5, 113.9, 113.8, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.5, 103.2, 67.5, 51.2, 43.28, 43.26, 32.2, 29.6, 24.0, 21.3, 18.8, 14.8. C19H26F2N2O4 (MW= 384.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 385. --322- Example 241 Synthesis of N-[(S)-l-(teit-Butylearbonyloxy)-hex-2-yll N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure W and using N-[(S)-l-hydroxyhex-2-yl]

N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide (from Example 228 above) and trimethylacetyl chloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a

solid (mp = 104-107.5'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.43 in 10% CH30H/CH2C'2) and the product was purified by preparative thin layer chromatography using 10% CH30H/CH2C'2 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 7.67 (bd, 1H), 6.7 (in, 214), 6.6 (m, 1H), 4.14 (q, 111), 3.9-3.6 (m, 314), 3.35 (s, 2H), 1.4-1.0 (m, 911), 0.98 (s, 9H), 0.6 (m, 3H).

13 C-nmr (CD30D): 6 = 180.3, 175.3, 175.2, 172.8, 166.6, 166.5, 163.4, 163.2, 141.8, 141.7, 141.5, 133.9, 113.8, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2, 67.6, 51.1, 51.0, 43.3, 40.4, 32.4, 32.3, 29.5, 28.2, 24.0, 19.0, 14.9.

C221432F2N2O4 (MW= 426.51); mass spectroscopy (MH') 427.5.

Example 242 Synthesis of

N-[2-Hydroxy-1-(th ien-2-yl) ethyl]

N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L~alaninamide Following General Procedu~e S and using methyl <math>N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)]

difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate (from Example 178 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 201 202'C). The product was purified by trituration using 1: 1 hexanes/EtOAc.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.4-8.25 (m, 2H), 7.4-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.3-6.91 (m, 411), 5.14.85 (m, 1.14), 4.4-4.3 (m, 1H), 3.7-3.5 (in, 211), 3.51 (s, 1H), 3.50 (s, 1H), 1.23-1.19 (overlaying doublets, 311).

C211123F2N2O3 (MW= 368.4); mass spectroscopy (MH') 368.

--323 - Example 243 Synthesis of N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1-phenyl prop- 1-yl] N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and (S) -2-hydroxy-2- methyl- 1 phenylprop 1-ylamine (from Example D16 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by recrystallization from methanol/ethyl acetate.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.32 (d, M), 8.11 (d, M), 7.20-7.33 (ra, 5H), 7.08 (m, 111), 6.96 (ni, 211), 4.68 (d, M), 4.53 (s, M), 4.95 (ni, M), 3.50 (d, 2H), 1.25 (d, M), 1.08 (s, M), 0.98 (s, M).

Optical Rotation: [C1123 = -11 ' (c 1, Me011).

C2, H24F2N2O3 OW= 390.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 391.

Example 244 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-]L, (thien-2-yl)glycinyl] l,phenylalanine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and

L-(2-thienyl)glycinyl--L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared using N-(9-florenylmethoxycarbonyl)-L-(2-thienyl)glycine (prepared as described below) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride using General Procedure AH, followed by deprotection using dicyclohexylamine in DMF and THF), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 176 177'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using EtOAc/dichloromethane as the eluent.

C26H26N204F2 (MW= 500.56); mass spectroscopy (MH') 500.

Prgparation of N-(9-Fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl)-L-(2-Thienyl)Rlycine:

A round bottom flask containing a magnetic stir bar under an atmosphere of

--324 - nitrogen at room temperature was charged with water, dioxane, sodium carbonate (2.5 eq.) and L-u-(2-thienyl)glycine (1.0 eq.) (Sigma). Stirring was initiated and the slurry was cooled in an ice bath. 9-Flurenylmethyl chloroformate was added portionwise to the reaction and stirring was continued in an ice bath for 4 hours followed by 8 hours at room temperature. The reaction mixture was poured onto water and extracted wilth diethyl ether. The aqueous layer was cooled in an ice bath and acidified with vigorous stirring to a pH of 2. The resulting solid was isolated via vacuum filtration, washed with water (3X) and dried under reduced pressure.

Example 245 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,phenylglycinyll 1,-phenylglycinolFollowing General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycinoI (prepared from N-BOC-L phenylgycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycinol (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid $(mp = 231.4^{\circ}C)$.

The product was purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate.

C24H22N203F2 (MW = 424.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 424.9.

Example 246

Synthesis of

 $\bar{N-[N-(Cyclopropaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]}$ L-phenylglycinol Following General Procedure E and using cyclopropaneacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycinoI (prepared from N-BOC-L phenylgycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycinol (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General

--325 - Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 202.5'C).

The product was purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate.

C21H24N2O3 QVIW= 352.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 353.2.

Example 247

Synthesis of

N-[N-(Cyclopentaneacetyl)-]L, phenylglycinyll l, phenylglycinol Following General Procedure E and using cyclopentaneacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycinoI (prepared from N-130C-L phenylgycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycinol (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 201.4'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using MeOH/CH2CH2 as the eluent.

C23H2gN203 (MW = 380.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 381.4.

Example 248

Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-D,I,phenylglycinyl] Dj,phenylglycinatnide Following General Procedure AO and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-phenylglycinyl]-Ij,L-phenylglycine methyl ester (from Example 99 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 285.5-288.5'C).

C24H2jN303F2 (MW= 437.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 437. 1.

Example 249 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L,valinyll D,L-phenylglycinamide

--326- Following General Procedure AO and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester (from Example 94 above), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 260.3-264.3'C).

The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/methanol.

C2iH23N3O3F2 (MW= 403.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 404.

Example 250 Synthesis of

N-[N-(2-Thienylacetyl)-l--alaninyll-l, phenylglycinamide Following the General Procedures described herein, the title compound was prepared.

Example 251 Synthesis of

N-[N-(n-Caproyl)-I, alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide Following the General Procedures described herein, the title compound was prepared.

Example 252 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I-,-norleucinyl] L-phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-norleucine (Lancaster) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 188-189.5'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluant.

C23H26N2O4F2 (MW= 432.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 432.

--327 - Example 253 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, norvalinyll L-phenylglycine MethyI Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-norvalinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-130C-L-norvaline (Lancaster) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 204-205'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

C22H24N2O4F2 (MW= 418.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 418.3.

Example 254

Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,tett-leucinyll I,phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic

Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-tert-leucinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-tert-leucine (Bachem) and

L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 176.4'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

C231126N204172 (MW = 432.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 432.0.

Example 255 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, isoleucinyll L, phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-isoleucinyl-L-phenyIglycine methyl ester hydrochloride

-- 328 - (prepared from N-130C-L-isoleucine (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the 130C-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 228.8 °C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

C23H26N204F2 (MW = 432.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 433.4.

Example 256 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-cyclohexylalaninyll L-phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and

L-cyclohexylalaninyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-cyclohexylaianine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 174.8'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

C261-130NAF2 (MW= 472.53); mass spectroscopy (MH') 473.2.

Example 257 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyll 1,phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and

(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-(S)-2-amino-2-cyclopropylacetic acid (prepared from cyclopropylacetic acid (Lancaster) and (4S)-4-benzyl-2 oxaxolidinone (Aldrich) using the procedures described in Evans et al., J. Am.

Chem. Soc., 1990, 112, 4011-4030 and references cited therein) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title

--329- compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 225-226.5'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

C22H22N2O4F2 (' \sim = 416.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 417.3.

Example 258 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-3-yl)acetyll lphenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and

L-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-3-yl)acetyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-thien-3-ylglycine (prepared from L a 2-thienylglycine (Sigma) using General Procedure AJ) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 229.3°C). The product was purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C23H2ON204SF2 (MW = 458.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 458.

Example 259 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyll L-phenyIglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure AH and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-BOC-L-thien-2-ylglycine (prepared from L-u-(thien-2-yl)glycine (Sigma) using General Procedure Al) and L phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 230.8'C). The product was purified by flash chromatographyl using MeOH/CH2CH2 as the eluant.

C23H2ON204F2S(MW= 458.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 458.

--330- Example 260 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll 1,-phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-Cbz-(4-fluorophenyl)glycine (prepared from (4 fluorophenyl)glycine (prepared as described below) using General Procedure AK) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General Procedure E, followed by silica gel chromatography using 5 thyl acetate/toluene as the eluant and removal of the Cbz-group using General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 213. 1 'Q.

The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/CHC13 as the eluent.
C251121NAF2 (MW= 470.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 470. 1.

Preparation of (4-fluorophenyl)glycine:

- (S)-(-)-4-Benzyl-2-oxazolidi none (15.0 g, 93 mmol) (Aldrich) was dissolved in THF (100 mL). The solution was cooled to -70'C and reaction flask was purged twice with nitrogen. n-Butyl lithium (44.6 mL, 2.0M, 89 mmol) was added to form a solid precipitate which broke up on stirring wo afford a slurry. 4-Fluorophenylacetyl chloride 16.1 g, 93 mmol) (Aldrich) was added to afford a light green solution and stirring was continued for 45 minutes. The reaction mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction mixture was then treated with saturated sodium bisulfate (100 mL) and ethyl acetate (100 mL). The organic phase was washed with water, followed by brine. The organic phase was then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford an oil. The oil was crystallized to afford 24.4 g of 1-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-()-4 Benzyl-2-oxazolidinone.
- -- 331 Potassium hexamethyldisilazane (140 mL, 0.5M, 70.0 mmol) was added to THF (80 mL). The solution was cooled to -50'C under nitrogen and a cold solution (-60'C) of 1-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-(-)-4-benzyl-2 oxazolidinone (15.0 g, 46 mmol) in THF (100 mL). The resulting mixture

was allowed to stir at -70'C for 1 hour and to warm to about -20'C. The mixture was re cooled to -70'C and a cold solution (-65'C) of trasyl azide (21.6 g, 70. mmol) was added. The mixture was allowed to stir for about 15 min. while warming to -45'C and then glacial acetic acid (18 mL) was added. The mixture was then stirred at about 30'C for 3 hours. A precipitate formed and was removed by filtration. The filtrate was concentrated by 50 and then washed with water, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine. The organic phase was dried over sodium sulfate, concentrated under reduced pressure to afford 37.7 g of crude 1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-azidoacetyl] (S)-(-)-4 benzyl-2-oxazolidinone.

Crude 1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-azidoacetyl]-(S)-(-)-4-benzyl-2 oxazolidinone (10.0 g, 28.0 mmol) was dissolved in 100 mL of THF and 100 mL of methanol and trifluoroacetic acid (4.31 mL, 75.3 mmol) was added.

Pallidium on carbon (10%, 2.0 g) was added and the mixture was hydrogenated on a Paar shaker at 50 psi overnight at room temperature. The reaction mixture was then filtered through a plug of Celite and the solid cake was rinsed with 100 mL of methanol. The filterate was concentrated to afford 1-[2 (4 fluorophenyl)-2-aminoacetyll-(S)-(-)-4-benzyl-2-oxazolidinone trifluoroacetate salt as a yellowish oil. To a mixture of THF and de-ionized water (50 mL/50 mL) was added 1-[2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-aminoacetyl]-(S)-(-)-4-benzyl-2-oxazolidinone trifluoroacetate salt (4.14 g, 9.7 mmol) and lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.22 g, 29 mmol). The homogenous solution was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature at which time Tlc indicated complete disappearance of starting material. The mixture was extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 100 mL) and the aqueous phase was acidified to pH 2-3 while cooling in an ice-bath. precipitate formed. The mixture was then cooled in an ice-bath for 1.5 hours and then filtered. The solid was washed with water followed by pentane to afford 4-fluorophenylglycine hydrochloride.

Example 261
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyl]
1,phenylglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using
3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and
D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride
(prepared from N-Cbz-(4-fluorophenyl)glycine (prepared from (4
fluorophenyl)glycine (prepared as in Example 260) using General Procedure
AK) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using
General Procedure E, followed by silica gel chromatography using 5 %
ethyl acetate/toluene as the eluant and removal of the Cbz-group using
General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp =
188.0'C).

The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/CHC13 as the eluent.

C25H2jN204F3 (MW= 470.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 470. 1.

Example 262
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyll
I,phenyiglycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using
3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and
L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyl-L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride
(prepared from N-Cbz-L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycine (prepared from
(4-methoxyphenyl)glycine (prepared by the Bucherer modification of the
Strecker procedure as described in Greenstein et al., "The Chemistry of
Amino Acids", Vol. 1, p. 698, Wiley, New York (1961)) using General

Procedure AK) and L-phenylglycine methyl ester hydrochloride (Aldrich) using General

-333 - Procedure E, followed by removal of the Cbz-group using General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 224.6'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

 $C26H24N205F2 Q' \sim = 482.48$); mass spectroscopy (MH') 482. 1.

Example 263 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll l,phenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using 3,5-difluorophenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared from N-Cbz-L-phenylglycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the Cbz-group using General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 185.0'C). The product was purified by flash chromatography using ethyl acetate/CH2CH2 as the eluant.

C28H28N2O4F2 (MW= 494.54); mass spectroscopy (MH', minusCO2-t Bu) 393.

Example 264 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Cyclopropylacetyl)-l~-phenylglycinyll l,phenylglycine terl7Butyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using cyclopropylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-Cbz-L-phenylglycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the Cbz-group using General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 187.5'C). The product was purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate.

C25H30N2O4 (MW = 422.53); mass spectroscopy (MH') 423.4.

-- 334 - Example 265 Synthesis of N-[N-(Cyclopentylacetyl)-I,phenylglycinyll L-phenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure E and using cyclopropylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-phenylglycinyl-L-phenylglycine ten-butyl ester hydrochloride (prepared from N-Cbz-L-phenylglycine (Novabiochem) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Novabiochem) using General Procedure AH, followed by removal of the Cbz-group using General Procedure AJ), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 190.8'C). The product was purified by crystallization from ethyl acetate. C27H34N2O4 (MW = 450.58); mass spectroscopy (MH') 451.

Example 266 Synthesis of

N-[N-(t-Butylacetyl)-L,-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide Following the General Procedures described herein, the title compound was prepared.

Example 267 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 1,(5-bromothien-2-yI)glycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 5-bromo-2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 227-228'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C2jH24N3O3BrS (MW = 515); mass spectroscopy (MH-) 515, 415.

-- 335 - Example 268 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I--alaninyll D-(5-bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 5-bromo-2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-ce-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 216-217'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/ hexanes.

C2,1124N303136 (MW = 515); mass spectroscopy (MH') 515, 415.

Example 269 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L, alaninyll L-(4-bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4-bromo-2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 246-247'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/ hexanes.

C211124NABrS (MW = 515); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 515, 415.

Example 270 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Lalaninyll L-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-cz-methylbenzylarnine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp

--336- = 241-242'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C2jH25N303F2S (MW= 438); mass spectroscopy (MH') 438, 338.

Example 271 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll D-(thien-2-yI)glycinarnide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and terT-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 235-236'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C2jH25N303F2S (MW = 438); mass spectroscopy (MH') 438, 338.

Example 272 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] 1,-(thien-3-yI)gIycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 3 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-'u-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 240-241'C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C2jH25N303F2S (MW = 438); mass spectroscopy (MH') 438, 338.

Example 273 Synthesis of N-teif-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll D-(thien-3-yI)glycinamide

-- 337 - Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 3 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-ce-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 245-246 °C). The product was purified by recrystallization from ethyl acetate/hexanes.

C21H25N303F2S (MW = 438); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 438, 338.

Example 274 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-1.-alaninyll D-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 239-240 °C). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.25 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C23H27N303F2 (MW = 431.53); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 432.

Example 275 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll l,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AL and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 240-241'C).

C23H27N303F2 (MW= 431.53); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 432.

Example 276
Synthesis of
N-tert-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D,I,(5-chlorothien-2-yl)glycinamide

-- 338 - Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 5-chloro-2 thiophenecarboxaldehyde (from Example D17 above), (S)-(+)-U methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 195-198'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.15 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C21H24N303F2C' QV'W = 472); mass spectroscopy (MH') 472.

Example 277 Synthesis of

N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll 1,4-(phenyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4 biphenylcarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and cyclohexylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 300'C (dec.)). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.23 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C311133NAF2 (MW = 533.62); mass spectroscopy (MH', minus cyclohexylamide) 408.2.

Example 278 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 1,3-(phenoxy)phenyIgIycinatnide Following General Procedure AM and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 3 phenoxybenzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.29 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C29H31N304F2 (MW== 523.63); mass spectroscopy (MH') 524.24. --339- Example 279 Synthesis of N-(S)-(-)-ce-Methylbenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)

-I,alaninyll-D,I,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and (S)+)-a methylbenzylisocyanide (from Example D18 above), the title compound was prepared.

C27H27N303F2 (MW= 479.53); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 480.21.

By following the procedures set forth above, N-(R)-(+)-u-Methylbenzyl N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycinamide was prepared merely by substitution of the appropriate isomer.

C27H27N303F2 (MW = 479.53); mass spectroscopy (MH') 480. 1.

Example 280 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll L-3-(phenyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AM and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 3 phenylbenzaldehyde (from Example D20 above), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C29H31N3O3F2 (MW= 507.63); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 508.2.

Example 281
Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 1,4- (ethyl) phenylglycinamide

--340- Following General Procedure AM and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4 ethylbenzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.20 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C25H3jN303F2 (MW = 459.59); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 460.2. Example 282 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll L,2-(phenyI)phenyIgIycinamide Following General Procedure AM and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 2 phenylbenzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The

C2qH3jN3O3F2 (MW= 507.63); mass spectroscopy (MH', minus tert butylamide) 409.

reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.15 in 50 % ethyl acetate/hexanes).

Example 283 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyll 1,2-(benzyI)pheny!glycinarnide Following General Procedure AM and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 2 (benzyl)benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 19 in 50 % ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C30H33N303F2 (MW= 521.66); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 522.26.
--341 - Example 284 Synthesis of
N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll
D,1,4-brornophenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AM and using
N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4
bromobenzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-ci-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and
tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The
reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.06 in 50% ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C23H26N303F2 (MW= 510.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 512.1.

Example 285 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-l~-alaninyll 1,4-(cyclohexyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AL and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4 (cyclohexyl)benzaldehyde (from Example D21 above), (S)-(+)-u methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 232-235'C).

C29H37N303F2 (MW = 513.69); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 514.29.

Example 286 Synthesis of

N-tert-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll 1,-4-(4-ethylphenyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AL and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4,4' ethylbiphenylcarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 231-233'C).

C3jH35N303F2 (MW = 513.69); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 514.29.

--342 - Example 287 Synthesis of N-teit-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll D,1,4-(teit-butyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AL and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4-(tert butyl)benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-a-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 280'C (dec.)). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 13 in 50 % ethyl acetate/hexanes).

C27H35N303F2 (MW = 487.65); mass spectroscopy (MH+) 488.27.

Example 288 Synthesis of

N-teii-Butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll D,1,3-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AL and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 3-(4 chlorophenoxy)benzaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-oi-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and tert-butylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 192-195'C).

C29113ON304172C' (MW = 558.07); mass spectroscopy (MH') 558.20.

Example 289 Synthesis of

N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl] D-4-(phenyl)phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure AB and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above), 4 biphenylcarboxaldehyde (Aldrich), (S)-(+)-u-methylbenzylamine (Aldrich) and cyclohexylisocyanide (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 290-291'C).

--343- C3jH33N3O3F2 (MW = 533.62); mass spectroscopy (MH') 534.3.

Example 290 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenyi-et-hydroxyacetyl)-I, alaninyl] I, -phenylglycine tert-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluoromandelic acid (Fluorochem) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared using N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phertylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared.

C23H26N205F2 (MW= 479.53). Elemental analysis: Calc. (%) C, 61.60; H 5.84; N, 6.25. Found (%) C, 61.32; H, 6.02; N, 6.17.

Example 291 Synthesis of

N-teit-Butyl-N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenyl-ce,ei-difluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyll l,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using 3,5-difluorophenyl-a,ci difluoroacetic acid (from Example D23 above) and N-(L-alaninyl)-L phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared using N-BOC-L-alanine (Sigma) and L phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the 130C group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.39 in % ethyl acetate/hexanes) and the product was purified by HPLC using 17% ethyl acetate/hexanes as the eluent.

C23H24N2O4F4 (MW= 468.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 469.17.

Example 292 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll D-phenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester

--344- Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and D-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared from D-phenylglycine (Sigma) using General Procedure J), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0. 1 in 10 % MeO11/CHC13).

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.64 (d, 1H), 8.38 (d, IH), 7.34 (ra, 5H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.27 (d, 111), 4.45 (m, 1H), 3.32 (s, 2H) 1. 28 (s, 9H), 1. 18 (d, 3H). Optical Rotation: $101120\ 103.5\ 8$ (c = 1, MeOH).

C23H26N204F2 (MW = 432.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 433.

Example 293 Synthesis of N-[(S)-l-Oxo-l-phenylprop-2-yl] N-(3,5-dinuorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide By oxidation of N-[(1R,2S)-l-hydroxy-l-phenylprop-2-yll-N'-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide (from Example 226 above) using Jones reagent in acetone, the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.7 in 9:1 CHC13/Me011) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 97:3 chloroform/methanol as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

S-nmr (CDC13): 3 = 7.98 (ra, 2H), 7.26 (m, 111), 7.50 (m, 2H), 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.72 (m, IH), 6.25 (d, 1H), 5.49 (m, 3H), 4.54 (m, 3H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 1.41 (d, 3H), 1.38 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 101. = -106' @ 589 rim (c = 1, MeO11). C2A0F2N203 (MW = 374.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 374.

Example 294 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-II D,L-(pyrid-3-yI)gIycine ted-Butyl Ester

--345 - Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and tert-butyl 2-amino-2-(3 pyridyl)acetate (prepared as described in Kolar et al., J. Heterocyclic Chem., 28, 171 (1991) and reference cited therein), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 2 in 5 % MeOH/CHCl3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=8.63 (m, 1H), 8.54 (m, 11-1), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.45 (t, 1H), 7.26 (m, 111), 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.71 (m, 1H), 6.47 and 6.36 (d, 1H), 5.42 (d, 1H), 4.59 (m,11-1), 3.52 and 3.47 (two s, 2H), 1.38 and 1.36 (s, 911), 1.34 and 1.28 (two d, 3H). C22H25N304F2 (1~ = 433.46); mass spectroscopy (MH') 434.

Example 295 Synthesis of

[N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl]

D,]L,phenylglycinyljmorpholine Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and morpholine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.4 in 10% Me014/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3=8.60 and 8.49 (two d's, 111), 8.49 (m, 1H), 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.18 (m, 211), 6.95 (m, 1H), 5.82 (ra, 1H), 4.38 (m, 1H), 3.52 (m, 1 OH), 1.21 and 1.12 (two d's, 3H).

C23H25N304F2 (MW = 445.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 446.

Example 296 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll D,I,(2-methoxy)phenylglycine Methyl Ester

--346- Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and methyl

2-amino-2-(2 methoxy) acetate (prepared from 2-methoxybenzaldehyde (Aldrich) using the Bucherer modification of the Strecker procedure as described in J. P. Greenstein et al., "The Chemistry of Amino Acids", Wiley: New York, 1961, Vol. 1, p. 698), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=7.28 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, 1H), 6.88 (m, 2H), 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.34 (m, 1H), 5.67 (m, IH), 4.52 (m, 111), 3.81 (two s, 311), 3.59 and 3.45 (two s, 3H) 1.41 and 1.28 (two d, 3H).

C2jH22N2O5F2 (MW= 420.42); mass spectroscopy (MH') 420.

Example 297 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-l.,-alaninyl] D,L-phenylglycine N-teil-Butoxycarbonyl(hydroxyl amine) Ester Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and N-BOC hydroxyl amine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tic (Rf = 0.35 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 2% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6 = 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.78-6.59 (m, 3H), 5.52 (m, 1H), 4.69 (m, 1H), 3.38 (two s, IH), 1.38 (d, 3H), 1.30 (s, 9H).

C24H27N306F2 (MW= 491.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 492.

--347 - Example 298 Synthesis of N-Neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] D,I,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and neopentylamine (Aldrich) , the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by dc (Rf == 0.4 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOHICHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.44 (m, 1H), 7.41 (in, 2H), 7.31 (in, 3H), 7.12 (m, IH), 6.99 (ni, 2H), 5.50 (m, 111), 4.47 (m, IH), 3.52 (two s, 2H), 2.84 (in, 2H), 1.22 (in, 3H), 0.71 (s, 9H).

C24H29N3O3F2 (MW = 460); mass spectroscopy (MH') 460.

Example 299 Synthesis of

N-Tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll D,L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and tetrahydrofurfurylamine (Aldrich) , the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.4 in .10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeO11/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows: S-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3=8.41 (m, 211), 7.32 (m, 5H), 7.08 (m, IH), 6.99 (in, 2H), 5.48 (m, 111), 4.42 (m, 1H), 3.85-3.54 (m, 3H), 3.48 (two s, 2H), 3.14 (in, 2H), 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.21 (m, 3H).

C24H27N304F2 (MW == 459.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 460.

--348 - Example 300 Synthesis of N-Methoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll Dj, phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and methoxyamine hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.35 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.63 (m, 111), 8.35 (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 5H), 7.12 (m, IH), 6.99 (m, 211), 5.23 (d, 1H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.51 (two s, 2H), 1.22 (d, 3H). C20H2jN304F2 (MW= 405); mass spectroscopy (MH') 405.

Example 301 Synthesis of

[N-(N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll D,I,phenylglycinyllazetidine Following General Procedure M and using N-(N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and azetidine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.6 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.61 and 8.46 (two d, 1H), 8.33 (m, 111), 7.34 (m, 5H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.36 (two d, 1H), 4.42 (m, IH), 4.31 (m, M), 3.88 (m, 3H), 3.5 (two s, 2H), 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.18 (two d, 3H).

C22H23N3O3F2 (MW= 415.44); mass spectroscopy (MH') 416.

--349- Example 302 Synthesis of N-Isobutyl-N'- $\{N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I$, alaninyll Dj,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N- $\{N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-Alaninyll-D,L-Phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and isobutylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.65 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.$

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.41 (m, 1H), 8.22 (m, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.52 (two d, IH), 4.41 (m, 1H), 3.34 (two s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 2H), 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.20 (m, 3H), 0.92 (m, 6H).

C23H27N303F2 (MW = 431.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 432.

Example 303 Synthesis of

N-Cyclopropanemethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1, alaninyll DJ, phenyIglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and (aminomethyl)cyclopropane (Aldrich), the title compound was

prepared.

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.25 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHCl3 as the eluent.

C23H25N303F2 (MW = 429.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 374.

Example 304 Synthesis of

N-Methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl] Djphenylglycinamide

--350- Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and N-methoxy-N-methylamine hydrochloride (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.3 in 10% Me0H/CHQ3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 2% Me0H/CM3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.65 and 8.53 (two d, IH), 8.37 (m, 1H), 7.31 (m, 5H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.91 and 5.82 (two d, 1H), 4.49 (m, 1H), $3.60 \sim 3.42$ (m, 5H), 3.08 (two s, 3H), 1.21 and 1.16 (two d, 3H).

C21H23N304F2 (MW = 419); mass spectroscopy (MH') 420.

Example 305 Synthesis of

N-2-Methylprop-2-enyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] D,I.-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure M and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 1-amino-2-methylprop-2-ene (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.45 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 3% MeOH/MC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 8.43 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.46 (d, M), 4.68 (m, 2H), 4.42 (m, 1H), 3.6 (m, 2H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.21 (d, 3H). C23H25N303F2 (MW = 429.47); mass spectroscopy (MH') 430.

Example 306 Synthesis of N-(Pyrid-3-yl) methyl-N-(N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] D,L-phenylglycinamide

--351 - Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 3-(aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0. 1 in 10 % Me0H/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 3 % Me0H/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.82 (m, 1H), 8.55 (m, 1H), 8.42 (m, 3H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.43 (d, 2H), 4.44 (m, 1H), 4.30 (bd, 2H) 3.52 (s, 2H) 1.26 (d, 3H).

C23H24N403F2 (MW = 466.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 467. Example 307 Synthesis of N-(Pyrid-4-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L,-alaninyll Dj,-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 4-(aminomethyl)pyridine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0. 1 in 10 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 8.88 (m, IH), 8.54 (d, 1H), 8.43 (m, 3H), 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.12 (m, 311), 6.9(m, 1H), 5.44 (d, 1H), 4.45 (m, 111), 4. 31 (d, 2H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 1.25 (d, 3H). C23H24N4O3F2 (MW= 466.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 467. Example 308 Synthesis of N-Furfuryi-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll D, L-phenylglycinamide --352 - Following General Procedure C and using $N\sim[N-(3,5)]$ difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and furfurylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.5 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent. NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 == 8.66 (ra, 1H), 8.45 (d, 1H), 8.39 (in, 1H), 7.57(s, 1H), 7.33 (in, 5H), 7.09 (m, IH), 6.99 (ni, 2H), 6.36 (m, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 5.41 (d, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H) 1.24 (d, 3H). C24H23N304F2 (MW = 455); mass spectroscopy (MH') 456. Example 309 Synthesis of

N-Cyclopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl]
D,L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and cyclopentylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The product was purified by recrystallization from ethanol.
NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.32 (m, 2H), 8.16 (in, 1H), 7.33-7.20 (in, 5H), 7.04 (in, IH), 6.93 (in, 2H), 5.34 (d, 1H), 4.37 (in, 1H), 3.9 (in, IH), 3.49 (s, 2H), 1.80-1.29 (in, 8H), 1.19 (d, 3H).

C24H27N303F2 (MW = 443.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 444.

Example 310 Synthesis of

 N^{-1} -Benzylpiperidin-4-yi-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] Dj,phenylglycinarnide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 4-amino-l-benzylpiperdine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

--353 - The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 10% MeOH/CHQ3) and

the product was purified by flash chromatography using 3% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 6 = 8.39 (m, 2H), 8.21 (in, 1H), 7.30 (ra, 5H), 7.11 (in, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 5.39 (d, 1H), 4.21 (in, 1H), 3.54 (bm, 3H), 3.42 (bs, 2H), 2.70 (bm, 2H), 1.89 (bm, 2H), 1.71 (bin, 2H), 1.42 (3H), 1.22 (m, 3H).

C31H34N4O3F2 (MW= 548.64); mass spectroscopy (MH') 548.

Example 311

Synthesis of

N,N-Dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1,alaninyll D,L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and dimethylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.65 in 10% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 5 % MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (13MSO-d6): 3 = 8.13 and 8.01 (two d, IH), 7.32 (in, 5H), 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.63 (in, IH), 5.88 (m, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 3.45 (two s, 2H), 2.94 (two s, 6H), 1.32 and 1.17 (two d, 3H). C21H23N303F2 (MW = 403.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 404.

Example 312

Synthesis of

N-2,2,6,6-Tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-Dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] D,L-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5-30difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above)

--354 - and 4-amino-2,2,6,6,-tetramethylpiperdine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.2 in 2% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 2% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

IH-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 8.46 (d, IH), 8.33 (d, 1H), 8.12 (bm, 1H), 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.37 (d, 1H), 4.41 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m,1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 1.67 (bm, IH), 1.44 (bm, 1H), 1.22 (d, 3H), 1.01 (bm, 14H).

C28H36N4O3F2 (MW = 514.62); mass spectroscopy (MH') 514.

Example 313

Synthesis of

N-2-Methylcyclohexyl-N~-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyll D,I,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 2-methylcyclohexylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.4 in 2% MeOH/CHCl3).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.41 (m, 2H), 8.0 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.35 (m, IH), 4.41 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 1.78-0.82 (m 11H), 0.81 (m, 311).

C26H3IN303F2 (MW= 472.5); mass spectroscopy (MH') 472.

Example 314 Synthesis of

N-4-Methyleyelohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl] Dj,phenylglycinarnide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 4-methylcyclohexylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The

--355 - reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 2% Me0E1/MC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 2% Me0H/CE1C13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 6 = 8.38 (m, 2H), 8.08 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.09 (in, 1H), 7.01 (in, 2H), 5.54 and 5.36 (two d, 1H), 4.43 (in, 2H), 3.76 (m, 1H), 3.52 (s, 2E1), 1.79-1.17 (in, 11 H), 0.84 (d, 3H).

C26H3IN303172 (MW = 472.5); mass spectroscopy (MH') 472.

Example 315 Synthesis of

N-1-Ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl-N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1' alaninyll DJ,phenylglycinarnide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 4-amino-l-ethoxycarbonylpiperdine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.2 in 2% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 2% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 8.42 (m, 2H), 8.23 (ni, 1H), 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.09 (in, IH), 6.98 (in, 2H), 5.38 (in, 1H), 4.41 (ni, 111), 4.01 (q, 2H), 3.9 3.64 (m, 3H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 2.88 (bin, 2H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, IH), 1. (m, 6H).

C27H32N405F2 (MW = 530.57); mass spectroscopy (MH') 531.

Example 316 Synthesis of N-Methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll l,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example 132 above) and N-methyl-(S)-2-amino-2

--356- phenylacetamide [CAS 129213-83-81, the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.2 in 5% MeOH/CHQ3) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 8.43 (m, 2H), 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.36 (m, 5H), 7.09 (m, 1H), 6.95 (m, 2H), 5.36 (m, 1H), 4.40 (m, 1H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 2.56 (d, 3H), 1.22 (d, 3H).

Optical Rotation: 1(1120 = -67 (c = 1, MeOH).

CWH21N303F2*0.75 H20 (MW = 403.43); mass spectroscopy (MH') 404.

Example 317 Synthesis of N-tert-Butoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,-alaninyll D,I,-phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and 0-(tert-butoxy)hydroxylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by tIc (Rf = 0.65 in 10% MeOH/CE[C13).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (13MSO-d6): 6 = 8.72 and 8.58 (two d, 1H), 8.39 (m, 111), 7.37 (m, 5H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.41 (m, IH), 4.46 (m, 1H), 3.51 (two s, 3H), 1.22 (m, 3F1), 1.09 (s, 9H).

C23H27N304F2 (MW = 447.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 448.

Example 318 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl] Dj,phenylglycine N-ted-Butyl(hydroxylamine) Ester Following General Procedure C and using $N-[N-(3,5\ difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above)$

--357- and N-(tert-butoxy)hydroxylamine (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.65 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) C23H27N304F2*0.25 H20 (MW= 447.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 448.

Example 319 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] I,phenylglycine Hydrazide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl ester (2. 0 g, 5. 1 mmol) (from Example I 11 above) was stirred in ethanol (40 mL) and anhydrous hydrazine (0.3 mL, 10 mmol) (Aldrich) was added. The solution was heated at reflux for 12 hours and then allowed to cool to ambient temperature with stirring. A title compound was collected as a white solid by filtration, washing with ethanol and dring in a vacuum oven (52% yield).

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.20 (t, 3H), 5.41 (in, 1H).

CjqH20N304F2 (MW= 390.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 390.

Example 320

Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-Ialaninyl] I, phenylglycine Acetohydrazonate

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine hydrazide (0.5 g, 1.3 mmol) (from Example 319 above) was heated at reflux in triethylorthoacetate (40 mL). After 14 hours, the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the title compound as a white solid (84% yield). The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.65 in 10% MeOH/CHG3) and the product was purified by silica gel chromatography using % MeOH/MC13 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

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'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 4.03 (q, 2H), 5.54 (in, M).
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--358 - C231126N404172 (MW = 460.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 460.

Example 321 Synthesis of

N-[N-(Phenylacetyl)-I,alaninyl] lphenylglycine ted-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using phenylacetic acid (Aldrich) and L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared using N-BOC-L alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride (Bachem) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the 130C group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared. The reaction was monitored by tle (Rf = 0.25 in 3% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by crystallization from chlorobutane/hexanes.

NMR data was as follows: 'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 4.43 (m, 111), 5.20 (d, 1H).

C23H2gN204 (MW = 396.49); mass spectroscopy (MH') 397.

Example 322 Synthesis of

N-4- (phenyl) butyl-N- [N- (3, S-Diflu orophenylacetyl)-1-, alaninyll 1, phenyigiycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-4-(phenyl)butyl-L phenylglycinamide (prepared from N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Advanced Cherntech) and 4 phenylbutylamine (Aldrich) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared.

The reaction was monitored by fic (Rf = 0.45 in 5% MeOH/CHC13) and the product was purified by trituration in water, followed by trituration in acetonitrile.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d,): 3 = 4.42 (m, 111), 5.37 (d, 1H). C29H3IN303172 (MW= 507.5); mass spectroscopy (MH') 507.

--359 - Example 323 Synthesis of

N-3-(4-lodophenyl)propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll IL,phenylglycinamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and N-3-(4-iodophertyl)propyl-L phenylglycinamide (prepared from N-BOC-L-plienylglycine (Advanced Cherntech) and 3-(4-iodophenyl)propylamine (from Example D26 above) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC-group using General Procedure P), the title compound was prepared. The product was purified by trituration in water, followed by trituration in ethanol.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 3 = 4.41 (q, 211), 5.35 (m, 111).

C281-128N304F21 (MW = 635.45); mass spectroscopy (MH') 635.

Example 324 Synthesis of

N-6-(Amino)hexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-dinuorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyll D,I,phenylglycinamide Hydrochloride Following General Procedure C and using N-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine (from Example D25 above) and N-BOC-1,6-hexanediamine (Fluka), followed by removal of the 130C group using General Procedure P, the title compoundwas prepared. The product was isolated as a white solid.

NMR data was as follows:

```
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 4.41 \, (m, 11-1), 5.40 \, (t, 11-1).
C25H32N403F2 (MW = 474.56); mass spectroscopy (MH') 475.
Example 325
Synthesis of
N-1-(Phthalhnido)pent-2-yl-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
--360- Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and
2-amino-1-phthalimidopentane hydrochloride (from Example D27 above), the
title compound was prepared.
The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 5 % MeOH/CHC'3) and the
product was purified by silica gel chromatography using 5% MeOH/CHC'3 as
the eluent, followed by recrystallization from chlorobutane/acetonitrile.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 4.1 (m, 211), 7.83 (bs, 414).
C24H25N304F2 ('~ = 457.48); mass spectroscopy (MH') 457.
Example 326
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-1-,-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll
1,(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycine Methyl Ester Following General Procedure AN
and using N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycine
(from Example D30 above) and L-3,5-difluorophenylglycine methyl ester
(from Example D29 above), the title compound was prepared. The product
was purified by crystallization.
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 9.40 (m, 11-1), 9.0 (m, 111), 6.80-7.70 (m, 911),
5.45 (d, 111), 5.25 (m, 11-1), 3.55-365 (m, 511).
Example 327
Synthesis of
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-I, alaninyl] I, norleucine Following
General Procedure AF and using THF/H20 (1: 1) on N-[N
(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-norleucine methyl ester, the
title compound was prepared as a solid (mp = 158.5-160.50C). The reaction
was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.29 in 10% Me014/C142C12).
NMR data was as follows:
-361 - H-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 8.46 (bd, J = 6.71, 1H), 8.25 (bd, J = 7.69,
1H), 7.00-6.79 (m, 3H), 4.50-4.35 (m, 2H), 3.61 (d, 2H), 1.94-1.79 (m,
M), 1.78-1.60 (m, (includes d at 1.40, J = 7.14, 3H), 0.92 (m, 3H).
13 C-nmr (CD30D): 3 = 176.0, 175.5, 172.9, 166.6, 166.5, 163.4, 163.2,
141.7, 141.6, 141.5, 113.9, 113.8, 113.7, 113.6, 103.9, 103.6, 103.2,
54.1, 50.9, 43.3, 32.9, 29.4, 23.8, 18.6, 14.8.
C17H22N2O4F2 (MW= 356.37); mass spectroscopy (MH') 357.
Example 328
Synthesis of
N-[N-(Cyclopentaneacetyl)-I,-alaninyl] 1~-phenylglycine terl-Butyl Ester
Following General Procedure D and using cyclopentylacetic acid (Aldrich)
and L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared from N
CBZ-L-alanine (Sigma) and L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester hydrochloride
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(Bachem) using General Procedure C, followed by removal of the CBZ-group

using General Procedure Y), the title compound was prepared as a solid (mp 133-138'C). The reaction was monitored by the (Rf = 0.48 in 50% EtOAc/hexanes) and the product was purified by flash chromatography using 25-50% EtOAc/hexanes as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (CDC13): 6=7/86 (bd, J=7.2 Hz, IH), 7.30-7.15 (m, 5H), 6.81 (bd, J=7.82 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, J=7.20 Hz, IHO, 4.72 (quint, J=7.2 Hz, 111), 2.04 (m, 3H), 1.75-1.28 (m (includes s at 1.34, 9H) 18H), 1.1 0.9 (m, 2H).

13 C-nmr (CDC13): 5 = 173.3, 172.8, 170.0, 137.1, 129.2, 128.6, 127.7, 82.7, 57.7, 48.9, 43.0, 37.6, 32.9, 28.3, 25.4, 19.3.

C22H32N204 (MW= 388.51); mass spectroscopy (MH') 389.5.
--362 - Example 329 Synthesis of N-[N-(2,5-Dichlorophenyhnercaptoacetyl)
1,alaninyll-l,phenylglycine Methyl Ester 2,5-Dichlorophenylmercaptoacetic
acid (TCI America, Portland, OR) (237 mg) was converted to the acid
chloride as described in the General Procedure A" and utilized to acylate
methyl L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycinate as described in General Procedure B".
The title compound (210 mg) was isolated as crystals from ethyl ether.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DNISO-d6) 3 = 8.85 (d, 1H), 8.20 (d, 11-1), 6.70-7.45 (m, 81-1), 5.45 (d, 111), 4.45-4.65 (m, 3H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 1.30 (d, 31-1).

C20H20C12N204S (MW = 455.363) mass spectroscopy (MH') 454. 1.

Anal. Caled. for C201120C12N2O4S: C, 52.75 11, 4.42 N, 6.15; Found:

C, 53.58 H, 5.01, N, 6.34.

Example 330 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyhnercptoacetyl) 1.-alaninyll-I,phenylglycine Methyl Ester 3,4-Dichlorophenylmercaptoacetic acid (J. Med. Chem., 15(9), 940-944 (1972)) (237 mg) was converted to the acid chloride as described in the General Procedure A" and utilized to acylate methyl L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycinate as described in General Procedure B". The title compound (182 mg) was isolated as cyrstals from ethyl ether.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DNISO-d6) 3 = 8.8 (d, 11-1), 8.40 (d, 11-1), 7.25-7.65 (m, 811), 5.40 (d, 1 H), 4.45 (m, 11-1), 3.80 (m, 211), 3.65 (s, 31-1), 1.25 (d, 311).

C20H2OCI2N204S (MW= 455.363); mass spectroscopy (MH') 454.1 Anal. Calcd. forC2~H2.ClN204S: C, 52.75 H, 4.42 N, 6.15; Found:

C, 53.05 11, 4.67 N, 6.26.

--363- Example 331 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenoxyacetyl) 1,alaninyll-1,phenylglycine Methyl Ester 3,5-Difluorophenoxyacetic acid [prepared by refluxing an aqueous mixture of 3,5-difluorophenol (Aldrich), 2-chloroacetic acid, and NaOH1 (188 mg) was converted to the acid chloride as described in the General Procedure A" and utilized to acylate methyl L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycinate as described in General Procedure B". The title compound (210 mg) was isolated as crystals from ethyl ether.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr ffiMSO-d6) 6=8.85 (d, IH), 8.20 (d, 1H), 6.70-7.45 (m, 8H), 5.45 (d, IH), 4.45-4.65 (m, 31-1), 3.65 (s, 311), 1.30 (d, 3H).

C20H20F2N205 (MW = 406.39); mass spectroscopy (MH') 406.3.

Anal. Calcd. forC20H2~F2N2O5: C, 59. 11 H, 4.96 N, 6.89; Found: C, 53.34 11, 4.80 N, 6.94.

Example 332

Synthesis of

Methyl N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenoxyacetyl)

1, alaninyl]-1,2,3-dihydroisoindole-1-carboxylate Following General Procedure AN, L-2,3-DihydroAH-isoindole-1 carboxylic acid methyl ester hydrochloride (Gazz. Chim. Ital., 106 (1-2) p. 65 75 (1976)) (417 mg) was coupled to N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl-L-alanine (from Example B2) to provide the title compound (150 mg). NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d(,) 3 = 8.55 (d, 1H), 6.85-7.45 (m, 7H), 5.50 (m, 1H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.55-4.90 (m, 2+14), 3.65 (m, 314), 1.30 (m, 3H).

C211120F2N204 (MW= 402.40); mass spectroscopy (MH') 402.3.

--364- Example 333 Synthesis of N-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-l-amino-1,3-diphenylpropane-2-one To a solution of 200 ing of N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5 diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycinamide (from Example 304 above) in THF was added 1.91 mL of a 2M solution of benzyl magnesium bromide in THF (Aldrich) at O'C. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 72 hours, and was subsequently quenched by addition of water.

The reaction mixture was partitioned between ethyl acetate and water and the organic phase was washed with IN FIC1 solution. Following removal of solvent under reduced pressure, the crude ketone was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with ethyl acetate, to afford 62 ing of the title compound as a 1: 1 mixture of phenyl diastereomers. NMR data was as follows:

'H-Nmr (CDC'3) (approx 1: 1 mixture of diastereomers) 3=7.2-7.5 (in, 8H), 7.0-7.1 (in, 2H), 6.7-6.9 (m, 4H), 6.2 (in, M), 5.5(t, M), 3.5-3.6 (in, 2H), 1.28-1.45 (doublets in 1: 1 ratio, M).

Example 334 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1, alaninyll-Dj, phenylglycine Thiocarboxamide Step A - Proaration of t-butoxycarbonyl-phenylalycine thiocarboxamide:

To a suspension of 500 mg (2.00 mmol) t-butoxycarbonyl-L phenylglycine carboxamide (prepared as in Example 141) in 50 mL of dry toluene was added 808 mg (2.00 mmol) Lawesson's reagent (Aldrich). The reaction mixture was heated to 95'C for 5 min. Cooling to ambient temperature and dilution with 1: 1 ethýl acetate/hexanes resulted in precipitation of insoluble material. Removal of the soluble phase, followed by additional washing of the solids and combination of the soluble phase, and removal of solvent afforded crude thiocarboxamide as a semisolid. Purification by

--365 - chromatography on silica gel, eluting with ethyl acetate afforded 364 mg of thiocarboxamide.

Step B - Preparation of phenylglycine thiocarboxamide hydrobromide:

A solution of 364 mg of t-butoxycarbonyl phenylglycine thiocarboxamide in 4 mL 30% HBr in acetic acid was stirred for 1 hour. The volitile materials were removed under reduced pressure and the crude phenylglycine thiocarboxamide hydrobromide was obtained as a pale solid. The material was utilized without further purification.

To a stirred solution of 486 mg of (3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from B2) in 30 mL of dichoromethane was added 383 mg of EDC, 270 ing of HOBT hydrate, followed by 350 gL of diisopropylethylamine. To this suspension was added phenylglycine thiocarboxamide hydrobromide in dichloromethane. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 72 hours. The reaction mixture was partioned between water and dichloromethane and the organic phase was washed with 1N HCl solution, followed by saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. Removal of solvent afforded the crude product, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with ethyl acetate, to afford 271 mg of the title compound (approximately 3:2 mixture of phenylglycine diastereomers) as a pale solid.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-Nmr (CDC13) (approx 3:2 mixture of diastereomers): 3 = 7.3-7.7 (m, 8H), 6.7-6.8 (m, 4H).

Example 335 Synthesis of

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenyl-2-oxoacetyl) 1,alaninyl]-1,phenylglycine teil-Butyl Ester Following General Procedure C and using L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester (prepared as described in Example 321) and 3,5 difluorophenylglyoxylate (prepared as described in J. Org. Chem., 45(14),

--366- 28883 (1980)), the title compound was prepared as a solid. The product was purified by slurrying with EtOAc/hexanes.

Elemental Anal.: Calc.(%) C, 61.88, H, 5.42, N, 6.27; Found: C, 62.15, H, 5.5 1, N, 6.18.

Example 336 Synthesis of

N-(2-Hydroxy-l-phenyleth-1-yl)-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl) 1,phenylglycinyl]-I,alaninamide Following General Procedure C and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-phenylglycinyl-L-alanine (prepared from N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L phenylglycinyl-L-alanine ethyl ester) and (S)-phenylglycinol (Aldrich), the title compound was prepared (m.p. = 269-272'C). The reaction was monitored by tlc (Rf = 0.3 in 10% MeOH/CHC'3) and the product was purified by chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent.

NMR data was as follows:

'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 5 = 1.25 (d, 3H), 8.01 (d, 1H), 8.52 (d, 1H), 8.82 (d, 1 H).

Optical Rotation: M20 7-- -62.7 @ 589 nm (c = 1.02, DMSO).

C27H27N303F2 (MW = 495.53); mass spectroscopy (MH') 496.

Example 337 Synthesis of

N-(2-Hydroxyeth-1-yi)-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)

```
I,alanyl]-1,-phenylglycinarnide Following General Procedure C and using
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alanine (from Example B2 above) and
L-phenylqlycine (2 hydroxyethyl) amide hydrochloride (prepared from
N-BOC-L-phenylglycine (Bachem) and 2 aminoethanol (Aldrich) using General
Procedure C, followed by removal of the BOC group using General Procedure
P), the title compound was prepared. The product was purified by
chromatography using 10% MeOH/CHC'3 as the eluent, followed by
crystallization from EtOH.
--367- NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (DMSO-d6): 6 = 1.22 (d, 3H), 5.42 (d, 1H).
Optical Rotation: 10d20 = -- +8.77 @ 589 nm (c = 1.03, DMSO).
C2iH23N304F2 Q = 419.43; mass spectroscopy (MH') 420.
Example 338
Synthesis of
N-(4-(4-Azido-2-hydroxybenzamido)but-1-yl)-N'-[N-(3,5)]
Dinuorophenylacetyl) L-alanyl]-1.-phenylglycinamide Following General
Procedure A and using N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alanyl-L-phenylglycine (prepared as described herein) and 4-(4
azidosalicylamido) butylamine (Pierce Chemical), the title compound was
prepared as a light sensitive solid. The reaction was conducted under low
light conditions and the reaction vessel was protected from light. The
reaction was monitered by fic (Rf = 0.2 in 2.5% MeOH/dichloromethane).
NMR data was as follows:
'H-nmr (CD30H/CDC'3): 3 = 7.72 (d, 2H), 7.30 (m, 511), 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.73
(m, M), 6.54 (m, 2H), 5.34 (s, M), 4.39 (q, 11-1), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.31
(bs, 2H), 3.21 (bs, 2H), 1.57 (bs, 411), 1.35 (d, 214).
Example 339
Synthesis of
N-(Methanesulfonyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)
1,-alanyl]-L-phenylalanamide N-Cbz-L-Phenylalanine (Sigma) was coupled to
N-hydroxysuccinimide (Aldrich) using DCC in dicloromethane. The resulting
intermediate was reacted with methanesulfonamide in DMF with
diisopropylethylamine to provide
N-methanesulfonyl-N'-Cbz-L-phenylalanamide amide. The Cbz group was
removed using General Procedure 0 and the resulting intermediate was
coupled to N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alanine (from Example B2 above)
using General Procedure B to give the title compound, m.p. = 203-205'C.
--368 - Examples 340-407 By following the procedures set forth above, the
following additional compounds were prepared:
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N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D~phenylglycine methyl ester

N-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(3-a-phenyl) proline methyl ester (Ex. 341) N-[N-(3,5-Diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-azetidine

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 345) N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide (Ex. 346) N-[N-(3,4-dichlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 347) N-[N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 348) N-[N-(3-bromophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 349) N-[N-(3-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex.

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(5

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3

chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate (Ex. 343) t-butyl

(thiazol-4-yl)propionate (Ex. 344) t-butyl

(Ex 340)

methyl ester (Ex. 342) methyl

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350) N-[N-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 35
1) N-[N-(3-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 352)
N-[N-(4-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 353)
--369-
N-[N-(3-trifluoromethylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
354) N-[N-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamic (Ex.
355) N-[N-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
356) N-[N-(1-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 357)
N-[N-(2-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 35 8)
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex. 359)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyi]-D-phenylglycine (Ex. 360)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
furanyl)acetamide (Ex. 361)
N'-[N-(3,4-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
362) N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylaianin-N
methylsulfonamide (Ex. 363)
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide (Ex. 364).
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide (Ex. 365)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
366) N"-methyl-N"-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide (Ex. 367)
N''-4-fluorobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide (Ex. 368)
--370-
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4-fluoro)phenylglycine
neopentyl ester (Ex. 369)
N-[N-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(pyrid-3
vl)glycine methyl ester (Ex. 370)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(O-benzyl)serinyl]-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester (Ex. 371)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)threoninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester (Ex. 372)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-threoninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester (Ex. 373)
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-serinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
(Ex. 374)
N"-4-methylphenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide (Ex. 375)
N"-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide (Ex. 376)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenyl glycinamide
(Ex. 377)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methionyl]-L-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyl]-L-phenylqlycinamide
(Ex. 3 80) N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
(Ex.
381)
N-[(R)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide (Ex. 382) Nj I -phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylbutan- 1
-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide (Ex. 383)
--371 - Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-propan- I -yi]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 384)
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-pentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 385)
N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L
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alaninamide (Ex. 386)
N-[l-phenyl-2-oxo-butan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 387)
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-4-methylpentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)
L-alaninamide (Ex. 388)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-oz-hydroxyphenylalanine
methyl ester (Ex. 389) N"-[4-((2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyl)-NHC(0)-)butyl]
N'-[N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide (Ex.
390) N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine
t-butyl ester (Ex. 391)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-phenylphenylglycine
t-butyl ester (Ex. 392)
[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(2,3-benzo[blproline) methyl
ester (Ex. 393)
N"-t-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-n
butylphenylglycinamide (Ex. 394)
N"-t-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
(phenylacetenyl)phenylglycinamide (Ex. 395)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycinthioamide
(Ex. 396)
N-[1,3-diphenyl-2-oxo-propan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 397) N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-2-cyclopentylethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide (Ex. 398)
--372- N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-hexan- 1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 399)
N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylpentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide (Ex. 400)
N"-n-hexyl-6-biotinamidyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
D, L-phenylglycinthioamide (Ex. 401)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-methionine (Ex. 402)
N'-[N-(2-t-BOC-amino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
(Ex. 403) N"-t-butyl N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
fluorophenylglycinamide (Ex. 404)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-2-phenylglycine methyl
ester (Ex. 405)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D, L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D, L-2
phenylglycine (Ex. 406)
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine t-butyl ester (Ex. 407) Example 408 Following the
procedures set forth above, the following compounds of formula I were or
could be prepared:
R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl; X' and X" are hydrogen; R' is methyl; R 3 is
hydrogen; R' is p-fluorophenyl; R' is hydrogen; Z is a bond, X is
-C(0)OCH2C(CH3)3; and n is 1;
R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl; X' and X" are hydrogen; R2 is methyl; R' is
hydrogen; R' is p-(phenyl)phenyl; R' is hydrogen; X is -C(O)NHC(CH3~; Z
'S a bond; and n is 1;
--373 - R' is cyclopentyl; X' and X" are hydrogen; W is methyl; R' is
hydrogen; R 4 is phenyl; R' is hydrogen; X is -C(0)OC(CH3)3; Z is a bond;
and n is 1; R' is cyclopropyl; X' and X" are hydrogen; R' is methyl; R 3
is hydrogen; R 4 is phenyl; R' is hydrogen; X is -C(0)OC(CH3)3; Z is a
bond; and n is 1; and R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl; X' and X" are hydrogen;
R' is methyl; R 3 is hydrogen; R 4 is phenyl; R5 is hydrogen; X is
-C(0)OCH2C(CH3)3; Z is a bond; and n is 1.
```

Example 409

Cellular Screen for the Detection of Inhibitors of fl-Amyloid Production Numerous compounds of formula I above were assayed for their ability to inhibit 0-amyloid production in a cell line possessing the Swedish mutation.

This screening assay employed cells (K293 = human kidney cell line) which were stably transfected with the gene for amyloid precursor protein 751 (APP751) containing the double mutation LyS65, Met652 to Asn65, LeU652 (APP751 numbering) in the manner described in International Patent Application Publication No. 94/10569' and Citron et al. 12 . This mutation is commonly called the Swedish mutation and the cells, designated as "293 751 SWE", were plated in Coming 96-well plates at $1.5-2.5 \times 10^\circ$ cells per well in Dulbecco's minimal essential media plus 10% fetal bovine.serum. Cell number is important in order to achieve 0-amyloid ELISA results within the linear range of the assay (-0.2 to 2.5 ng per mL).

Following overnight incubation at 37°C in an incubator equilibrated with 10% carbon dioxide, media were removed and replaced with 200 /AL of a compound of formula I (drug) containing media per well for a two hour pretreatment period and cells were incubated as above. Drug stocks were prepared in 100% dimethylsulfoxide such that at the final drug concentration

--374- used in the treatment, the concentration of dimethylsulfoxide did not exceed 0. 5 % and, in fact, usually equaled 0. 1 %.

At the end of the pretreatment period, the media were again removed and replaced with fresh drug containing media as above and cells were incubated for an additional two hours. After treatment, plates were centrifuged in a Beckman GPR at 1200 rpm for five minutes at room temperature to pellet cellular debris from the conditioned media. From each well, 100 [4L of conditioned media or appropriate dilutions thereof were transferred into an ELISA plate precoated with antibody 266" against amino acids 13-28 of 0 amyloid peptide as described in International Patent Application Publication No. 94/10569' and stored at 4'C overnight. An ELISA assay employing labelled antibody 6C6 14 against amino acids 1-16 of 0-amyloid peptide was run the next day to measure the amount of 0-amyloid peptide produced.

Cytotoxic effects of the compounds were measured by a modification of the method of Hansen, et al.". To the cells remaining in the tissue culture plate was added 25 ItI, of a 3, (4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)2,5 diphenyltetrazolium bromide (MTr) stock solution (5 mg/mL) to a final concentration of 1 mg/mL.

Cells were incubated at 37C for one hour, and cellular activity was stopped by the addition of an equal volume of MTT lysis buffer (20% $\rm w/v$ sodium dodecylsulfate in 50% dimethylformamide, pH.4.7). Complete extraction was achieved by overnight shaking at room temperature. The difference in the OD562.,, and the OD650,,. was measured in a Molecular Device's UV., microplate reader as an indicator of the cellular viability.

The results of the 0-amyloid peptide ELISA were fit to a standard curve and expressed as ng/mL 0-amyloid peptide. In order to normalize for cytotoxicity, these results were divided by the MTT results and expressed as a percentage of the results from a drug free control. All results are the mean and standard deviation of at least six replicate assays.

The test compounds were assayed for 0-amyloid peptide production inhibition activity in cells using this assay. The results of this assay demonstrate that, each of the compounds within this invention tested reduced 0-amyloid peptide production by at least 30% as compared to control.

In Vivo Suppression of fl-Amyloid Release and/or Synthesis This example illustrates how the compounds of this invention could be tested for in vivo suppression of 0-amyloid release and/or synthesis. For these experiments, 3 to 4 month old PDAPP mice are used [Games et al., (1995) Nature 373:523-5271. Depending upon which compound is being tested, the compound is usually formulated at either 5 or 10 mg/ml. Because of the low solubility factors of the compounds, they may be formulated with various vehicles, such as corn oil (Safeway, South San Francisco, CA); 10% EtOH in com oil (Safeway); 2-hydroxypropyl-0-cyclodextrin (Research Biochemicals International, Natick MA); and carboxy-methyl-cellulose (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis MO). Specifically, for example 141 the vehicle was carboxy methyl cellulose (Sigma).

The mice are dosed subcutaneously with a 26 gauge needle and 3 hours later the animals are euthanized viaC02 narco~is and blood is taken by cardiac puncture using a 1 cc 25G 5/8" tuberculin syringe/needle coated with solution of 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0. The blood is placed in a Becton-Dickinson vacutainer tube containing EDTA and spun down for 15 minutes at 1500 xg at 'C. The brains of the mice are then removed and the cortex and hippocampus are dissected out and placed on ice.

1. Brain ALsay

To prepare hippocampal and cortical tissue for enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) each brain region is homogenized in 10

--376- volumes of ice cold guanidine buffer (5.0 M guanidine-HCI, 50 mM Tris HCI, pH 8.0) using a Kontes motorized pestle (Fisher, Pittsburgh PA). The homogenates are gently rocked on a rotating platform for three to four hours at room temperature and stored at -20 °C prior to quantitation of 0-amyloid.

The brain homogenates are diluted 1: 10 with ice-cold casein buffer [0.25% casein, phosphate buffered saline (PBS), 0.05% sodium azide, 20 gg/ml aprotinin, 5 mM EDTA, pH 8.0, 10 jig/ml leupeptinj, thereby reducing the final concentration of guanidine to 0.5 M, before centrifugation at 16, 000 xg for 20 minutes at CC. The 0-amyloid standards (1-40 or 1-42 amino acids) were prepared such that the final composition equaled 0.5 M guanidine in the presence of 0.1% bovine serum albumin (BSA).

The total 0-amyloid sandwich ELISA, quantitating both 0-amyloid (aa 1) and 0-amyloid (aa 1-42) consists of two monoclonal antibodies (mAb) to 0 amyloid. The capture antibody, 266 14, is specific to amino acids 13 28 of 0 amyloid. The antibody 3DO, which is specific to amino acids I - 5 of 0 amyloid, is biotinylated and served as the reporter antibody in the assay. The 3D6 biotinylation procedure employs the manufacturer's (Pierce, Rockford IL) protocol for NHS-biotin labeling of immunoglobulins except that 100 mM sodium bicarbonate, pH 8.5 buffer is used. The 3D6 antibody does not recognize secreted amyloid precursor protein (4PP) or full-length APP but detects only 0-amyloid species with an amino terminal aspartic acid. The assay has a lower limit of sensitivity of - 50 pg/ml (11 pM) and shows no cross reactivity to the endogenous murine 0-amyloid peptide at concentrations up to 1 ng/ml.

The configuration of the sandwich ELISA quantitating the level of 0 amyloid (aa 1-42) employs the mAb 21F12" (which recognizes amino acids 33 42 of 0-amyloid) as the capture antibody. Biotinylated 3D6 is also the reporter

--377- antibody in this assay which has a lower limit of sensitivity of \sim 125 pg/ml (28 PM).

The 266 and 21F12 capture mAbs are coated at 10 jjg/ml into 96 well immunoassay plates (Costar, Cambidge MA) overnight at room temperature.

The plates are then aspirated and blocked with 0.25% human serum albumin in PBS buffer for at least 1 hour at room temperature, then stored desiccated at 4'C until use. The plates are rehydrated with wash buffer (Tris-buffered saline, 0.05% Tween 20) prior to use. The samples and standards are added to the plates and incubated overnight at 4'C. The plates are washed ~!t 3 times with wash buffer between each step of the assay. The biotinylated 3D6, diluted to 0.5 Ag/ml in casein incubation buffer (0.25% casein, PBS, 0.05% Tween 20, pH 7.4) is incubated in the well for 1 hour at room temperature. Avidin HRP (Vector, Burlingame CA) diluted 1:4000 in casein incubation buffer is added to the wells for 1hour at room temperature. The colorimetric substrate, Slow TMB-ELISA (Pierce, Cambridge MA), is added and allowed to react for 15 minutes, after which the enzymatic reaction is stopped with addition of 2 N H2SO4. Reaction product is quantified using a Molecular Devices Vmax (Molecular Devices, Menlo Park CA) measuring the difference in absorbance at 450 nm and 650 nm.

2. Blood Assay

The EDTA plasma is diluted 1: 1 in specimen diluent (0.2 gm/1 sodium phosphate*H20 (monobasic), 2.16 gm/1 sodium phosphate*TH20 (dibasic), 0.5gm/1 thimerosal, 8.5 gm/1 sodium chloride, 0.5 ml TritonX-405, 6.0 g/1 globulin-free bovine serum albumin; and water). The samples and standards in specimen diluent are assayed using the total 0-amyloid assay (266 capture/3D6 reporter) described above for the brain assay except the specimen diluent was used instead of the casein diluents described.

--378 - From the foregoing description, various modifications and changes in the composition and method will occur to those skilled in the art. All such modifications coming within the scope of the appended claims are intended to be included therein.

--379 -

Claim

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for inhibiting 0-amyloid peptide release and/or its synthesis in a cell which method comprises administering to such a cell an amount of a compound or a mixture of compounds effective in inhibiting the cellular release and/or synthesis of 0-amyloid peptide wherein said compounds are represented by formula 1:

Xf X11 0 R4R5 1 R1Z -T-P~ N YY I n X 0 R2 R3

wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl., alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R' together with R' can be fused to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl group; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alikenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted alkynyl; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R' forms a cycloalkyl group of from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl, (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not

--380- a-OC(O) aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing 1 to 2 additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -N-HS02-R' where R' is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, (k) -NR9NR"R" where R' is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R" is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR[C(0)0], Rlo where z is zero or one, R9 and R10 are as defined above; X can also be -CR'R'Y' where each R'.is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(0)R 7, -SSR 7, -SSC(0)R7 where R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro; V is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and V together form an oxo group,

-- 381 - Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to 1 or 2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that:

A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OH or -Q0)OCH3; C. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 4 is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R 3 is not methyl; D. when R' is iso-propyl, R 2 is -CH2C(O)NH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)OCH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, \bar{Z} is a bond, and n is 1, then R , the nitrogen atom attached to R 3 , and R 4 do not form 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl; F. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)0CH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R4 is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is

-CH(OH)CH3, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH2 or -CH2OH; H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH2OCH3, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R4 is not benzyl or ethyl;

--382 - 1. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is methyl, R 4 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH0110; J. when R' is 3,5-dirluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenyiglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO or -CH20F1; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinonyl), R2 is methyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)0C113; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl derived from D-alanine, R 3 is

hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH benzyl; M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH20F1; N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is 4-phenylphenyl, R5 is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHC(CH3)3; and O. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is phenyl derived from D-phenyiglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHCH(CH3)O.

2. A method for preventing the onset of AD in a patient at risk for developing AD which method comprises administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically inert carrier and an effective amount of a compound or a mixture of compounds of formula 1:

X1 X11 0 R4R5 R1Z N ~~ -~Y -T-FA- I n X 0 R2 R3

--383 - wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R 3 together with R1 can be fused to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl group; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted alkynyl; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R' forms a cycloalkyl group of from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(0)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl, (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not include a-haloalkyl, a-diazoalkyl, ce OC(O)alkyl, or u-OC(O)aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing 1 to 2 additional

--384- heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -NHSO2-R 8 where R 8 is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, (k) -NR'NR"R" where R' is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R" is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR9[C(0)0],R'o where z is zero or one, R' and R" are as defined above; X can also be -CR'R'Y' where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(0)R 7, -SSR 7, -SSC(0)R 7 where R 7 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl,

cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro; V is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and V together form an oxo group, Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CX'X"-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to I or 2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that:

A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3, R 5 is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R 5 is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH or -C(O)OCH3;

--385 - C. when R' is phenyl, R' is methyl, R' is benzyl, R5 is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R' is not methyl; D. when R' is iso-propyl, R' is -CH2C(O)NH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X 'S not -Q0)OCH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R, the nitrogen atom attached to R 3, and R 4 do not form 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl; F. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R5 is hydrogen, X is -Q0)OC113, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R4 is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is

-CH(OH)CH3, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH2 or -CH2OH; H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH2OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R' is not benzyl or ethyl; 1. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is methyl, R' is methyl, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO; J. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO or -CH2OH; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinonyl), R2 is methyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl derived from D-alanine, R' is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH benzyl;

- -- 386 M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH2OH; N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R 4 is 4-phenylphenyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHC(CH3)3; and O. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)N-HCH(CH3)O.
- 3. A method for treating a patient with AD in order to inhibit further deterioration in the condition of that patient which method comprises administering to said patient a pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically inert carrier and an effective amount of a compound or mixture of compounds of formula I:

X, X" 0 R4 R5

--y --~ 1 > /- n X R1Z -Y N 0 R2 R3 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl,

alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R 2 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R' together with R' can be fused to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl group;

--387- each R 4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted alkynyl; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R 4 forms a cycloalkyl group of from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl, (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not include ce-haloalkyl, u-diazoalkyl, a OC(O)alkyl, or cz-OC(O)aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing 1 to 2 additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -NHSO2-R' where R' is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, (k) -NR9NR'OR'o where R9 is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R'o is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR9[C(0)0],R` where z is zero or one, R9 and R" are as defined above;

-- 388 - X can also be -CR 6 R6y' where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(O)R 7, -SSR7, -SSC(O)R7 where R 7 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro; V is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and X" together form an oxo group, Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to 1 or 2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that:

A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, W is -CH(OH)CH3, R 5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -QO)OH or -QO)OC113; C. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R'.is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R 3 is not methyl; D. when R' is iso-propyl, R 2 is -CH2C(O)NH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -QO)OCH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -QO)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R, the nitrogen atom attached to R 3, and R 4 do not form 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl;

hydrogen, X is -Q0) OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R' is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is

-CH(OH)CH3, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH2 or -CH2OH; H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH20C113, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R! is not benzyl or ethyl; 1. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is methyl, R 4 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOH(~; J. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO or -CH2OH; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinortyl), R2 is methyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 'S benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl derived from D-alanine, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH benzyl; M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH,OH; N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is 4-phenylphenyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHC(CH3)3; and O. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHCH(CH3)0. --390- 4. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R' is an unsubstituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 5. The method according to Claim 4 wherein the unsubstituted R' aryl group is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 1-naphthyl and 2-naphthyl.

- 6. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R' is a substituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 7. The method according to Claim 6 wherein said substituted aryl group is a mono-substituted, di-substituted or tri-substituted phenyl group.
- 8. The method according to Claim 7 wherein the substituted phenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of 4-fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 3-methoxy phenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3-thiomethoxyphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-hydroxy phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4 difluorophenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, 3,4-dibromophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4 methylene-dioxyphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 2,4 dichlorophenyl, and 2,5-difluorophenyl.
- 9. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R' is an alkaryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CX'V-. 10. The method according to Claim 9 wherein the R' alkaryl group is selected from the group consisting of benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, and 3 phenyl-n propyl.
- --391 11. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW, 12. The method according to Claim 11 wherein R' is alkyl.
- 13. The method according to Claim 11 wherein R' is cycloalkyl.
- 14. The method according to Claim 11 wherein R' is alkenyl.
- 15. The method according to Claim 11 wherein R' is cycloalkenyl.

- 16. The method according to Claim 11 wherein the R' alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl and cycloalkenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of iso-propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, tert butyl,
- -CH2CH=CH2, -CH2CH=CH(CH2)4CH3, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohex-l-enyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclobutyl, -CH2 cyclohexyl, -CH2-cyclopentyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2CH2-cyclobutyl, -CH2CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopentyl, aminomethyl, and N-tert butoxycarbonylaminomethyl.
- 17. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW-. 18. The method according to Claim 17 wherein the R' heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups are selected from the group consisting of pyrid-2 yl, pyrid-3-yl, pyrid-4-yl, fluoropyridyls (including 5-fluoropyrid-3 yl), chloropyridyls (including 5-chloropyrid-3-yl), thien-2-yl, thien-3-yl, benzothiazol-4-yl, 2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl, furan-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, thionaphthen-2-yl, 2-chlorothiophen-5-yl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 2
- --392 (thiophenyl)thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxythionaphthen-2-yl, 3-phenyl-1,2,4 thiooxadiazol-5-yl and 2-phenyloxazol-4-yl.
- 19. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R 2 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.
- 20. The method according to Claim 9 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso butyl, sec butyl, phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,5-difluoro-phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, benzyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cycloheptyl, thien-2-yl, thien-3 yl, -CH2CH2SCH3, -CH2OCH2O, -CH(CH3)OCH2O, -CH(OH)CH3 and -CH2OH.
- 21. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein X' and X" are hydrogen and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 22. The method according to Claim 21 wherein R 3 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl or together with R' and the nitrogen to which R 3 is attached forms pyrrolidin-2-yl, 2,3-dihydroindol-2-yl, piperidin-2 yl, 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-2-yl and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl.
- 23. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein R 4 substituents are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, iso propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, iso-butyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, allyl, iso-but-2 enyl, 3-methylpentyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CE12-indol-3 yl, phenyl, p-(phenyl)phenyl, m-(phenyl)phenyl o-fluorophenyl, m fluorophenyl, p-fluorophenyl, p-bromophenyl, m-methoxyphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, phenethyl, benzyl, m-hydroxybenzyl, p-hydroxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, m-trifluoromethylphenyl, p-(CH3)2NCH2CH2CH2O-benzyl, p-(CH3)3COC(O)CH2O-benzyl, p-phenylphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, -393 p-(HOOCCH2O)-benzyl, 2-aminopyrid-6-yl, 4-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O) benzyl, -CH2CH2C(O)NH2, -CH2-imidazol-4-yl, -CH2-(3-tetrahydrofuranyl),
- -CH2-thien-2-yl, -CH2-thiazol-4-yl, -CH2(1-methyl)cyclopropyl, -CH2 thien-3-yl, thien-3-yl, thien-2-yl, -CH2-C(0)0-t-butyl, -CH2-C(CH3)3, CH2CH(CH2CH3)2, 2-methylcyclopentyl, -cyclohex-2-enyl, -CH[CH(CH3)21C00CH3, -(CH2)2SCH3,
- -CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -CH2C(CH3)=CH2, -CH2CH=CHCH3 (cis and trans),
- -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH3, -CH(O-t-butyl)CH3, -CH2OCH3, -(CH2)4NH-Boc,

- -(CH2)4NH2, -(CH2)4N(CH3)2, -CH2-pyridyl, pyridyl, -CH2-naphthyl,
- -CH2-(N-morpholino), p-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O)-benzyl, benzo[b]thiophen-2 yl, benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, 5-chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, 4,5,6,7 tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, tetrazol-5-yl, 5-chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxynaphth-2 yl,
- -CH2-N-phthalimidyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl, and thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2 yl, 5-bromothien-2-yl, 4-bromothien-2-yl, 5-chlorothien-2-yl, 3 phenoxyphenyl, 2-phenoxyphenyl, 4-ethylphenyl, 2-benzylphenyl, (4-ethylphenyl) phenyl, 4 tert butylphenyl, 4-n-butylphenyl, o-(4-chlorophenoxy) phenyl, furan-2-yl, and 4 phenylacetylenylphenyl.
- 24. The method according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CXX''- and R' are fused to form a cycloalkyl group selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl.
- 25. The method according to Claims 1, 2 or 3 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X''-, X is -C(0)Y and Y is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy or substituted alkoxy.
- 26. The method according to Claim 25 wherein Y is alkoxy or substituted alkoxy selected from the group consisting of methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, tert-butoxy, neo-pentoxy, benzyloxy, 2-phenylethoxy, 3-phenyl-n-propoxy, 3-iodo-n-propoxy, 4-bromo n butoxy, -ONHC(O)OC(CH3)3, -ONHC(CH3)3 and hydroxy.
- --394-27. The method according to Claims 1, 2 or 3 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X''-, X is -C(0)Y and Y is -NR'R''.
- 28. The method according to Claim 27 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of amino (-NH2), -NH(iso-butyl), -NH(sec-butyl), N methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-benzylamino, N-morpholino, azetidino, N-thiomorpholino, N-piperidinyl, N-hexamethyleneimino, N-heptamethylene imino, N-pyrrolidinyl, -NH-methallyl, -NHCH2-(furan-2-yl), -NHCH2 cyclopropyl, -NH(tert-butyl), -NH(p-methylphenyl), -NHOCH3, -NHCH2(p fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2OCH3, -NH-cyclopentyl, -NI4-cyclohexyl,
- -NHCH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2C(CH3)3, -NHCH2-(pyrid-2-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid3-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-4-yl), N-thiazolindinyl, -N(CH2CH2CH3)2,
- -N[CH2CH(CH3)212, -NHOH, -NH(p-NO2-0), -NHCH2(p-NO2-0), -NHCH2(M NO2-0), -N(CH3)OCH3, -N(CH3)CH2-0, -NHCH2-(3,5-di-fluorophenyl),
- -NHCH2CH2F, -NHCHAP-CF130-(~), -NHCH2(m-CH30-0), -NHCH2(P-CF3-A
- -N(CH3)CH2CH2OCH3, -NHCH2CH2O, -NHCH(CH3W -NHCH2-(p-F-(~),
- -N(CH3)CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl), -NHCH2(ptrifluoromethylphenyl), -NHCH2C(CH3)=CH2, -NH-[(p-benzyl)pyrid-4-yll,
- -NH-[(2,6-dimethyl)pyrid-4-yl], -NH-(2-methylcyclohexyl), -NH-(4 methylcyclohexyl), -NH-[N-ethoxycarbonyl]-piperidin-4-yl, -NHOC(CH3)3, -NHCH2CH2CH2CH2-4), -C(0)NH(CH2)30-(p-CH3)0, -C(0)NH(CH2)6NH2,
- -NH-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl), -N(CH3W -NH(CH)4NHC(O)-(2-hydroxy-4 azido)-phenyl and -NH(CH2)6-(biotinamidyl).
- 29. The method according to Claims 1, 2 or 3 wherein X is -C(0)Y and Y is selected from the group consisting of -CH2CH2CH2CH(CH3)2,
- -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH(OH)O, -CH(OH)CH2C(O)OCH3,

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-C(OH)(CH3)2, -CH20C113, -CH20Q0)0CE13, and -CH20C(O)C(CH3)3, methyl,
ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, iso-butyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, tert butyl,
-CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CP12-pyridy-2-yl, -CH2-pyridy-3-yl, -CH2-pyridy-4-yl,
-CH2-fur-2-yl, benzyl, cyclopentyl, phenyl, and -NH-S02-CH3.
--395 - 30. The method according to Claims 1, 2 or 3 wherein Z is a
covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X"-. 31. The method according to Claims
1, 2 or 3 wherein the compound of formula I is selected from the group
consisting of:
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate methyl
ester , N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-histidine methyl
ester N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(3-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanoate tert
butyl ester N-[N-(pent-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[3-(N,N di methyl
amino)propoxyl phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[(tert
butyloxycarbonyl) methoxylphenylalanine methyl ester
--396- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(carboxymethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-6-(N,N
dimethylamino) hexanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(3
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester is
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3 methoxypropionate
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3
morpholinopropionate methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(2
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2
amino-3-methoxypropionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionamide
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--397 -
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4)
yl)propionate methyl ester
2-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-1,2,3,4
tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate methyl ester
N-(3-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(1
naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(2
thienyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine benzyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine 3-bromo
propyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
3 iodopropyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucine
tert-butyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
pyridyl) acetamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(3
pyridyl) acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L
lysine methyl ester methyl
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-4 phenylbutanoate
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine 2-phenylethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine 3-phenylpropyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
pyridyl)acetamide
--398 - N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl ester
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl)-L-valinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester
--399- N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohex-l-enylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-l-aminocyclopropane-1
carboxylate methyl ester N-2-(NN-dimethylamino)ethyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
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N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylaianine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine benzyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine ethyl ester
N-hydroxy-N'-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-threoninamide
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(3
hydroxyphenyl) propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine ethyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl
ester N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylalaninyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
1-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-indoline-(S)-2-carboxylate ethyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
--400-
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N, N-di-n-propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
N-iso-butyl-N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyl]-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-benzyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(3,5-difluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(3-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophan methyl ester
--401 -
N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-(2-phenylethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3
cyclohexylpropionate methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propionamide
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N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-serine ethyl ester
N-[(R)-ce-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate
ethyl ester
--402- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-methylpropionate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate
ethyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(isovaleryl)-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetyll-L-alanine
ethyl ester
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(3-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
methyl ester N-(N-(2-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester N-[N-(4-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4
fluorophenyl) acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3
phthalimidopropionate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine neopentyl
ester N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
--403- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinyl]morpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
ester 4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-tert
butoxybutyryllmorpholine
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucinyl]morpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucine
N-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-threoninyll-L-valine ethyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucine methyl ester
N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-2-(NN-dimethylamino)ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
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alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
--404-
3-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninyllthiazolidine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-(R)-sec-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
1-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninyl]pyrrolidine
N-(S)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl
ester N-2-fluoroethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminobutyramide
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminopentanamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
fluorophenyl) acetate methyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienvl) acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(5
chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-2
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate
methyl ester
--405-
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienyl)acetate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl) acetic acid
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(IH-tetrazol-5
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(6-methoxy-2
naphthyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7
tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3
bIthiophen-2-y1)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol
4-y1) acetate methyl ester
(3S, 4S) -N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-4-amino-3-hydroxy
5-phenylpentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate
methyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine
ten-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2
(4-phenylphenyl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-Butyl Ester
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester
--406- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyll-L-phenylqlycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-leucinyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-(N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)glycinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-proline methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl
ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-qlycine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-N-methylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
--407- N-Cyclohexyl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-hydroxyproline ethyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-lysine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-glutamide
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester
N-[(S)-3-hydroxy-6-methylhept-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenyleth-1-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacety1)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce-fluoroacetyl)-L-alaniny]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester N+1R,2S) - 1 -hydroxy- 1
-phenylprop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninamide
N-[(lR, 2S)-l-hydroxy-1, 2-diphenyleth-2-yl]-N'-(3, 5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(1S,2R)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide
N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] glycinamide
N-[(S)-a-hydroxy-ci-phenyl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-1,2-diphenylethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-((S)- I
-hydroxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenYlacetyl)-L-alaninamide
--408- N-[u-hydroxy-ct'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[u-hydroxy-ci'-pyrid-2-yl-iso-propyll-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[ci-hydroxy-a'-pyrid-4-yi-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[(S)-1
-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[oe-methoxy-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
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N-[I-hydroxy-3-methyl-but-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2
vl)acetate methyl ester
N-[I-hydroxy-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-methoxy-I-phenyleth-I-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[(S)-
1-methoxy-2-phenyl-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[(S)- 1 -acetoxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-1-(tert-butylcarbonyloxy)-hex-2-y1]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninamide N-[2-hydroxy- 1
-(thien-2-yl)ethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylprop-I-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(thien-2-yI)glycinyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-phenylqlycinol
--409- N-[N-(cyclopropaneacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-phenylqlycinoI
N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyl]-L-phenylqlycinoI
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-phenylglycinyl]-D,L phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-valinyl]-D,L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-thienylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(n-caprotyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norleucinyll-L-phenylqlycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norvalinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-tert-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-cyclohexylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-3-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyll-L
phenyiglycine methyl ester
--410- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine
tert butyl ester
N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester N-[N-(tert-butylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(5
bromothien-2-yl)qlycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(thien-2
yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-(thien-2
yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(thien-3
yl)qlycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2
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yl) glycinamide
N-tetT-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
chlorothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
(phenoxy) phenylglycinamide
--411 -
N-(S)-(-)-a-methylbenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-3
(phenyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(ethyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(benzyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
bromophenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyi]-L-4
(cyclohexyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(4
ethylphenyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-4-(tert
butyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-3-(4
chlorophenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce-hydroxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce,a-difluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[(S)-l-oxo-l-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
--412-
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
butyl ester [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(2 methoxy)phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butoxycarbonyl(hydroxyl amine) ester
N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-methoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinyl]azetidine
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-cyclopropanemethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
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phenylglycinamide
N-2-methylprop-2-enyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylqlycinamide
N-(pyrid-3-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-(pyrid-4-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-furfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
--413 - N-cyclopentyl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-1-benzylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alan
D, L-phenylglycinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L
phenylqlycinamide
N-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-2-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-4-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide N- I
-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butyl(hydroxylamine) ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine hydrazide
N-(I-ethoxyethen-1-yl)-[N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycine hydrazide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-4-(phenyl)butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-3-(4-iodophenoxy)propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
L-phenylglycinamide N-6- (amino) hexyl-N'- [N- (3,5)
-difluorophenylacetyl) -L-alaninyl] -D, L phenylglycinamide Hydrochloride
--414- N- 1
-(phthalimido)pent-2-yl-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyl]-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyl]
difluorophenyl) glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-norleucine
N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine iso
propyl ester N-(isopropyl) N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine iso-butyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylqlycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(3-oz-phenyl)proline
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-azetidine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(5
chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4
yl)propionate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-[N-(3,4-dichlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
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--415- N-[N-(3-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylqlycinamide
N-[N-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(4-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-trifluoromethylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(1-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylqlycinamide
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
furanyl)acetamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,4-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanin-N
methylsulfonamide
N'l-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N'l-methyl-N"-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide
--416- N"-4-fluorobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4-fluoro)phenylglycine
neopentyl ester
N-[N-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3
yl)glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)serinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)threoninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-threoninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-serinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N"-4-methylphenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N"-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-fluorophenyl glycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methionyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(R)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylbutan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
--417- N-[1 -phenyl-2-oxo-propan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide Nj I-phenyl-2-oxo-pentan- I
-yl]-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide Nj I
-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl) L
alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-butan- I
-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L alaninamide NJ1
-phenyl-2-oxo-4-methylpentan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)
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N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-oz-hydroxyphenylalanine
methyl ester N''-[4-((2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyl)-NHC(0)-) butyl] N'-[N-(3,5)]
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(S)-l-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluoropheny
acetyl)-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-phenylphenylglycine
ten-butyl ester
[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(2,3-benzo[blproline) methyl
ester NII-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-n
butylphenylglycinamide
N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
(phenylacetenyl) phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycinthioamide
N-[1,3-diphenyl-2-oxo-propan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-2-cyclopentylethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
--418- Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-hexan- 1 -yl]-N,-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylpentan- I
-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl) L alaninamide
N"-n-hexyl-6-biotinamidyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phertylglycinthioarnide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyll-L-methionine
N'-[N-(2-tert-BOC-amino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N"-tert-butyl N1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
fluorophenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-2-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[(S)-1 -phenyl-2-oxo-3-phenylpropan- I -yl]-N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl) -L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylqlycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylqlycinyl]-L-2-phenylqlycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[2-hydroxy-1-(S)phenyleth-1-yl]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
N-[2-hydroxyeth-1-yl]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-acetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
[N-(2,5-dichlorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
[N-(3,5-difluorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
--419- [N-(3,4-dichlorothiophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester [N-(3-aminoproprionyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenYlqlYcine
tert-butyl ester; and
(N-(3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylqlycine
tert-butyl ester.
32. A pharmaceutical compositionn comprising a pharmaceutically inert
carrier and pharmaceutically effective amount of a compound of formula I:
X1 X11 0 R4R5
R1Z N~ X
Y T~ I
0 R2 R3
wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl,
alkynyl, cycloalky), cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted
alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R' is
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L-alaninamide

selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R' together with R' can be fused. to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl group; each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl and substituted alkynyi; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R' forms a cycloalkyl group of frorn 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl,

--420- (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not include a-haloalkyl, a-diazoalkyl, oi OC(O)alkyl, or ce-OC(O)aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing I to 2 additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -NHSO2-R' where R' is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, (k) -NR'NR"R" where R' is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R" is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR'[C(0)0], R` where z is zero or one, R9 and R" are as defined above; X can also be -CR'R'Y' where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(0)R 7, -SSR 7, -SSC(0)k7where R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro;

--421 - X" is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and X" together form an oxo group, Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to 1 or 2; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that: A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)0H or -Q0)OCH3; C. when R' is phenyl, R' is methyl, R 4 is benzyl, R5 is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R 3 is not methyl; D. when R' is iso-propyl, R 2 is -CH2C(O)NH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)0CH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0) OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R', the nitrogen atom attached to R 3 , and R 4 do not form 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl; F. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)0CH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R 4 is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is

-CH(OH)CH3, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is

- --422- H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH20CH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then W is not benzyl or ethyl; I. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is methyl, R 4 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO; J. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, W is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOH4) or -CH2OH; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinonyl), R2 is methyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)OCH3; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl derived from D-alanine, R' is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, W is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(0)NH benzyI; M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R4 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH2OH; N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R 4 is 4-phenylphenyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHC(CH3)3; and 0. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NHCH(CH3)0.
- 33. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R' is an unsubstituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXWI-.
- 34. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 33 wherein the unsubstituted R' aryl group is selected from the group consisting of phenyl,
- --423- 1-naphthyl and 2-naphthyl.
- 35. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R' is a substituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to CXW'-. 36. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 35 wherein said substituted aryl group is a mono-substituted, di-substituted or tri substituted phenyl group.
- 37. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 36 wherein the substituted phenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of 4 fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 4 methylphenyl, 3-methoxy-phenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3 bromophenyl, 3-thiomethoxyphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 3 trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-hydroxy-phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4 difluorophenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, 3,4-dibromophenyl, 3,4 dichlorophenyl, 3,4-methylene-dioxyphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3,5 dichlorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, and 2,5-difluorophenyl.
- 38. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R' is an alkaryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CX\$"-. 39. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 38 wherein the R' alkaryl group is selected from the group consisting of benzyl, 2 phenylethyl, and 3-phenyl-n-propyl.
- 40. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wheffin R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-.
- --424-41. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 40 wherein R' is alkyl.

- 42. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 40 wherein R' is cycloalkyl.
- 43. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 40 wherein R' is alkenyl.
- 44. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 40 wherein R' is cycloalkenyl.
- 45. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 40 wherein the R'alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl and cycloalkenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of iso-propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, tert butyl, -CH2C11=CH2, -CH2CH=CH(CH2)4CH3, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohex-l-enyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2 CYClobutyl,
- -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2-cyclopentyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2CE12 cyclobutyl, -CH2CE12-cyclohexyl, -CH2CH2-Cyclopentyl, aminomethyl, and N-tert-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl.
- 46. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 47. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 46 wherein the R' heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups are selected from the group consisting of pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl, pyrid-4-yl, fluoropyridyls (including 5 fluoropyrid-3-yl), chloropyridyls (including 5-chloropyrid-3-yl), thien 2-yl, thien-3-yl, benzothiazol-4-yl, 2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl, furan-2-yl, benzofuran 2-yl, thionaphthen-2-yl, 2-chlorothiophen-5-yl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 2
- --425- (thiophenyl)thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxythionaphthen-2-yl, 3-phenyl-1,2,4 thiooxadiazol-5-yl and 2-phenyloxazol-4-yl.
- 48. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R 2 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.
- 49. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 48 wherein R 2 is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,5-difluoro phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, benzyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cycloheptyl, thien-2-yl, thien-3-yl, -CH2CH2SCH3, -CH2OCH2O, -CH(CH3)OCH2~5, -CH(OH)CH3 and -CH2OH.
- 50. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein X' and X'' are hydrogen and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXWI-.
- 51. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 50 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl or together with R 4 and the nitrogen to which R' is attached forms pyrrolidin-2-yl, 2,3 dihydroindol-2-yl, piperidin-2-yl, 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-2-yl and 1,2,3,4 tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl.
- 52. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein R 4 substituents are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, iso-butyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, allyl, iso-but-2-enyl, 3-methylpentyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2 indol-3-yl, phenyl, p-(phenyl)phenyl, m-(phenyl)phenyl, o-fluorophenyl, m-fluorophenyl, p-fluorophenyl, p-bromophenyl, m-methoxyphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, phenethyl, benzyl, m-hydroxybenzyl,
- --426- p-hydroxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, m-trifluoromethylphenyl,

p-(CH3)2NCH2CH2CH2O-benzyl, p-(CH3)3COC(O)CH2O-benzyl, p-phenylphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, p-(HOOCCH2O)-benzyl, 2-aminopyrid-6 yl, 4-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O)-benzyl, -CH2CH2C(O)NH2, -CH2-imidazol-4 yl, -CH2-(3-tetrahydrofuranyl), -CH2-thien-2-yl, -CH2-thiazol-4-yl, CH2(1 methyl)cyclopropyl, -CH2-thien-3-yi, thien-3-yl, thien-2-yl, -CH2-C(O)O t butyl, -CH2-C(CH3)3, -CH2CH(CH2CH3)2, 2-methylcyclopentyl, -cyclohex-2 enyl, -CH[CH(CH3MCOOCH3, -(CH2)2SCH3, -CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2CHCH3); -CH2CHCH3 (cis and trans), -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH3,

-CH(O-t-butyl)CH3, -CH20CH3, -(CH2)4NH-Boc, -(CH2)4NH2, -(CH2)4N(CH3)2,

-CH2-pyridyl, pyridyl, -CH2-naphthyl, -CH2-(N-morpholino), p-(N morpholino CH2CH20)-benzyl, benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, 5 chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, 4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, tetrazol-5-yl, 5-chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxynaphth-2-yl, -CH2-N-phthalimidyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl, and thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2-yl, 5-bromothien-2-yl, 4-bromothien-2-yl, 5-chlorothien-2-yl, 3 phenoxyphenyl, 2-phenoxyphenyl, 4-ethylphenyl, 2-benzylphenyl, (4-ethylphenyl)phenyl, 4 tert butylphenyl, 4-n-butylphenyl, o-(4-chlorophenoxy)phenyl, furan-2-yl, and 4 phenylacetylenylphenyl.

- 53. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X''- and R 4 and R' are fused to form a cycloalkyl group selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl.
- 54. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X''-, X is -C(0)Y and Y is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy or substituted alkoxy.
- --427- 55. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 54 wherein Y is alkoxy or substituted alkoxy selected from the group consisting of methoxy, ethoxy, n-propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, tert-butoxy, neo pentoxy, benzyloxy, 2-phenylethoxy, 3-phenyl-n-propoxy, 3-iodo-n-propoxy, 4 bromo-n-butoxy, -ONHC(O)OC(CH3)3, -ONHC(CH3)3 and hydroxy.
- 56. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X''-, X is -C(O)Y and Y is -NR'R''.
- 57. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 56 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of amino (-NH2), -NH(iso-butyl),

-NH(sec-butyl), N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-benzylamino, N-morpholino, azetidino, N-thiomorpholino, N-piperidinyl, N-hexamethyleneimino, N-heptamethylene-imino, N-pyrrolidinyl, -NH methallyl, -NIHCH2-(furan-2-yl), -NHCH2-Cyclopropyl, -NH(tert-butyl), NH(p methylphenyl), -NI40CH3, -NHCH2(P-fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2OCH3, -NH cyclopentyl, -NH-cyclohexyl, -NHCH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2C(CH3)3, -NHCH2 (pyrid-2-yi), -NHCH2-(pyrid-3-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-4-yl), N-thiazolindinyl, -N(CH2CH2CH3)2, -N[CH2CH(CH3)J2, -N-HOH, -NH(p-NO2-0), -NHCH2(P NO2-0), -NHCH2(m-NO2-0), -N(CH3)OCH3, -N(CH3)CH2* -NHCH2-(3,5-di fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2F, -NHCHO-CH30-0), -NHCH2(m-CH30-0),

- -NHCH2(p-CF3-0), -N(CH3)CH2CH2OCH3, -NHCH2CH20, -NHCH(CH3)0,
- -NHCH2-(p-F-0), -N(CH3)CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl),
- -NHCH2(p-trifluoromethylphenyl), -NHCH2C(CH3)=CH2, -NH-[(p benzyl)pyrid-4-yl], -NH-[(2,6-dimethyl)pyrid-4-yl], -NH-(2 methylcyclohexyl),

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-NH-(4-methylcyclohexyl), -NH-[N-ethoxycarbonyl]-piperidin-4-yl,
-NHOC (CH3) 3, -NHCH2CH2CH2CH2-0, -C(0) NH (CH2) 30-(p-CH3) 0,
-C(O)NH(CH2)6NH2, -NH-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl), -N(CH3)09
-NH(CH2)4NHC(0)-(2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyI and -NH(CH2)6-(biotinamidyl).
--428-58. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein X
is -C(0)Y and Y is selected from the group consisting of
-CH2CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH(OH)O,
-CH(OH)CH2C(O)OCH3, -C(OH)(CH3)2, -CH2OCH3, -CH2OC(O)OC"3, and
-CH2OC(O)C(CH3)3, methyl, ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, iso-butyl, n-butyl,
sec-butyl, tert-butyl, -CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2-pyridy-2-yl, -CH2-Pyridy-3
yl,
-CH2-pyridy-4-yl, -CH2-fur-2-yl, benzyl, cyclopentyl, phenyl, and
-"~M-S02-CH3.
59. The pharmaceutical composition according to Claim 32 wherein Z is a
covalent bond linking R' to -CX'X"-. 60. The pharmaceutical composition
according to Claim 32 wherein the compound of formula I is selected from
the group consisting of:
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-histidine methyl
ester N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-(2-methoxyethy1)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacety1)-L-alaniny1]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(3-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
--429-
N-(4-pyridyl) methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-diffluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanoate tert
butyl ester N-[N-(pent-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-Phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[3-(N,N
dimethylamino) propoxylphenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-[(tert
butyloxycarbonyl) methoxylphenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4
(carboxymethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(2~
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-6-(N,N
dimethylamino) hexanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2~
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(3)
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
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methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-(4
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3 methoxypropionate
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3
morpholinopropionate methyl ester
--430-
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N--[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-methoxypropionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionamide
N-(2-methoxyethy1)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacety1)-L-alaniny1]-2
amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4
y1)propionate methyl ester 2-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-
1,2,3,4 tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylate methyl ester
N-(3-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(1
naphthyl) propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
thienyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine benzyl es
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine 3-bromo
propyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
3 iodopropyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucine
tert-butyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
pyridyl)acetamide 1~
--431 - N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
pyridyl) acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L
lysine methyl ester methyl
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-4 phenylbutanoate
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllqlycine 2-phenylethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine 3-phenylpropyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
pyridyl)acetamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl
ester N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl)-L-valinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
NN-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylaianinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-\text{methyl-}N'-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-L-\text{alaninyl}]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3, 5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
--432 -
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
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methoxyphenyl) acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate
ethvl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohex-1-enylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-l-aminocyclopropane-l
carboxylate methyl ester N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine benzyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine ethyl ester
N-hydroxy-N'-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-threoninamide
N-{N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(3
hydroxyphenyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-tyrosine ethyl ester
--433 - N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl
ester N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
1-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-indoline-(S)-2-carboxylate ethyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
N-iso-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N, N-di-n-propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
--434- N-benzyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(3,5-difluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(3-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophan methyl ester
N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclobexylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4

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N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-(2-phenylethyl)-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3
cyclohexylpropionate methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-serine ethyl ester
N-[(R)-ce-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
--435 -
N-[(S)-ci-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate
ethyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-methylpropionate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate
ethyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylqlycinamide N-[N-(isovaleryl)-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetyll-L-alanine
ethvl ester
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninylj
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(3-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
methyl ester N-[N-(2-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester N-[N-(4-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(2
fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
--436- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3
phthalimidopropionate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine neopentyl
ester N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylqlycine tert-butyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
ester 4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-tert
butoxybutyryl]morpholine
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucinyl]morpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucine
N-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-threoninyl]-L-valine ethyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
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N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylqlycine methyl ester

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N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
--437- N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
3-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyllthiazolidine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-(R)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide 1
-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninyl]pyrrolidine
N-(S)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl
ester N-2-fluoroethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminobutyramide
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminopentanamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
fluorophenyl) acetate methyl ester
--438- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienvl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(5
chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-2
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetate, methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl) acetic acid
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(IH-tetrazol-5
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(6-methoxy-2
naphthyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4,5,6,7
tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3
bIthiophen-2-y1) acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol
4-y1)acetate methyl ester
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ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester <math>N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester

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(3S, 4S) -N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-4-amino-3-hydroxy
5-phenylpentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate
methyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2
(4-phenylphenyl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-Butyl Ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester is N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyll-L-
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)glycinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
--440- N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine
methyl ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-N-methylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-hydroxyproline ethyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-lysine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-glutamide
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester
N-[(S)-3-hydroxy-6-methylhept-2-yl]-NI7(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenyleth-1-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ci-fluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyl-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[(IR,2S)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide
-441 - N-[(1R,2S) - 1-hydroxy - 1,2-diphenyleth-2-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide N-[(1 S,2R)- 1 -hydroxy- 1
-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninamide
N-2-methoxyethyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] glycinamide
N-[(S)-ce-hydroxy-ot-phenyl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N+S)-2-hydroxy-
1,2-diphenylethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide N-(S)-1
-hydroxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[ct-hydroxy-ce'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[a-hydroxy-a'-pyrid-2-yl-iso-propyll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
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alaninamide
N-[ci-hydroxy-a'-pyrid-4-yl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-I
alaninamide N-[(S)- I
-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[u-methoxy-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Nj I
-hydroxy-3-methyl-but-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2
yl)acetate methyl ester N-[1-
hydroxy-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-methoxy- I-phenyleth- 1 -yl]-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
--442-N-[(S)-I
-methoxy-2-phenyi-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[(S)- 1 -acetoxyhex-2-yl]-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-1-(tert-butylcarbonyloxy)-hex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl) L-alaninamide N-[2-hydroxy-1
-(thien-2-yl)ethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N+S)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1 -phenylprop- 1-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(thien-2-yl)glycinyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylqlycinyl]-L-phenylqlycinoI
N-[N-(cyclopropaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinoI
N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinoI
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-phenylglycinyl]-D,L phenylglycinamide
N-{N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-valinyll-D,L-phenylqlycinamide
N-[N-(2-thienylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(n-caprotyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norleucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norvalinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-tert-leucinyl]-L-phenylqlycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-cyclohexylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
--443-
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyll-L
phenylqlycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-3-yl)acetyl]-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine tert
butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[N-(teri-butylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-teri-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert~butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(thien-2
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yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2
yl)qlycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(thien-3
yl)glycinamide
--444-
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2
yl) glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(5
chlorothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-4
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
(phenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-(S)-(-)-a-methylbenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-\text{tert-butyl-}N'-[N-(3,5-\text{difluorophenylacetyl})-L-\text{alaninyl}]-L-4
(ethyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(benzyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
bromophenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(cyclohexyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(4
ethylphenyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(tert
butyl)phenylglycinamide
--445- N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-3-(4
chlorophenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(phenyl)phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-a-hydroxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce,ci-difluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyll
L phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[(S)-1-oxo-1-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(pyrid-3-yl)qlycine tert
butyl ester [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(2 methoxy)phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butoxycarbonyl(hydroxyl amine) ester
N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylqlycinamide
N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-methoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinyl]azetidine
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N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
--446-
N-cyclopropanemethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
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N-furfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L

N-cyclopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L phenylglycinamide N-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylglycinamide N-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylglyc

difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycinamide

-benzylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll

N-2-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N-4-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L

--447- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine hydrazide N-(1-ethoxyethen-1-yl)-[N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L phenylglycine hydrazide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine

N-3-(4-iodophenoxy)propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll

N-1-(phthalimido)pent-2-yl-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluoroph

N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester <math>N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine iso propyl ester <math>N-(isopropyl) N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide <math>N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine tert-butyl ester <math>N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine

N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine iso-butyl ester <math>N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycine methyl ester <math>N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(3-oz-phenyl)proline

--448- N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-azetidine methyl

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4

ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(5

chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester

N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L phenylglycinamide

-ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L

N-tert-butoxy-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N-4-(phenyl)butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L

N-6-(amino)hexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L

N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-norleucine

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide

tert-butyl ester

phenylglycinamide

tert-butyl ester

methyl ester

L-phenylglycinamide

phenylglycinamide N- 1

D. L-phenvlglycinamide

phenylglycinamide N- I

alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide

N-tert butyl(hydroxylamine) ester

phenylglycinamide Hydrochloride

difluorophenyl) glycine methyl ester

N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N-2-methylprop-2-enyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N-(pyrid-3-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L

N-(pyrid-4,-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L

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y1)propionate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-[N-(3,4-dichlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-bromophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(4-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-trifluoromethylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide N-[N-(1
-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-p henylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
furanyl) acetamide
--449- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylqlycinamide
N'-[N-(3,4-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanin-N
methylsulfonamide
N'l-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
glycinamide
N'l-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylqlycinamide
N"-methyl-N"-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide
N"-4-fluorobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(4-fluoro)phenylglycine is
neopentyl ester
N-[N-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3
yl)glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(pyrid-3-yl)qlycine tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)serinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)threoninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-threoninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-serinyll-L-phenylqlycine methyl
ester N"-4-methylphenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N"-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
--450- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenyl
glycinamide
{\tt N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methionyl]-L-phenylglycinamide}
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N~-[N~(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(R)-ci-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide Nj I-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylbutan-
1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide Nj 1
-phenyl-2-oxo-propan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[1 -phenyl-2-oxo-pentan- 1 -yl]-N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
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-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl) L alaninamide NJI
-phenyl-2-oxo-butan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L alaninamide
Nj I-phenyl-2-oxo-4-methylpentan- 1 -yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)
L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alani.nyll-L-oz-hydroxyphenylalanine
methyl ester N''-[4-((2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyl)-NHC(0)-)butyl] N'-[N-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(S)-l-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl)
acetyl)-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N\sim-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-phenylphenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
--451 - [N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(2,3-benzo[blproline)
methyl ester
N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-n
butylphenylglycinamide
N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
(phenylacetenyl) phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinthioamide
N-[1,3-diphenyl-2-oxo-propan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide Nj 1 -phenyl-2-oxo-2-cyclopentylethan- I -yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Nj I -phenyl-2-oxo-hexan- I
-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylpentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N"-n-hexyl-6-biotinamidyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
D, L-phenylglycinthioamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyll-L-methionine
N'-[N-(2-tert-BOC-amino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N11-tert-butyl N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
fluorophenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-2-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[(S)-1 -phenyl-2-oxo-3-phenylpropan- I -yl]-N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
--452 - N'- [N-(3,5 -di fluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3 -ylglycinyl] -L-2
phenylglycine
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyll-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[2-hydroxy-1-(S)phenyleth-1-yl]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide N-[2-hydroxyeth- I
-yl]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-di fluorophenyl -2-oxo-acetyl)-L-alani nyl] -L-2-phenyl
glycine tert-butyl ester
[N-(2,5-dichlorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
[N-(3,5-difluorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
[N-(3,4-dichlorothiophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester [N-(3-aminoproprionyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butYl
ester; and
[N-(3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)propionyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester.
61. A compound of formula 1:
XF X11 0 R4R5
R1Z N*~
ΙX
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alaninamide N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan- 1

wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic; R 2 is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkynyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic;

--453 - each R 3 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and methyl and R 3 together with R4 can be fused to form a cyclic structure of from 3 to 8 atoms which is optionally fused with an aryl or heteroaryl. group; each R 4 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl. and substituted alkynyl; each R' is selected from hydrogen and methyl or together with R 4 forms a cycloalkyl group of from 3 to 6 carbon atoms; X is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)Y and -C(S)Y where Y is selected from the group consisting of (a) alkyl or cycloalkyl, (b) substituted alkyl with the proviso that the substitution on said substituted alkyl do not include ci-haloalkyl, a-diazoalkyl, ci OC(0)alkyl, or cz-OC(0)aryl groups, (c) alkoxy or thioalkoxy, (d) substituted alkoxy or substituted thioalkoxy, (e) hydroxy, (f) aryl, (g) heteroaryl, (h) heterocyclic, (i) -NR'R" where R' and R" are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, substituted alkyl, substituted alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, where one of R' or R" is hydroxy or alkoxy, and where R' and R" are joined to form a cyclic group having from 2 to 8 carbon atoms optionally containing 1 to 2 additional heteroatoms selected from oxygen, sulfur and nitrogen and optionally substituted with one or more alkyl, alkoxy or carboxylalkyl groups, 0) -NHSO2-RI where R' is selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic,

--454- (k) -NR9NWOR10 where R9 is hydrogen or alkyl, and each R` is independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclic, and (1) -ONR9[C(0)01,R'O where z is zero or one, R9 and R` are as defined above; X can also be -CRWY' where each R' is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic and Y' is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, thiol, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy, thioalkoxy, substituted thioalkoxy, -OC(O)R 7, -SSR 7, -SSC(O)W where R7 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic, X' is hydrogen, hydroxy, or fluoro; X" is hydrogen, hydroxy or fluoro, or X' and X" together form an oxo group, Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-, oxygen and sulfur; n is an integer equal to 1 or 2; and pharmaceutical ly acceptable salts thereof with the provisos that:

A. when R' is phenyl or 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3, R 5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and is 1, then X is not -C(O)OH; B. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is -CH(OH)CH3 derived from D-threonine, R' is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -QO)OH or -C(O)OCH3; C. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X is methoxycarbonyl, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R' is not methyl;

--455 - D. when R' is iso-propyl, R' is -CH2C(O)NH2, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is iso-butyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; E. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)OCH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R3, the nitrogen atom attached to R 3, and R 4 do not form

1,2,3,4-tetrahydroiso-quinolin-2 yl or pyrrolidin-2-yl; F. when R' is phenyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -Q0)0CH3, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then R4 is not 4-amino-n-butyl; G. when R' is 3-nitrophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is

-CH(OH)CH3, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(0)N142 or -CH2014; H. when R' is phenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X is -CH20CH3, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then W is not benzyl or ethyl; 1. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is methyl, R 4 is methyl, R5 is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOH(~; J. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CHOHO or -CH20H; K. when R, is N-(2-pyrrolidinortyl), R2 'Smethyl, R3 is hydrogen, R4 is benzyl, R' is hydrogen, X' and V are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -Q0)OCH3; L. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl derived from D-alanine, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(O)NH benzyI; M. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R 4 is hydrogen, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -CH20F1;

- --456- N. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R' is methyl, R' is hydrogen, R4 is 4-phenylphenyl, R5 is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(0) NHC(CH)3; and 0. when R' is 3,5-difluorophenyl, R 2 is methyl, R 3 is hydrogen, R4 is phenyl derived from D-phenylglycine, R' is hydrogen, X' and X" are hydrogen, Z is a bond, and n is 1, then X is not -C(0) NHCH(CH3)0.
- 62. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' is an unsubstituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW-. 63. The compound according to Claim 62 wherein the unsubstituted R' aryl group is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, l-naphthyl and 2 naphthyl.
- 64. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' is a substituted aryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 65. The compound according to Claim 64 wherein said substituted aryl group is a monosubstituted, di-substituted or tri-substituted phenyl group.
- 66. The compound according to Claim 65 wherein the substituted phenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of 4-fluorophenyl, 4 chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 3-methoxy phenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 3 thiomethoxyphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-hydroxy phenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3,4 difluorophenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, 3,4-dibromophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4 methylene-dioxyphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 3,5-dichlorophenyl, 2,4 dichlorophenyl, and 2,5-difluorophenyl.
- --457- 67. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' is an alkaryl group and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 68. The compound according to Claim 67 wherein the R' alkaryl group is selected from the group consisting of benzyl, 2-phenylethyl, and 3 phenyl-n proPY1.
- 69. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl and cycloalkenyl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 70. The compound according to Claim 69 wherein R' is alkyl.
- 71. The compound according to Claim 69 wherein R' is cycloalkyl.

- 72. The compound according to Claim 69 wherein R' is alkenyl.
 73. The compound according to Claim 69 wherein R' is cycloalkenyl.
- 74. The compound according to Claim 69 wherein the R' alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl and cycloalkenyl groups are selected from the group consisting of iso-propyl, n-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, tert butyl,
- -CH2CH=CH2, -CH2CH=CH(CH2)4CH3, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohex-l-enyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclobutyl,
- -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2-cyclopentyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2CH2 cyclobutyl, -CH2CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2CH2-cyclopentyl, aminomethyl, and N-tert-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl.
- 75. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-.
- --458 76. The compound according to Claim 75 wherein the R' heteroaryl and substituted heteroaryl groups are selected from the group consisting of pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl, pyrid-4-yl, fluoropyridyls (including 5 fluoropyrid-3-yl), chloropyridyls (including 5-chloropyrid-3-yl), thien-2-yl, thien-3-yl, benzothiazol-4-yl, 2-phenylbenzoxazol-5-yl, furan-2-yl, benzofuran-2-yl, thionaphthen-2-yl, 2-chlorothiophen-5-yl, 3-methylisoxazol-5-yl, 2 (thiophenyl)thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxythionaphthen-2-yl, 3-phenyl-1,2,4 thiooxadiazol-5-yl and 2-phenyloxazol-4-yL 77. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R 2 is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclic.
- 78. The compound according to Claim 77 wherein R 2 is selected from the group consisting of methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, iso-propyl, n-butyl, iso-butyl, sec-butyl, phenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 3,5-difluoro-phenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, benzyl, cyclopropyl, cyclohexyl, cyclopentyl, cycloheptyl, thien-2-yl, thien-3 Y13 -CH2CH2SCH3Y -CH2OCH2O, -CH(CH3)OCH2~b, -CH(OH)CH3 and -CH2OH.
- 79. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein X' and X" are hydrogen and Z is a bond covalently linking R' to -CXW'-. 80. The compound according to Claim 79 wherein R' is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl or together with R' and the nitrogen to which R' is attached forms pyrrolidin-2-yl, 2,3-dihydroindol-2-yl, piperidin 2-yl, 4-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-2-yl and 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-3-yl.
- 81. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein R' substituents are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, iso propyl,
- --459- n-propyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, iso-butyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, allyl, iso-but-2 enyl, 3-methylpentyl, -CH2-cyclopropyl, -CH2-cyclohexyl, -CH2-indol-3-yl, phenyl, p-(phenyl)phenyl, m-(phenyl)phenyl, o-fluorophenyl, m fluorophenyl, p-fluorophenyl, p-bromophenyl, m-methoxyphenyl, p-methoxyphenyl, phenethyl, benzyl, m-hydroxybenzyl, p-hydroxybenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl, m-trifluoromethylphenyl, p-(CH3) 2NCH2CH2CH2O-benzyl, p-(CH3) 3COC(O) CH2O-benzyl, p-phenylphenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, p-(HOOCCH2O)-benzyl, 2-aminopyrid-6-yl, 4-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O) benzyl, -CH2CH2C(O)NH2, -CH2-'midazol-4-yl, -CH2-(3-tetrahydrofuranyl), CH2-thien-2-yl, -CH2-thiazol-4-yl, -CH2(1-methyl)cyclopropyl, -CH2-thien 3-yl, thien-3-yl, thien-2-yl, -CH2-C(O)O-t-butyl, -CH2-C(CH3)3, CH2CH(CH2CH3)2, 2-methylcyclopentyl, -cyclohex-2-enyl, -CH[CH(CH3)21COOCH3, -(CH2)2SCH3,

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-CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -CH2C(CH3)=CH2, -CH2CH=CHCH3 (cis and trans),
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- -CH2OH, -CH(OH)CH3, -CH(O-t-butyl)CH3, -CH2OCH3, -(CH2)4NH-Boc,
- -(CH2)4NH2, -(CH2)4N(CH3)2, -CH2-Pyridyl, pyridyl, -CH2-naphthyl, -CH2 (N morpholino), p-(N-morpholino-CH2CH2O)-benzyl, benzo[blthiophen-2-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, 5-chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, 4,5,6,7 tetrahydrobenzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, benzo[blthiophen-3-yl, tetrazol-5-yl, 5 chlorobenzo[b]thiophen-3-yl, benzo[b]thiophen-5-yl, 6-methoxynaphth-2-yl,
- -CH2-N-phthalimidyl, 2-methylthiazol-4-yl, and thieno[2,3-b]thiophen-2 yl, 5-bromothien-2-yl, 4-bromothien-2-yl, 5-chlorothien-2-yl, 3 phenoxyphenyl, 2-phenoxyphenyl, 4-ethylphenyl, 2-benzylphenyl, (4-ethylphenyl) phenyl, 4 tert butylphenyl, 4-n-butylphenyl, o-(4-chlorophenoxy) phenyl, furan-2-yl, and 4 phenylacetylenylphenyl.
- 82. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CXX"- and R4 and R' are fused to form a cycloalkyl group selected from the group consisting of cyclopropyl and cyclobutyl.
- --460-83. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R1 to -CX'X''-, X is -C(O)Y and Y is selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, alkoxy or substituted alkoxy.
- 84. The compound according to Claim 83 wherein Y is alkoxy or substituted alkoxy selected from the group consisting of methoxy, ethoxy, n propoxy, iso-propoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, tert-butoxy, neo-pentoxy, benzyloxy, 2-phenylethoxy, 3-phenyl-n-propoxy, 3-iodo-n-propoxy, 4-bromo n butoxy, -ONHC(O)OC(CH3)3, -ONHC(CH3)3 and hydroxy.
- 85. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein Z is a covalent bond linking R' to -CXX''-, X is -C(0)Y and Y is -NR'R''.
- 86. The compound according to Claim 85 wherein Y is selected from the group consisting of amino (-NH2), -NH(iso-butyl),
- -N-H(sec-butyl), N-methylamino, N,N-dimethylamino, N-benzylamino, N-morpholino, azetidino, N-thiomorpholino, N-piperidinyl, N-hexamethyleneimino, N-heptamethylene-imino, N-pyrrolidinyl, -NH methally], -NHCH2-(furan-2-yl), -NHCH2-cyclopropyl, -NH(tert-butyl), NH(p methylphenyl), -NHOCH3, -NHCH2(n-fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2OCH3, -NH cyclopentyl, -NH-cyclohexyl, -NHCH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2C(CH3)3, -NHCH2 (pyrid-2-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-3-yl), -NHCH2-(pyrid-4-yl), N-thiazolindinyl,
- -N(CH2CH2CH3)2, -N[CH2CH(CH3)212, -NHOH, -NH(p-NO2-4~), -N14CH2(P NO2-0), -NHCH2(m-NO2-0), -N(CH3)OCH3, -N(CH3)CH2-0, -NHCH2-(3,5-di fluorophenyl), -NHCH2CH2F, -NHCHAP-CH30-0, -NHCH2(m-CH30-0),
- -NHCH2(p-CF3-0), -N(CH3)CH2CH2OCH3, -NHCH2CH2O, -NHCH(CH3)0, -NHCH2-(p-F-0), -N(CH3)CH2CH2N(CH3)2, -NHCH2-(tetrahydrofuran-2-y1),
- -NHCH2(p-trifluoromethylphenyl), -NHCH2C(CH3)=CH2, -NH-[(p benzyl)pyrid-4-yl], -NH+2,6-dimethyl)pyrid-4-yl1, -NH-(2 methylcyclohexyl),
- -NH-(4-methylcyclohexyl), -NH-[N-ethoxycarbonyll-piperidin-4-yl,
- -NHOC(CH3)3, -NHCH2CH2CH2CH2-0, -C(O)NH(CH2)30-(p-CH3)0,
- --461 -
- -C(O)NH(CH2)6NH2, -NH-(tetrahydrofuran-2-yl), -N(CH3)q5l -l'~H(CH2)4"4HC(O)-(2-hydroxy-4-azido)-phenyI and -NH(CH2)6

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87. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein X is -C(0)Y and Y is
selected from the group consisting of -CH2CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2OH,
-CH (OH) CH2CH2CH (CH3) 2, -CH (OH) O, -CH (OH) CH2C (O) OCH3,
-C(OH)(CH3)2, -CH20CH3, -CH20O0)0CH3, and -CH20C(O)C(CH3)3, methyl,
ethyl, iso-propyl, n-propyl, iso-butyl, n-butyl, sec-butyl, tert butyl,
CH2CH2CH(CH3)2, -CH2-pyridy-2-yl, -CH2-pyridy-3-yl,
-CH2-pyridy-4-yl, -CH2-fur-2-yl, benzyl, cyclopentyl, phenyl, and
-NH-S02-CH3.
88. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein Z is a covalent bond
linking R' to -CXX"-. 89. The compound according to Claim 61 wherein the
compound of formula I is selected from the group consisting of:
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-histidine methyl
ester N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)_i-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino) ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-(4-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
--462- N-(3-pyridyl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(4-pyridyl) methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminohexanoate tert
butyl ester N-[N-(pent-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(dec-4-enoyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[3-(N,N
dimethylamino) propoxylphenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-[(tert
butyloxycarbonyl)methoxylphenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4
(carboxymethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(2
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-6-(N,N
dimethylamino) hexanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(3
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(4
pyridyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3 methoxypropionate
methyl ester
--463- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3
morpholinopropionate methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-(2
morpholinoethoxy) phenylalaninamide
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amino-3-methoxypropionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]qlycine methyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(4-pyridyl)propionamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2
amino-3-(2-pyridyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4
y1)propionate methyl ester 2-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-
1,2,3,4 tetrahydroisoguinoline-3-carboxylate methyl ester
N-(3-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(1
naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2)
naphthyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(2
thienyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine benzyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine 3-bromo
propyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
3 iodopropyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucine
tert-butyl ester
--464- N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2~(2
pyridyl)acetamide N'-[
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3 pyridyl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L
lysine methyl ester methyl
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-4 phenylbutanoate
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllglycine 2-phenylethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]qlycine 3-phenylpropyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4
pyridyl)acetamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-threonine methyl
ester N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide is
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl)-L-valinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(3-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-methyl-N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaniny-11-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylaianinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N~-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-leucinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalaninamide
N-methyl-N~-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
--465- N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminohexanamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohexanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
methoxyphenyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4-pyridyl)acetate
ethyl ester N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohex-1-enylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-l-aminocyclopropane-l
carboxylate methyl ester N-2-(N,N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5
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N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5~difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2

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N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-{N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllqlycine benzyi ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]glycine ethyl ester
N-hydroxy-N'-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D, L-threoninamide
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
--466- N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(3
hydroxyphenyl)propionate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tyrosine ethyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alanine iso-butyl
ester N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
1-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-indoline-(S)-2-carboxylate ethyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alaninamide
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N, N-di-n-propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valinamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylqlycinyll-L-alaninYll-L-phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninamide
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alaninamide
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
--467-
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-nitrophenyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-benzyl-N-methyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(3,5-difluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-(3-nitrobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide
N-(4-nitrobenzyl)-N'-(N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophan methyl ester
N-(4-methoxybenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalaninyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(cyclohexylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-(2-phenylethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-tryptophanamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3
cyclohexylpropionate methyl ester
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difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide

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--468-
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
amino-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propionamide
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-serine ethyl ester
N-[(R)-ci-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-fluorobenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-(4-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-(4-trifluoromethylbenzyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-phenylpropionate
ethyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butvl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-methylpropionate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetate
ethyl ester
N-(2-methoxyethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluoro.phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(isovaleryl)-2-amino-2-cyclohexylacetyll-L-alanine
ethyl ester N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino)
ethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-(2-pyridylmethyl)-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylqlycinamide N-[N-(3-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine
methyl ester N-[N-(2-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl
ester
--469- N-[N-(4-pyridylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(4
fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2
fluorophenyl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-alanine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-3
phthalimidopropionate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine neopentyl
ester N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine ethyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-threonine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl
ester 4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-3-tert
butoxybutyryllmorpholine
·4-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-isoleucine
N-[N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-threoninyl]-L-valine ethyl
ester
--470- N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate
methyl ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-2-(N, N-dimethylamino)ethyl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninamide
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N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
3-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninyllthiazolidine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl
ester N-(R)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide 1
-[N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-alaninyl]pyrrolidine
N-(S)-sec-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
alaninamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl
ester N-2-fluoroethyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-6-methyl-3-oxohept-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
--471 -
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminobutyramide
N-4-nitrobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2
aminopentanamide N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
fluorophenyl)acetate methyl ester N'-[
N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(5
chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-2
y0acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-3
vl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-thienyl)acetate
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(benzothiophen-5
yl)acetate ethyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
thienyl)acetate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2
thienyl)acetic acid
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(IH-tetrazol-5
yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2-(6-methoxy-2
naphthyl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(3
trifluoromethylphenyl)acetate methyl ester
-472-N-[N-(3.5-difluorophenylacetyl)~L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(4.5,6.7)
tetrahydrobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-2-amino-2-(thieno[2,3
blthiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(2-methylthiazol
4-y1)acetate methyl ester
(3S, 4S) -N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-4-amino-3-hydroxy
5-phenylpentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminohex-4-enoate
methyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-2
(4-phenylphenyl)acetamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-aminobutanoyll-L-phenylglycine
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N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alaninamide

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tert-Butyl Ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyl]-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)glycinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-alanine methyl ester
--473- N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-leucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-isoleucine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-proline methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-N,-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-L-lysine methyl
ester N-[N~(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-valine methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminobutanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-aminopentanoate methyl ester
N-[N-(3-nitrophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-valine
N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-N-methylalanine methyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(isovaleryl)-L-isoleucinyl]-L-alanine iso-butyl ester
N-Cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-hydroxyproline ethyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-lysine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-glutamide
1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyllpiperidine-2-carboxylate
methyl ester
N-[(S)-3-hydroxy-6-methylhept-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-1-phenyleth-1-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
--474-
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-a-fluoroacetyl)-L-alaniny]-L-phenylglycine
ten-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-(S)-aminocyclohexylacetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[(1R,2S)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide N-[(IR,2S)-l-hydroxy-1,2-diphenyleth-2-yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(1S,2R)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylprop-2-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide
N-2-methoxyethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] glycinamide
N-[(S)-a-hydroxy-a-phenyl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[(S)-2-hydroxy-
1,2-diphenylethyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide N-[(S)-1
-hydroxyhex-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenYlacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[ce-hydroxy-a'-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-2-pyridylmethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylalaninamide
N-[a-hydroxy-ce'-pyrid-2-yl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[ce-hydroxy-ci'-pyrid-4-yl-iso-propyl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[(S)- I
-hydroxy-4-methylpent-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
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N-[a-methoxy-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide Nj 1
-hydroxy-3-methyl-but-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
--475-
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-2-(6-aminopyrid-2
vl)acetate methyl ester
N-[1-hydroxy-prop-2-yll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-2-methoxy-1-phenyleth-1-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-1-methoxy-2-phenyi-prop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[(S)-1-acetoxyhex-2-y1]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[(S)-1-(tert-butylcarbonyloxy)-hex-2-yl]-N-(3,5 difluorophenylacetyl)
L-alaninamide N-[2-hydroxy+ 1
-(thien-2-yl)ethyll-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N+S)-2-hydroxy-2-methyl- 1 -phenylprop- I -yl]-N-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(thien-2-yl)glycinyl]-L-phenylalanine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycinol
N-[N-(cyclopropaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycinoI
N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinoI
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-phenylglycinyll-D,L phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-valinyl]-D,L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-thienylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(n-caprotyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norleucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-norvalinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
--476- N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-tert-leucinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-isoleucinyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-cyclohexylalaninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(cyclopropyl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-3-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-(S)-2-amino-2-(thien-2-yl)acetyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-(4-fluorophenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(4-methoxyphenyl)glycinyll-L
phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine tert
butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyll-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester N-[N-(tert-butylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(5
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4
bromothien-2-yl)glycinamide
--477-
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(thien-2
yl)glycinamide
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N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-(thien-2
yl)qlycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(thien-3
vl)glvcinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-(thien-2
vl)qlycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(5
chlorothien-2-yl)glycinamide
N-Cyclohexyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-4
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
(phenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-(S)-(-)-ce-methylbenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-3
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4
(ethyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-2
(benzyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-4
bromophenylglycinamide
--478- N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4
(cyclohexyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-(4
ethylphenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4-(tert
butyl)phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-3-(4
chlorophenoxy) phenylglycinamide
N-cyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4
(phenyl) phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ce-hydroxyacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-a,oe-difluoroacetyl)-L-alaninyl] L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylqlycine tert-butyl
ester N-[(S)- 1-oxo-l-phenylprop-2-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
butyl ester [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinyllmorpholine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-(2 methoxy)phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butoxycarbonyl(hydroxyl amine) ester
N-neopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
--479- N-methoxy-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide [N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinyllazetidine
N-iso-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-cyclopropanemethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
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phenylglycinamide
N-methoxy-N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-2-methylprop-2-enyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylqlycinamide
N-(pyrid-3-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-(pyrid-4-yl)methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-furfuryl-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-cyclopentyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide N- I
-benzylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phenylqlycinamide
N, N-dimethyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L
phenylglycinamide
N-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-2-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-4-methylcyclohexyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
--480- N- I -ethoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-yl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacety
alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinamide
N-methyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L\ phenylglycinamide
N-tert-butoxy-N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L
phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-phenylglycine N-tert
butyl(hydroxylamine) ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine hydrazide
N-(l-ethoxyethen-1-yl)-[N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycine hydrazide N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-4-(phenyl)butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide N-3-(4-iodophenoxy)propyl-N'-[N-(3,5-
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl] L-phenylglycinamide N-6- (amino)
hexyl-N'- [N-(3,5 -difluorophenylacetyl)-L~alaninylj -D, L
phenylglycinamide Hydrochloride
N-I-(phthalimido)pent-2-yl-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyl)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll)glycinyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluorophenyll-L-(3,5-difluor
difluorophenyl) glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-norleucine
N-[N-(cyclopentaneacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-fluorophenylglycine iso
propyl ester N-(isopropyl) N1-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide N-[N-(cyclopentylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanine
tell-butyl ester N-[N-(cyclopropylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylaianine
tert-butyl ester
--481 - N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine
iso-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(3-a-phenyl)proline methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-Difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-azetidine methyl
ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-2-amino-3-(5
chlorobenzothiophen-2-yl)acetate methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-(S)-2-amino-3-(thiazol-4
y1)propionate tert-butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-(thien-2-yl)glycinamide
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N-[N-(3-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-bromophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(4-fluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(4-methylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-trifluoromethylphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3-methoxyphenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-chlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(l-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(2-naphthylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
--482- N-[N-(phenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycine
N-{N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl}-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-(S)-2-amino-2-(2)
furanyl)acetamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,4-difluorophenylacetyl)-D-alaninyll-D-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylalanin-N
methylsulfonamide
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]
glycinamide
N"-methyl-N"-phenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N"-methyl-N"-benzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
glycinamide
N"-4-fluorobenzyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(4-fluoro)phenylglycine
neopentyl ester
N-[N-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(pyrid-3)
yl)glycine methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-(pyrid-3-yl)glycine tert
butyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)serinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-(0-benzyl)threoninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
--483 - N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-threoninyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-serinyll-L-phenylglycine
methyl ester
N"-4-methylphenyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
\label{lem:normalized} \verb"N"-tetrahydrofurfuryl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L" and the state of the stat
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-4-fluorophenyl glycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methionyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-2-aminobutanoyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-phenylglycinyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-valinyll-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(R)-a-methylbenzyl]-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L
phenylglycinamide
N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylbutan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-propan-
1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-pentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)~L
alaninamide
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L
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N-[N-(3,4-dichlorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D-phenylglycinamide

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alaninamide N-[1-phenyl-2-oxo-butan-
1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[l-phenyl-2-oxo-4-methylpentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-acetyl)
L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-ot-hydroxyphenylalanine
methyl ester
-484 - N'' - [4 - ((2-hydroxy - 4-azido) - phenyl) - NHC(0) -) butyl] N' - [N - (3, 5) - N' - [N - (3, 5) - N' -
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycinamide
N-[(S)-1-phenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluorophenyl-ethan-1-yl)-N'-(3,5-difluoropheny
acetyl)-L-alaninamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-fluorophenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-phenylphenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-(2,3-benzo[blproline) methyl
ester N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-4-n
butylphenylglycinamide
N"-tert-butyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D,L-4
(phenylacetenyl) phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-D, L-phenylglycinthioamide
N-[1,3-diphenyl-2-oxo-propan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-2-cyclopentylethan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide N-[l-phenyl-2-oxo-hexan-
1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L alaninamide
N-[I-phenyl-2-oxo-3-methylpentan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
alaninamide
N'f-n-hexyl-6-biotinamidyl-N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll
D, L-phenylglycinthioarnide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-methioninyl]-L-methionine
NI-[N-(2-tert-BOC-amino)propionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester N"-tert-butyl N~-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-2
fluorophenylglycinamide
--485 - N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyll-D,L-2-phenylglycine
methyl ester N-[(S)-l-phenyl-2-oxo-3-phenylpropan-1-yl]-N'-(3,5)
difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninamide
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2
phenylglycine N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-D,
L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-D,L-2 phenylglycine tert-butyl ester
N\sim-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-L-2-phenylglycine
N-[N-(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-thien-3-ylglycinyl]-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
N-[2-hydroxy-1-(S)phenyleth-1-yl]-N--[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L
phenylglycinyl]-L-alaninamide
N-[2-hydroxyeth-1-y1]-N'-[(3,5-difluorophenylacetyl)-L-alaninyl]-L
phenylglycinamide
N'-[N-(3,5-difluorophenyl-2-oxo-acetyl)-L-alaninYll-L-2-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester
[N-(2,5-dichlorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
[N-(3,5-difluorophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl ester
[N-(3,4-dichlorothiophenoxyacetyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine methyl
ester [N-(3-aminoproprionyl)-L-alaninyll-L-phenylglycine tert-butyl
ester; and
[N-(3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)propionyl)-L-alaninyl]-L-phenylglycine
tert-butyl ester.
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